THE WEATHER
Fair Tuesday, cooler in Central and East. Wednesday fair.

THE MORNING STAR

10 Pages Today
ONE SECTION

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OUR GREAT BATTLESHIPS ARE BUT ENGINES TO PROMOTE THE INTEREST OF HUMANITY—WILSON

The President Reviews the Atlantic Fleet and Addresses Throngs.

A TRIBUTE TO DANIELS

Tells What the Country and Its Navy Stand For—Moral Principle.

REVIEWS LAND PARADE

Progress Through New York Streets Continuous Ovation.

New York, May 17. — President Wilson today reviewed the Atlantic fleet in the Hudson river and, at a luncheon tendered to him on shore by the city of New York, told a distinguished gathering what the country and its navy stood for. The great battleships that lay in the river, he said, were "engines to promote the interests of humanity."

"The inspiring thing about America," the President asserted, "is that she asks nothing for herself except what she has a right to ask for humanity itself."

What We Stand For!

"We want no nation's property; we wish to question no nation's honor; we wish to stand selfishly in the way of the development of no nation. * * *

"It is not pretention on our part to say that we are privileged to stand for what every nation would wish to stand for and speak for those things which all humanity must desire."

The spirit which brooded over the river today, said the President, was "just a solemn evidence that the force of America is the force of moral principle, that there is not anything else she loves, and that there is not anything else for which she will contend."

The President took occasion to pay tribute to Secretary of the Navy Daniels who sat beside him.

A Continuous Ovation.

Although the day was damp and chilly, with occasional downpours of rain, the weather abated in no way the enthusiasm with which New York greeted the head of the nation. In the forenoon he reviewed a land parade of 5,000 sailors and marines and from the moment he set foot on shore until he returned to the Mayflower to review the fleet, his progress through the streets was a continuous ovation. He was plainly touched by the welcome accorded him.

Everywhere a spirit of patriotism was shown. Many men and women seized every oppertunity to tell the President of their support in the present international crisis. Thousands stood in the chill drizle while the brigade of sailors and marines marched up Fifth avenue, and during the afternoon, with a cold damp wind blowing across the Hudson, and thousands more later thronged vantage points to watch the Mayflower as she passed up the river between the warships.

The President's remarks at the luncheon were greeted with tremendous applause. He was introduced by Acting Mayor George McAneny.

TEXT OF PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

The text of the President's address follows:

"Mr. Mayor, Mr. Secretary, Admiral Fletcher and Gentlemen of the Fleet:

"This is not an occasion upon which, it seems to me, it would be wise for me to make many remarks, but I would deprive myself of a great gratification if I did not express my pleasure at being here, my gratitude for the splendid reception which has been accorded me as the representative of the Nation and my profound interest in the navy of the United States.

"This is an interest with which I was apparently born, for it began when I was a youngster and has ripened with my knowledge of the affairs and policies of the United States. I think it is a natural, instructive judgment of the people of the United States that they may express their power appropriately in an efficient navy, and their interest is partly, I believe, because that navy somehow is expected to express their character, not within our own borders, where its character is understood, but outside our border, where it is hoped we may occasionally touch others with some slight vision of what America stands for.

Pays Tribute to Daniels.

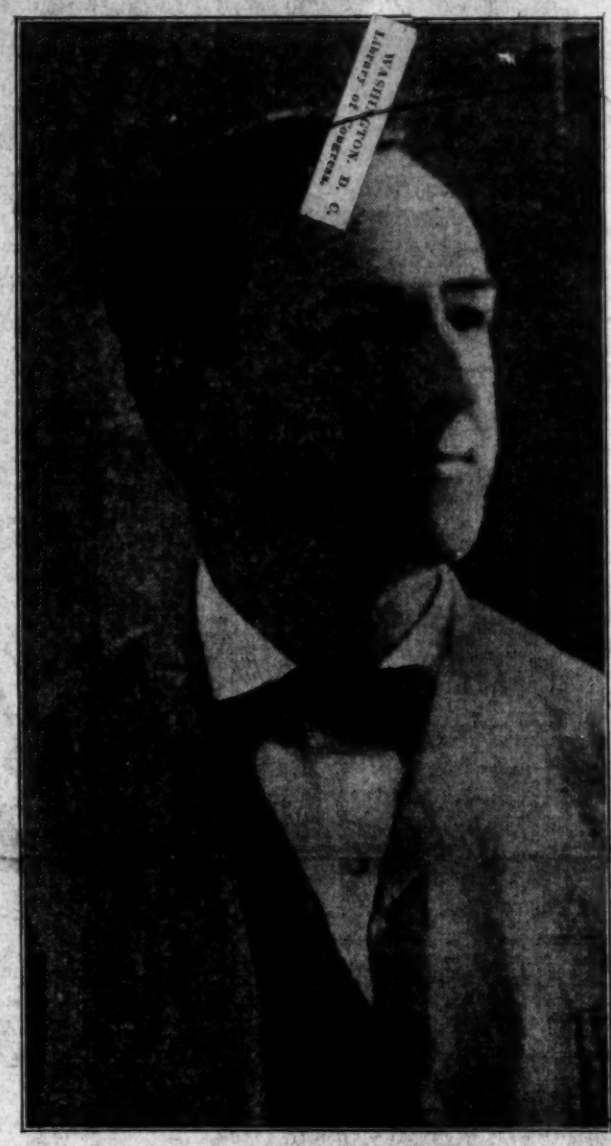
"But before I speak of the navy of the United States, I want to take advantage of the first public opportunity I have had to speak of the Secretary of the Navy, to express my confidence and my admiration, and to say that he has my unqualified support, for I have counselled with him in intimate fashion.

"I know how sincerely he has it at heart that everything the navy does and handles should be done and handled as the people of the United States wish them handled—because efficiency is something more than organization.

"Efficiency runs into every well considered detail of personnel and method. Efficiency runs to the extent of lifting the ideal of a service above every personal interest. So that when

(Continued on Page Two)

WILSON PAYS TRIBUTE TO DANIELS



"I want to take advantage of the first public opportunity I have had to speak of the Secretary of the Navy, to express my confidence and my admiration, and to say that he has my unqualified support, for I have counselled with him in intimate fashion.. I know how sincerely he has it at heart that everything the navy does and handles should be done and handled as the people of the United States wish them handled—because efficiency is something more than organization."—Extract from President Wilson's navy address.

PRESIDENT OF PORTUGUESE CABINET IS ASSASSINATED

His Assailant Shot Dead—Trouble Breaks Afresh in Lisbon.

Madrid, (via Paris), May 17.—Joao Chagas, president of the Portuguese cabinet, who was shot on a train while reports reaching here from Lisbon traveling from Operto to Lisbon died of his wounds, according to the latest

On a Midnight Train.

Lisbon, via London, May 17.—Joa Chagas, the new president of the cabinet, was shot four times with a pistol while on board the midnight train from Oporto. His assailant was Senator Freitas, who also was shot and wounded by a passenger on the train. Senor Chagas was taken to a hospital where it was announced that his condition was grave. In addition to other wounds he is suffering from a fracture of the skull.

Fighting in Lisbon Again.

Madrid, May 17, via Paris—Fighting in Lisbon has begun again according to the latest news reaching Badajos. Warships are bombarding the city. More than 100 persons have been killed, including several Spaniards.

The Spanish warships Espana and Rio de La Plata and a Spanish torpedo boat have arrived at Lisbon.

Trouble Breaks Out Afresh.

Paris, May 17.—Telegraphing from Lisbon at 3 o'clock this afternoon, the correspondent of the Havas Agency says:

"Trouble has broken out afresh. Senator Freitas, who shot and wounded Joa Chagas, the head of the new ministry, was shot dead by gendarmes."

Two Hundred Persons Killed.

Paris, May 17. — Lisbon newspapers —a Havas correspondent says—declare that General Pimenta Castro, president of the cabinet, asserted that when the revolutionary movement broke out he offered the collective resignation of the ministry to President D'Arriaga. It is added that General Castro assured the new cabinet of his loyalty.

Two hundred persons killed and 500 wounded are the reported results of the fighting. Most of the killed and the wounded belonged to the Republican Guard.

ANOTHER DELAY IN LONG PROCEEDINGS AGAINST THAW

Judge Issues an Order Staying All Habeas Corpus Proceedings.

New York, May 17.—An order issued late today by Presiding Justice Ingraham, in the appellate division of the Supreme court, staying all proceedings in the habeas corpus proceedings in which Harry K. Thaw seeks to have a jury in the Supreme court pass upon his sanity, brought another delay in the long drawn out proceedings against the slayer of Stanford White.

Thaw's case had been twice called during the day in the Supreme court and Justice Hendrick had postponed the case until tomorrow at the request of Deputy Attorney General Becker. The justice at the time stated that unless some action was taken in the meantime by the appellate division he would begin the hearing tomorrow.

The stay granted by the appellate division is part of an action begun by Frank A. Cook, of the attorney general's office. The order directs Thaw to show cause Friday morning why a stay should not issue pending the determination of an appeal taken by the attorney general from the decision of the appellate division last Friday in which the ruling issued by the Supreme court granting a jury hearing as to Thaw's sanity was upheld.

FOR UNITY OF ALL AMERICANS "AT THIS CRUCIAL PERIOD"

Illinois Catholic Union Adopts Resolutions.

Aurora, Ill., May 17.—The Illinois Catholic Union, formerly the German Catholic Federation, adopted a resolution here tonight favoring unity of all Americans "at this crucial period." The resolution which was adopted after a spirited discussion in German said:

"We solemnly recommend to all fellow citizens, whatever their birth or ancestry, to exercise at this crucial period, when the unity of the country is put to a severe test, mutual forbearance so that neither prejudice, distrust nor dissension may find Americans a separated and disunited people."

GERMANY EXPECTED TO REPLY TO NOTE BEFORE WEEK ENDS

Ambassador Gerard Given No Intimation of Feeling of German Government.

NOR OF THE PEOPLE

German and Austrian Ambassadors Trying Hard to Prevent a Rupture.

Washington, May 17.—Germany is expected to answer the Lusitania note before the end of this week. Ambassador Gerard cabled the State Department today that he had read the document to Herr Von Jagow, the German foreign minister, and that an early reply would be forthcoming.

The ambassador was given no intimation of the feeling of the German government. He was assured merely that the subject would require consideration by high officials and that a reply would be ready soon. As the press had not been permitted to publish the text of the note, the ambassador also was unable to report on the state of public opinion.

In the meantime, both Count Von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, and Dr. Constantin T. Dumba, the Austrian ambassador, are understood to be actively endeavoring to prevent a rupture of friendly relations between Germany and the United States.

Neither of the diplomats would discuss the subject today. Dr. Dumba conferred with Secretary Bryan and later with other officials at the State Department. It is known that he discussed informally the situation produced by the sinking of the Lusitania and the sending of the American note and it is understood also that Secretary Bryan apprised President Wilson of the substance of the conversation. Later Dr. Dumba conferred with Count von Bernstorff.

Both the Austrian and German ambassadors are understood to have telegraphed to their governments urging suspension of submarine attacks on passenger ships while the diplomatic discussions are in progress.

Extreme Care Cautioned.

They have cautioned extreme care lest the sinking of another ship with American lives aboard may lead to an immediate break in the relations of the United States with Germany.

Austria is watching with much interest the situation with which her ally is confronted and her influence is being used in the direction of assisting in a peaceful settlement. Neither the German nor the Austrian ambassador is informed yet as to the policy the German government finally will follow. That Count Bernstorff is endeavoring to secure the adoption of a policy by his government which will satisfy public opinion in Germany with reference to the continued use of the submarine as a commerce destroyer and still meet the American appeal for humane treatment of passengers, and crews of belligerent vessels is the prevalent belief in many quarters.

The general expectation here is that Germany will reiterate her willingness to abandon her present submarine warfare on merchant ships and follow the maritime prize laws, if neutrals will influence the Allies to permit the shipment of foodstuffs to civilians in belligerent territory. In this connection there has been some consideration in official quarters here as to the advisability of sending a note of protest to Great Britain against the actual operations of its fleet in enforcing the blockade with Germany.

While the United States recognized the right of the Allies to maintain an effective blockade of the German coast, it never has admitted their right to interrupt trade with neutral countries

(Continued on Page Eight.)

War News at a Glance

Victories in the West for the Allies and a continuation of the Austro-German drive in the East are chronicled in official reports of the various war chancellories.

Two miles of German trenches captured by the British first army in the region of Richebourg-L'Avoue, the taking of a large number of German prisoners and the annihilation of one German contingent numbering several hundred men, by their own artillery fire, are recorded by Field Marshal Sir John French and the Paris war office in announcing a further success for the British arms in France, north of LaBassee.

German positions, according to Paris, have been taken in the Ailly wood, German attacks near Berry-Au-Bac and on the outskirts of the Forest of LePretre were arrested by the fire of the French, while to the west of the Yser canal in Belgium, German positions have been evacuated owing to a threatened enveloping movement.

The Austrians in Central Galicia assert that they have advanced toward the upper Dneister and occupied Drohobycz, 40 miles southwest of Lemberg.

Italy's final decision is still being withheld. An announcement is expected with the convening of parliament Thursday. Revolutionists again are attacking Lisbon, aided by the warships, which are bombarding the city. More than 100 persons were injured.

Berlin newspapers have published a news agency version of the American note to Germany.

BITTERNESS SHOWN IN RIGGS BANK CASE

Opposing Lawyers Get Into a Heated Wrangle in Court.

CALLED DOWN BY JUDGE

Argument on Motions to Dismiss for Want of Jurisdiction is Begun —Government Property Involved One Argument.

Washington, May 17.—Arguing on motions by government counsel to dismiss for lack of jurisdiction the injunction suit brought by the Riggs National bank against Treasury officials began today in the District of Columbia Supreme court.

An indication of the bitterness with which the litigation will be fought developed soon after the case was called. The opposing lawyers engaged in a heated wrangle over publicity methods employed in the proceedings, on which Justice McCoy, presiding, called a halt with the announcement that "this court is not going to be used as a laboratory to test bad blood."

Louis Brandies, Samuel Untermeyer and associate counsel for Secretary McAdoo, Comptroller Williams and Treasurer John Burke, charged with conspiring to wreck the Riggs bank, filed briefs in support of their motions to dismiss the proceedings. They maintained that "the suit involves the property of the United States, is a suit against the United States," and that the government cannot be made a party to a suit without its consent.

The officers in their dealings with the bank, it was declared, acted in their official capacity and within the law.

The right of the bank to sue in equity also was challenged on the ground that it had an adequate remedy at law.

Frank J. Hogan for the bank, charged in his argument that a political aspect had been injected into the case and that most of the affidavits filed by Secretary McAdoo had nothing to do with the proceedings. He cited authorities to show that officials of the government may be made amenable to the court when they attempt to usurp authority, and asserted that Mr. McAdoo usurped authority by withholding $5,000 interest on bonds due the Riggs bank.

Referring to Comptroller Williams, Mr. Hogan said:

"We hale to the bar an individual who has abandoned being a law administrator and become a law violator."

The attorney dwelt at length on demands for information made on the bank by Mr. Williams. He said the directors of the bank last summer asked the comptroller just what he desired the bank to do, but that no advice or suggestions were received.

In demanding a penalty of $5,000 from the bank for failure to submit a report of the loans of the institution for 15 years, Mr. Hogan declared that Comptroller Williams made an erron-

(Continued on Page Eight.)

TEDDY READS WHILE BARNES TESTIFIES

Republican Boss Under Most Rigid Cross-Examination.

ON STAND THREE HOURS

Roosevelt's Lawyers Make Grilling Warm—Barnes Tells About Many Things—President Roosevelt "Used Telephone."

Syracuse, N. Y., May 1.—William Barnes was on the witness stand in the supreme court here more than three hours today, and submitted to the most rigid cross examination counsel for Theodore Roosevelt, defendant in his suit for libel, could devise.

Under a rapid fire of questions, the former chairman of the Republican state committee told about his interest in the anti-race track and direct primaries legislation; about buying and selling a contract for public printing; about what he considered a "legitimate piece of patronage" in the form of printing, and about a score of other things.

In answering one question regarding who was the Republican leader in New York state from 1906 to 1910, Mr. Barnes asserted that while Colonel Roosevelt actually didn't attend the state convention of 1908, he "used the telephone." The defendant then was president of the United States.

Mr. Barnes freely admitted that he had talked to Senator Gratton about the Hart-Agnew racing bill after Patrich McCarren, organization Democrat in the state senate, had informed him that a canvass had revealed that should Senator Grattan vote against the bill it would be defeated. Senator Grattan, according to the records, did so vote.

Mr. Barnes made no secret of the fact, that he was opposed to the Hinman-Green direct primary bill and he swort that the $20,000 claim he assigned to the Albany Journal Company, was not, as stated in the minute book of that corporation, for salary owed him by James B. Lyon, founder of the Albany printing concern which bears his name, but in reality was a debt owed to him by Lyon for a contract for public printing which the plaintiff purchased from the bidder who had secured it, and then re-sold.

Mr. Barnes said that orders for printing given out by the clerk of the assembly were considered "legitimate patronage." Patronage, the witness defined as being "anything given by favor." He said he at no time considered he should be especially favored, but he did object to being discriminated against in the matter of public printing. Mr. Barnes wrote a letter to Thomas C. Platt, and complained that the clerk of the assembly was about to deprive him of a "piece of legitimate patronage."

Colonel Roosevelt seemed to have lost some of his interest in Mr. Barnes' remarks. He read a magazine nearly all afternoon.

MANY REFORMS ARE URGED BY BAPTISTS

Southern Convention Creates Educational Commission.

ANNUAL MEETING ENDS

No Action Taken With Regard to the Baraca-Philathea Movement — Stand Taken for National Prohibition.

Houston, Texas, May 17. — The Southern Baptist Convention, at the final session of its 70th annual meeting here today, created an educational commission, pledged co-operation to the Anti-Saloon League of America and similar organizations, and adopted resolutions deploring the presence of a papal legatee at Washington and alleged "efforts of the Roman Catholic hierarchy to gain control of our government."

The educational commission will be composed of one representative from each State.

The convention took no action with regard to the Baraca and Philathea movement, opposition to which was expressed in a committee report. Discussion of the report was interrupted Saturday by a special order of business, and it was not again taken up.

Before giving its endorsement to the Anti-Saloon League, the convention voiced its objection to the "Centralized form of government," recently adopted by the league, by the insertion of a clause in the report of the committee on temperance and social service insisting that the league "be kept in harmony with our democratic institutions."

Each of the Southern Baptist churches is self-governing, and it was urged that the league be so constituted that each state organization be self-controlling.

The convention will meet next year in Asheville, N. C.

The report of the committee on temperance and social service was submitted by Chairman A. J. Barton, of Dallas, superintendent for Texas of the Anti-Saloon League of America. It devoted the greater part of its space to optimis-

(Continued on Page Eight)

NOTE NOT YET MADE PUBLIC IN GERMANY

Government "Not to be Disturbed From Any Side."

BERLIN PAPER COMMENT

Most Afternoon Papers Print a Version of Note, But Refrain from Comment—A Few Make Editorial Remarks.

Berlin, via London, May 17.—The American note to Germany has not been given out officially. The afternoon papers, however, print the version of the document as telegraphed by the Havas Agency. Most of them refrain from comment. The Lokal Anzeiger says:

"The German government certainly will not delay long with the answer requested and probably will reply that in occupying itself with its 'sacred duties' it is not to be disturbed from any side.

"That the American government should consider the Lusitania as a harmless packet boat, without taking notice of the fact that it was really an auxiliary cruiser and an ammunition steamer of the British navy, appears to us scarcely believable.

"But the German answer to Washington will make it comprehensible to Mr. Wilson, in language as polite as it will be clear, that we must conduct the war as we are conducting it and can conduct it with a clear conscience."

The Tagliche Rundscau, commenting on reports that the Lusitania incident has caused a "growing insight" in America, says:

"This insight probably will lead to the discovery that England really is the guilty party because it took ammunition on board a passenger steamer in contravention of the American laws."

After quoting the statute, which it argues covers this point, the Tagliche Rundscau concludes:

"According to the American laws, the captain of the Lusitania ought to go to prison."

A confidential note to the editors of the newspapers, which reached them too late, says that nothing regarding the American note may be printed for the time being.

BRITAIN'S TROOPS ARE HURLING BACK GERMAN ATTACKS

Have Captured All German Trenches South of Richebourg-L'Avoue.

SAYS GENERAL FRENCH

Week-End Passed With Little Activity in the East, Says Vienna.

London, May 17. — Field Marshal Sir John French in a message tonight informed the British people that their troops again had taken the offensive, after a fortnight spent in hurling back German attacks and had swept across and captured all German trenches south of Richebourg L'Avoue, over a two-mile front.

This movement which has resulted in the capture of numerous prisoners, is still under way, and gives indication of being as important in the matter of territory won as was the recent French advance. Elsewhere along the western battle front a lull prevails.

In the East, Vienna reports that Sunday passed with little activity. This is considered here as possibly indicating that the Russians had reached a point where they were able to re-establish their line. The Austrians, however, assert that their army still advances. A home-bound Zeppelin, returning from a raid on England, was attacked today as it reached the Belgian coast. The big gas bag is reported to have been damaged, but the fate of the aircraft was not learned, as it drifted away in the fog out of sight of the attackers.

The strain of waiting for definite news of Italy's intentions with regard to the war, has been relieved somewhat by the statement that nothing further is to be done until Parliament meets Thursday. Meantime, special trains are reported to be in readiness to take the German and Austrian ambassadors out of the country. The German press is gloomy over the situation.

ALLIES WINNING VICTORIES.

According to the Official French Report—Activities in West.

Paris, May 17.—The official communication issued by the French war office tonight announces the capture by the British troops of several additional German trenches to the north of LaBassee, together with a thousand prisoners.

In an engagement at Ville-Sur-Tourbe, the French took 400 prisoners and in an attack at the Ailly wood carried several German works and captured 250 prisoners.

The text is as follows:

"In Belgium the enemy, threatened by our successful attacks of the preceding days, with a complete envelopment, evacuated last night the positions which he had occupied west of the Yser canal. We have maintained all our gains on the east bank.

"North of LaBassee, the British troops who were strongly countered during the night of Sunday-Monday, are victoriously continuing the fighting. Today they carried several German trenches and inflicted heavy losses.

"One contingent of several hundred Germans caught between the fire of the British marine guns and that of their own artillery was almost entirely exterminated.

"Our allies have taken 1,000 prisoners and some machine guns.

"North of Arras, a thick mist has prevailed all day, preventing important actions. Nevertheless, the struggle continues actively, on the slopes of Lorette especially. There we have repulsed all German counter attacks.

"At Ville Au Bois, near Herry-Au-Bac, the enemy attacked our trenches unsuccessfully. The number of unwounded prisoners taken by us on Sunday in the affair at Ville-Sur-Tourbe was 350, besides 50 wounded.

"This morning, at break of day, we carried out an attack in the Ailly wood, occupying several German works; we also took three machine guns and 250 prisoners.

"In the outskirts of the forest of Le Pretre two German battalions made three attempts to sortie from their trenches, but our fire held them up short."

AUSTRIANS CAPTURE DROHOBYCZ

Official Statement Claims Further Advances in Galicia.

Gienna, May 17 (via London).—A further Austrian advance in Galicia is announced in an official statement issued here today. The Austrians have captured Drohobycz, in Central Galicia, about 40 miles southwest of Lemberg.

The statement follows:

"Compared with the last fortnight obstinate fighting yesterday passed generally without material events along the entire front. Our armies gained further ground.

"Austrian columns advanced toward the upper Dniester and occupied Drohobycz, capturing 500 men and eight machine guns."

GENERAL FRENCH REPORTS.

British Expeditionary Forces Achieving Some Successes in France.

London, May 17.—Field Marshal Sir John French, commander-in-chief of the British expeditionary forces in France, today sent a report under date of May 17th to the war department here as follows:

"This morning several bodies of Germans south of Richebourg L'Avoue successes

(Continued on Page Two)

VOTES FOR WOMEN URGED AS REMEDY

By Mrs. Benedict Before Industrial Relations Commission

C. S. DARROW IS HEARD

Representative of Woman Suffrage Organization Thinks Her Cause is Solution of Industrial Unrest Problem.

Washington, May 17.—Votes for women was urged as the remedy for industrial unrest before the Commission on Industrial Relations here today by Mrs. Chrystal Eastman Benedict, of New York, representing the Congressional Union for Woman Suffrage.

Mrs. Benedict declared the commission should immediately report to President Wilson advocating a Federal constitutional amendment for Nation-wide woman suffrage.

Commissioner Lennon suggested that the commission could only report to Congress and that Congress would not be in session until December.

"I had thought of that, too," said Mrs. Benedict, "make the report to Wilson. Wilson can do it. If you would make him understand that the future of the Democratic party depends upon this issue, we would get suffrage. You could let him know about it without making a formal report."

The testimony of the suffragist spokeswoman interrupted that of Clarence S. Darrow, counsel for unions in several notable trials, who argued that the poor man had not equal opportunity before the law with the rich man. He was preceded by Walter Drew, counsel for open shop employers, who took an opposite view.

Mr. Drew said he was unable to recommend any specific remedy for industrial unrest.

"We are making headway all the time in the education of our people," said he. "Every agitation has a certain educative effect. But there is no general panacea for industrial conditions."

Mr. Darrow, when asked whether he thought the rich and poor were accorded equal treatment before the law, said:

"I do not believe that the poor receive equal treatment with the rich. The law is made by lawyers and good lawyers. By that is meant lawyers who get good fees and whose clients are therefore rich. They have no knowledge of questions that confront the poor and their whole feeling and life is on the other side."

Personal injury cases, Mr. Darrow said, had further aroused feeling among laboring men against the courts. He added that the "common law doctrines of assumed risk of employment," and "fellow servant responsibility" were antiquated and out of touch with modern conditions.

"The courts do not consider a question at point and administer justice," he continued. "They look up the law in books. If they were to take questions up without the intention of lawyers, they might accomplish something. But when a rich corporation goes to law it hires the best legal talent. Pitted against it is a poor man whose lawyer is probably trying his first case. If it was a prize ring and you pitted a dwarf against a man like Jack Johnson the crowd wouldn't stand for it. But that happens every day in the courts."

"The constitutional guarantee as to free speech and free press," said he, "amounts to nothing. The constitution guarantees every citizen the right to bear arms, but every organized town can pass an ordinance preventing the citizens from carrying a pistol. Free speech and the free press have been legislated against repeatedly in Federal, state and municipal laws."

OUR GREAT BATTLESHIPS BUT ENGINES TO PROMOTE HUMAN INTERESTS

(Continued From Page One)

I speak my support of the Secretary of the Navy, I am merely speaking my support of what I know every true lover of the navy to desire and to propose; for the navy of the United States is a body specially trusted with the ideal of America. I like to image in my thoughts this ideal. The quiet ships, lying in the river, have no suggestion of bluster about them—no intimation of aggression. They are commanded by men thoughtful of the duty of citizens as well as the duty of officers—men acquainted with the traditions of the great service to which they belong, men who know by touch with the people of the United States what sort of purposes they ought to entertain and what sort of discretion they ought to exercise in order to use those engines of force as engines to promote the interest of humanity.

For Humanity Itself.

"For the interesting and inspiring thing about America is that she asks nothing herself except what she has a right task for humanity itself. We want no nation's property, we wish to question no nation's honor, we wish to stand selfishly in the way of no nation, we want nothing that we cannot get by our own legitimate enterprise and by the inspiration of our own example, and, standing for these things, it is not pretention on our part to say that we are privileged to stand for what every nation would wish to stand for and speak for those things which all humanity must desire.

"When I think of the flag which those ships carry, the only touch of color about them, the only thing that moves as if it had a settled spirit in it, in their solid structure, it seems to me that I see alternate stripes of parchment upon which are written the right of liberty and justice and stripes of blood spilled to vindicate those rights; and then, in the corner a prediction of the blue serene into which every nation may swim which stands for these great things.

"The mission of America is the only thing that a sailor or soldier should think about; he has nothing to do with the formulation of her policies; he is to support her policy whatever it is—but he is to support her policy in the spirit of herself, and the strength of our policy is that we, who for the time being administer the affairs of this nation, do not originate her spirit, we attempt to embody it; we attempt to realize it in action; we are dominated by it; we do not dictate it.

The Nation's Programme.

"And so with every man in arms who serves the nation, he stands and waits to do the things which the nation desires. America sometimes seems, perhaps, to forget her programme, or rather I will say that sometimes those who represent her seem to forget her programme. But the people never forget them. It is as startling as it is touching to see how, whenever you touch a principle you touch the hearts of the people of the United States. They listen to your debates of policy; they determine which party they will prefer to power; they choose and prefer as ordinary men; but their real affection, their real force, their real irresistible momentum, is for the ideals which men embody.

"I never go on the streets of a great city without feeling that somehow I do not confer elsewhere than on the streets with the great spirit of the people themselves, going about their business, attending to the things which concern them, and yet carrying a treasure at their hearts all the while, ready to be stirred not only as individuals, but as members of a great union of hearts that constitutes a patriotic people.

The Fleet a Symbol.

"And so this sight in the river touches me merely as a symbol of that, and it quickens the pulse of every man who realizes these things to have anything to do with them. When a crisis occurs in this country, it is as if you put your hand on the pulse of a dynamo; it is as if things which you were in connection with were spiritually bred. You had nothing to do with them, except if you listen truly to speak the things that you hear.

"These things now brood over the river; this spirit now moves with the men who represent the nation in the navy; these things will move upon the waters in the maneuvers; no threat lifted against any man, against any nation, against any interest, but just a great solemn evidence that the force of America is the force of moral principle, that there is not anything else that she loves and that there is not anything else for which she will contend."

On Board Yacht for Review.

The President boarded his yacht for the review at 3 o'clock. A half-hour was spent in receiving official visits from officers of the fleet and then the Mayflower got under way. The President, with Secretary of the Navy Daniels, Secretary Lane, Secretary Redfield and Acting Mayor McAneny stood on the yacht's bridge.

The fleet stretched ahead up the river for four miles, each ship dressed with pennants and ensigns. The crews in blue service uniforms, the officers in gold lace, manned the rails.

Overhead were dark clouds and a gray mist blew over the river, harmonizing with the gray of the battleships, but so thick at times that the furthermost ships of he line scarcely could be disinguished from the Mayflower's starting point. Her course took her between the line of batleships and destroyers, around the end of the fleet and back between the batiteships and the Manhattan shore.

As the yacht, convoyed by four destroyers, reached the flagship Wyoming, first in line ,the President's salute of 21 guns boomed forth. Each battleship as the Mayflower passed thundered a similar salute.

President Wilson kept up a constant stream of questions to those about him. He asked about the armament and crew of each ship, and often expressed his pleasure.

The frequent playing of the national anthem kept the President's heard bare during most of the review. Despite the mist, he refused to keep his hat on.

"I have too much respect for the fleet and the anthem," he remarked.

The President remained aboard the yacht after she again cast anchor and a 7:30 o'clock was taken to the flagship Wyoming where he was a dinner guest of Admiral Fletcher and officers of the fleet.

The day 'sprogramme ended with a race, under the glare of searchlights, among the battleships' boat crews, and the water pageant, consisting of a parade of ships ,launches humorously or historically decorated.

Tomorrow the ships swing out to sea for a naval war game along the Atlantic coast. The President again will review them from the Mayflower as they steam down the harbor.

No Second Address.

The President had planned to deliver an address at the dinner, but changed his mind. The function was attended by Secretary Daniels, Secretary Lane, Secretary Redfield, Acting Mayor McAneny and the ranking officers of the fleet. There were no speeches.

The President concluded his long day by watching the boat races from the deck of the Wyoming and a joyful celebration among the Wyoming crew when that battleship won the race. Soon afterward the President returned to Mayflower for the night.

Mrs. Daniels, wife of the Secretary, gave a dinner tonight aboard the Dolphin which was attended by Miss Margaret Wilson and other members of the President's party, Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, Mrs. George McAneny, wife of the acting mayor; Mrs. Fletcher, wife of the admiral; Mrs. Franklin K. Lane, Mrs. D. F. Houston and Mrs. W. C. Redfield, wives, respectively, of the secretaries of the Interior, Agriculture and Commerce.

Most Powerful Array.

The fleet reviewed by the President was the most powerful array of fighting ships ever assembled in an American port. Stretching away for four miles in a double line of solemn gray were 64 vessels in all, including battleships, destroyers, submarines and auxiliary craft. This fleet represented the Nation's bulwark in case of war.

President Wilson reached shore from the Mayflower at 10:15 o'clock. The automobile in which he rode to the reviewing stand was escorted by more than 100 mounted police. Thousands who lined the sidewalks roared a noisy welcome as the President passed.

The presidential party traveled at a brisk pace through the street, trailed by three automobiles of secret service men and a detachment of detectives from police headquarters. Along the way were many more detectives, some stationed even on the tops of houses so they might better observe the throngs. The secret service guard also was unusually heavy.

The Land Parade.

When the President reached the reviewing stand, he found the seventh regiment, New York National Guard, drawn up in salute. As the head of the column of mounted police dashed into the square before the stand, the throng for blocks set up a cheer that did not end until after the President had taken his place.

A few minutes after the President had reached the stand the head of the parading line came into view. A battalion of mounted police preceded the marchers. Next came the marine corps band, then the marines themselves clad in dark blue jackets with light blue trousers and then the regiments of sailors. As each detachment passed, the President was saluted. Throughout the parade the President stood, silk hatted, intent on the spectacle, serious of face, except when the passing of the mascots from the various battleships drew ripples of laughter from the crowd.

"Fine! Wonderful! A great set of men," were some of the President's expressions as the blue line tramped past. Once his face became very grave, however, when the sailors from the Florida and Utah marched by, holding aloft a standard on which was written "Vera Cruz, April 21-22, 1914."

The line was not long in passing the stand. When the last detachment had passed the President, accompanied by Acting Mayor McAneny, Admiral Fletcher, officers of the cabinet, Mr. Butler representing the citizen committee, naval officers and members of the committee, left to attend the luncheon at the Hotel Biltmore.

As the President rode from the reviewing stand to the hotel the throngs gave him another ovation. The President still in his automobile, hat in hand, smiled his appreciation. A wall of blue coats, had difficulty in holding in check the men and women who sought to reach him and shake his hand.

As the President entered the hotel he was given another round of cheers.

Women Create Scene at Luncheon.

There were about 500 guests at the luncheon. At the table with the President were Secretary Daniels, Secretary Redfield, Admiral Fletcher, Major General Wood, Major General Barnet, Rear Admiral Usher, Rear Admiral Benson, Joseph H. Choate, the Rev. Dr. David H. Greer, Protestant-Episcopal bishop, of New York; Mr. McAneny and Secretary Tumulty.

Two women suffragists eluded the heavy guard stationed in the hotel, reached the floor where the President was at luncheon and managed to see Secretary Tumulty and gave him a letter to be delivered to the President. Mr. Tumulty told the women they were impolite and would receive no answer to the letter. The letter was written on stationery of the national executive committee of the National Congressional Union for Woman Sugrage and appealed to the President for his "powerful aid to remove the political disabilities of women."

The women went to the lobby of the hotel and waited there. They told newspaper reporters it would be useless for the President to attempt to elude them.

"If necessary we'll hire a tug and go out to the Mayflower to see him," one of them said.

Later they made their way back to an ante-room adjoining the room where the luncheon was held, and when the President stepped out they confronted him, exclaiming: "Vote for women! Vote for women! Mr. President, we have a message for you."

They got no further in their appeal. Four secret service men seized them and quickly took them away. The President smiled.

Mrs. Stanley McCormick, vice president of the National Woman Suffrage Association, in a statement issued later, declared the National Association had no sympathy with the act of the two women suffragists who caused a scene by trying to reach President Wilson where he was guest of honor at a luncheon.

Spend your dollars today at Polvogt's. It's Tuesday Dollar Day Sale.
—Advertisement.

CHILD RUN DOWN AND KILLED BY AUTOMOBILE

Heavy Car Was Driven by 14-Year-Old.

Was Returning from Park Where Supper Was Given by Bishop Darst, to Diocesan Council Delegates—Details.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Newbern, N. C., May 17.—An accident which cast a shadow of gloom over two of the most prominent families of Newbern occurred last night at 7:45 o'clock, when Earl King, the six-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. L. J. Taylor, was run over and killed by a seven-passenger automobile driven by James Stewart, 14 years of age and a son of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Stewart.

The accident occurred within a few yards of the victim's home, and was witnessed by several people. The little boy was at once carried to his home where medical aid was rendered by Drs. R. S. Primrose and R. N. Duffy, but to no effect, for he died of concussion of the brain within an hour without regaining consciousness.

A supper was given at Glenburnie Park to the delegates who are in the city attending the council of the Diocese of East Carolina yesterday afternoon by Bishop Darst. The Stewart boy was returning from the park with several ladies. He was going up East Front street at a moderate speed, and as he turned down Pollock the little child ran in front of the car, and before the driver could stop the big machine one of the front wheels had passed over the child's body. G. N. Ennett was nearby and saw the awful tragedy. He at once rushed to the scene, took the child up and carried it to his home, just across the street.

Both families are wealthy. Mr. Taylow owns the Crown Bottling Works and is a member of the firm of Lovick & Taylor, owners of the Athens Theatre. Mr. Stewart is a well known banker and owns a considerable amount of real estate.

RECORD OF SHIPS LOST

Great Britain's Loss, Exclusive of Warships, 460,628 Tonnage.

London, May 17.—Thomas J. McNamara, parliamentary secretary of the admiralty, announced in the House of Commons today that 460,628 tons of British shipping, other than warships, had been sunk or captured by the German navy since the war began.

Mr. McNamara added:

"The number of persons of all nationalities killed in connection with these sinkings is approximately 1,556.

"The tonnage of German shipping, not warships, sunk or captured by the British navy to May 15 is 314,465. So far as known, not one German a neutral subject has been killed in connection therewith."

Yokohama, May 18. — The steamer Chiyo Maru, from San Francisco for Honolulu, Yokohama and Hong Kong, and on board which a fire broke out Sunday, arrived here today. The fire had been confined to thirty bales of cotton. It was extinguished easily.

Norfolk, Va., May 17.—On what may prove her last voyage, the historic old frigate Constellation left this port today for Newport, R. I., in tow of the naval tug Uncas. Naval men are of the opinion that the Constellation will never be taken to sea again.

Today Dollar Day Sale at Polvogt's.
—Advertisement

NEWS OF A DAY FROM THE STATE'S CAPITAL

Supreme Court Hopes to Complete Work This Week

Many Members Added to Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows Past Year — Consolidating Rural District Elementary Schools.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., May 17. — Commissioner of Labor and Printing M. L. Shipman, just back from Baltimore and Washington, leaves tomorrow for Hendersonville, to attend the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows, being a Past Grand Master. The order has had a very satisfactory year in spite of the depression due to the European war conditions. There are upwards of fifteen thousand Odd Fellows in the state.

There have been large numbers of initiations during the past year, but the membership is about 450 less than it was last year. However, a decided revival of Odd Fellows' activities is in evidence at this time. While in Baltimore Mr. Shipman attended the National Association of Charities and Correction as a special delegate from this State.

The State Department of Education is just now giving renewed emphasis to the consolidation of elementary schools in the rural districts as supervised by L. C. Brogden, of the department, with a view of substituting three-teacher schools for present one- and two-teacher schools, through consolidations of districts to the extent of including as much as 25 square miles to the district where conditions will justify this. Numbers of such consolidations are being made from time to time, with school farms and homes for the school teachers included, wherever this is possible. Mr. Brogden is enthusiastic over the possibilities and prospects for school improvement in this direction.

Governor Craig issued commissions today to E. C. Chambers and N. Buckner, of Asheville, as delegates from this State to the annual session of The Dixie Highway Commission, to meet May 20 in Chattanooga.

The justices of the Supreme Court are very hopeful of completing the work of the present term this week. There are the Twentieth district appeals—the last to be called—Tuesday and Wednesday. Then, the remainder of the week will be given over to the writing of the opinions yet to be delivered, and to their delivery from day to day until all are cleared from the calendar. It is expected that final adjournment can certainly be taken early next week, if not by Saturday of this week.

All the walls and interior woodwork of the remodeled and enlarged government building here are being given their final coats of paint, the post office and government offices having been occupied some months ago, before the interior finish was completed. Raleigh can now boast of one of the very best and most commodious government buildings in this section of the country, and one that will be ample for the government needs here for many years to come.

BRITISH TROOPS ARE HURLING BACK GERMAN ATTACKS

(Continued from Page One.)

and all the German trenches on a front of two miles were captured.

This morning several bodies of Germans surrendered voluntarily to our troops who continue to fight with great galantry and determination. One of these bodies while trying to surrender, was caught by German artillery fire and practically annihilated.

"The exact number of prisoners has not yet been ascertained but 550 have cleared to the lines of communication. On the remainder of the front there have been no incidents to report."

GERMAN OFFICIAL REPORT

Admits Ground Lost in Western Theatre—Successes in East.

Berlin, May 17 (wireless).—Germany army headquarters today gave out this report:

"In the Western war theatre:

"North of Ypres and to the west of the canal near Steen straete and Het Sas the Germans yesterday gave up their advanced positions and, to avoid losses from the strong artillery fire of the enemy, they drew back their smaller forces to the main positions on the eastern bank of the canal.

"South of Neuve Chapelle the British still hold parts of the front trench taken May 15. The fighting continues north of Arras. Near Ahlain and Neuville French attacks yesterday were repulsed with very heavy losses for the enemy.

"German airships have successfully attacked the seaports of Dover and Calais.

"In the Eastern war theatre.

"On the Dubysa river near Ejargola, and Czekiszki, and south of the Niemen river, near Miriampol and Ludinow, attacks by the enemy were repulsed. Among the Russian prisoners taken near Shavli, in Courtland were a number of recruits of the class of 1915, who had only eben in training three weeks.

"In the Southeastern war theatre:

"The German advance between the Pilica river and the upper Vistula and along the front from Sambor to Stry and Stanislau continue. The river San has been crossed at several places near Jarislau and to the northward. There is fighting going on around Przemysl."

WAR "VIRTUALLY DECLARED"

Italian Paper Publishes Remarkable Story on the Situation.

Rome, May 17 (via Paris), May 18.—The Giornale D'Italia, which has been a stronger of the Salandra cabinet, and which was among the first to advocate military preparation, publishes a significant article today.

"War," says the paper, "is virtually declared by concord of the king, the government and the nation. The wonderful secret dream whic hfor half a century has strengthened Italy in its long wait is about to be transformed into radiant reality.

"Italy is about to engage not only a war to liberate the remainder of the Italian provinces under foreign rule, but in a war for civilization."

Last year, according to the census taker, the total output of the 5,521 central electric stations in this country was 14,000,000,000 kilowatt-hours of current.

IF I was lookin' for quick results I'd quit makin' VELVET an' go in for raisin' century plants.

THE best Kentucky Burley cannot become VELVET through any "hurry-up" process. Our experts are not satisfied with VELVET until it has been aged in wooden casks for not less than two years.

If there was any other way of taking the "bite" and "harshness" out of tobacco we would know it. But there is not, and even if you expended great ingenuity on a "hurry-up" process, you would find that Nature's way—*the VELVET way*—is the only way.

But all Nature's goodness and our care and pains, will go for naught unless you fill *your pipe* with VELVET.

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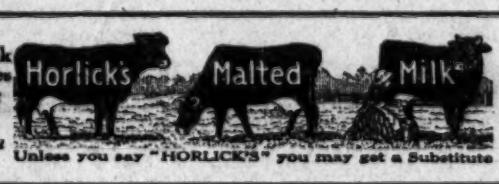

Unless you say "HORLICK'S" you may get a Substitute

COTTON SEED CRUSHERS BUSINESS MUCH BETTER

Material Improvement Described by President Ives.

In Annual Address Before Interstate Cotton Seed Crushers Association at Birmingham—Makes Some Recommendations.

Birmingham, Ala., May 16.—Material improvement in all lines of business directly connected with the manufacture of cotton seed products, as a result of the war in Europe, was described by C. L. Ives, of Newbern, N. C., president of the Interstate Cotton Seed Crushers Association, in his annual address to the convention of that organization which opened here today.

"The beginning of the season," he said, "found us with the export demand for our products entirely cut off because of war conditions, and our ability to buy seed very limited, through stringency in the money market. Through the united efforts of the publicity bureau and the general membership of the association, cotton seed products have been introduced into new markets, both at home and in foreign countries.

"The warring nations have materially assisted us in disposing of our crop of cotton, and it is interesting to know that with every discharge of one of their great guns a bale of cotton or linters is consumed."

The value of cotton seed crushed during the past season, said President Ives, probably will reach more than $175,000,000, an increase of $20,000 over last year. The estimate for this year's crush, he added, would reach approximately 5,500,000 tons, or 700,000 tons more than last year.

The employment of a president by the association at a fixed yearly salary was recommended by Mr. Ives, in order to get the best results from the association.

Adoption of a uniform grade for cotton seed also was recommended. "During the past year," said the speaker, "several state organizations have adopted grading rules. It is my opinion that a uniform grade should be adopted by this association and I hope that plan can be formulated during this convention that will result in the uniform grading of seed before the beginning of another crushing season."

The Victoria falls of the Zambesi, in South Central Africa, are capable of furnishing 35,000,000 horse-power of electrical energy.

Don't use "Who is that?" to the person who answers your phone call, for it is rude.

STANDING GALLEY.

FROHMAN WAS A NEWSIE.

Sold Papers on Streets of Philadelphia Forty Years Ago.

(From the Philadelphia North American.)

Charles Frohman, the eminent play producer, who went to his death on the Lusitania, was a newsboy in Philadelphia 40 years ago.

With that same energy and inventive ability that placed him at the head of American producers and a discoverer of stars, Frohman made the New York Graphic, a 5-cent illustrated daily newspaper, "go" among the crowds at the Centennial Exposition in 1876.

Frohman was sent to Philadelphia from the New York office of this publication, which at that time was devoting a supplement to descriptive stories about the exposition. He took charge of the newsboys at the Philadelphia office of the paper, at Tenth and Chestnut streets, in the building of the Mutual Life Insurance Company, then just completed.

Frank T. Taylor, who knew Frohman then, says the future discoverer of Maude Adams and Billie Burke, "hustled the bundles from the trains, got them to the newsstands about the city, retailed them at the door and over the counter and was everybody's willing errand boy."

Frohman had been a folder and overseer of newsboys in the New York office of the Graphic. They sent him to Philadelphia to do the same sort of work. But Frohman, not content with selling the paper to crowds on the streets, opened a branch office in the Centennial grounds, and devised so many ways to get his paper abefore the crowds that he frequently had to go to New York to get extra editions. He spent the summer doing this work.

SEVERE PUNISHMENT

Of Mrs. Chappell, of Five Years' Standing, Relieved by Cardui.

Mt. Airy, N. C.—Mrs. Sarah M. Chappell of this town, says: "I suffered for five years with womanly troubles, also stomach troubles, and my punishment was more than any one could tell.

I tried most every kind of medicine, but none did me any good.

I read one day about Cardui, the woman's tonic, and I decided to try it. I had not taken but about six bottles until I was almost cured. It did me more good than all the other medicines I had tried, put together.

My friends began asking me why I looked so well, and I told them about Cardui. Several are now taking it."

Do you, lady reader, suffer from any of the ailments due to womanly trouble, such as headache, backache, sideache, sleeplessness, and that everlastingly tired feeling?

If so, let us urge you to give Cardui a trial. We feel confident it will help you, just as it has a million other women in the past half century.

Begin taking Cardui to-day. You won't regret it. All druggists.

Write to: Chattanooga Medicine Co., Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga, Tenn., for *Special Instructions* on your case and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," in plain wrapper. N.C. 134

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TERRAPINS LOSE AGAIN TO CHICAGO FEDERALS

But the Score Was Only Six to Five

Brooklyn Won a Protested Game With Kansas City, While Cold Weather Prevented Game at Pittsburg With Newark.

RESULTS YESTERDAY.
At Chicago 6; Baltimore 5.
At Kansas City 5; Brooklyn 7.
At Pittsburg-Newark, cold.
At Buffalo, not scheduled.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY
Baltimore at Chicago.
Newark at Pittsburg.
Brooklyn at Kansas City.
Buffalo at St. Louis.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS

	W.	L.	Pct.
Pittsburg	19	10	.655
Newark	16	12	.571
Chicago	17	13	.567
Kansas City	15	13	.536
Brooklyn	15	13	.536
St. Louis	12	14	.462
Baltimore	12	18	.400
Buffalo	8	21	.276

Kansas City, May 17.—One inning of good hitting and base running gave Brooklyn a 7 to 5 victory in a protested game with Kansas City today. The protest came in the second inning when Johnson hit into a double play.

Brooklyn .....102 004 000—7 13 5
Kansas City .....210 100 001—5 12 3

Seaton and Land; Johnson, Packard, Cullop and Brown.

Chicago, May 17.—Hanford's single in the 10th inning gave Chicago the tying and winning runs and a 6 to 5 victory over Baltimore today after Meyers' steal of home had put the visitors ahead in the half.

Baltimore .....010 100 1101—5 14 2
Chicago .....100 000 0302—6 14 2

Bender and Jacklitsch; McConnell and Wilson.

ROCKY MOUNT SHUTS OUT SUFFOLK DOWN AT HOME.

Rocky Mount, N. C., May 17.—Applegate had it all his way in this afternoon's clash with the Suffolk team, and but three hits, with a player never reaching the third corner, coupled with eight safe bingles for as many runs by the Down Homers, tell the story of the defeat. Suffolk used up two pitchers in her efforts to stay the contest, but Gaston spilled in the fifth, when, with two on, he sent Gray along to first in dread of his batting eye only to run amuck with Eisel, who slashed out a two-base hit for three scores. Jamison, who replaced Gaston, was wild and was hit timely, Parmelee's grab of a drive off Henry's bat in the eighth cut off a hit and was turned into a double play with a beautiful whip to first.

Rocky Mount ....010 030 21*—8 8 3
Suffolk .....000 000 000—0 3 2

Applegate and Ulrich; Gaston, Jamison and Waite. Time 1:45; umpires Poole and O'Brien; attendance 850.

WRESTLING MATCH NEXT WEEK

George Herbert, of Virginia, and Johnny Cunningham, of This City, to Grapple for Honors.

With the staging of the Cunningham-Herbert wrestling match in this city Wednesday night, May 26, Wilmington will be officially placed on the map as one of the sporting centers of the United States, and one of the leading centers in the South. This match is the first of a series to be pulled off here.

The match will draw a number of sporting men from different cities in this section, and the indications are that a crowd that will tax the capacity of the arena will greet the gladiators when they appear on the stage.

George Herbert, of Virginia, who holds the featherweight championship, shrewd and formidable as he is, meets a terror in little Johnny Cunningham, of this city. To wrest a victory from the champion, Cunningham faces a herculean task, but his friends here say that he has a splendid chance, and they are backing him to win.

Herbert has strength, science and wonderful endurance. He is always in good condition, and never seems to tire. It is because of his wonderful strength and endurance that he is one of the most feared featherweights on the mat today.

However, a man possessing to such a high degree as Cunningham does every requisite that goes to make up the perfect athlete, has to be reckoned with at all times by the best of grapplers.

The match will be staged on the third floor of the building occupied by the offices of the Tidewater Power Company, where Cunningham is now fitting up his athletic club and physical culture school. The demand for tickets, it is stated, is already far greater than the promoters of the match expected, and they are much encouraged over the outlook.

TEN SUBMARINES FOR BRITAIN

Will Be Launched by Fore River Company Next Month.

Boston, Mass., May 17.—Ten submarines the Fore River shipbuilding corporation is constructing at Quincy for the British government will be launched early next month within five months of the time the keels were laid, it was learned today. The boats are not to be delivered until after the war. The average time for constructing submarines previously has been more than two years.

Boston, May 17.—The American Automobile Association today re-elected John A. Wilson, of Franklin, Pa., a cousin of President Wilson, as president. Most of the other officers were re-elected.

Go to Polvogt Company's Dollar Day Sale today.—Advertisement.

SENATORS TAKE ONE BY CLOSEST SCORE

Wild Throw Saves Defeat at St. Louis

Athletics Held to Single Hit by White Sox Pitcher and Lost Six to Nothing—Chicago Bunched Hits Off Penock.

RESULTS YESTERDAY
At Chicago 6, Philadelphia 2.
At St. Louis 3, Washington 2.
At Detroit-New York, cold.
At Cleveland-Boston, rain.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY
New York at Detroit.
Boston at Cleveland.
Philadelphia at Chicago.
Washington at St. Louis.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS

	W.	L.	Pct.
New York	16	8	.667
Detroit	18	11	.621
Chicago	17	12	.586
Boston	13	9	.591
Washington	12	14	.462
Cleveland	11	16	.407
Philadelphia	9	17	.346
St. Louis	10	19	.345

St. Louis, May17.—Connolly started the scoring in today's game when Loudermilk made a wild throw. Two more runs were made by Washington and the local team was defeated, 3 to 2.

Washington . . . .001 100 010—3 7 2
St. Louis . . . . . .000 100 010—2 7 2

Johnson and Ainsmith; Loudermilk, Perryman and Severoid.

Chicago, May 17.—Scott held Philadelphia to one hit today, a single by LaJoie, while Chicago bunched hits off Penock and won.

Philadelphia . . .100 000 001—2 1 1
Chicago . . . . .302 000 01*—6 8 2

Pennock, Davis Bressler and Lapp; Scott and Schalk.

PHILS CONTINUE STRIDE DEFEATING ST. LOUIS

All Other Nationals Were Rained Out

Home Runs by Cravath, Niehok and Becker Did the Work for Erstwhile Champions—Other Games Scheduled.

RESULTS YESTERDAY
At Philadelphia . . .
At Boston-Pittsburgh . . . rain.
At Brooklyn-Cincinnati . . .
At New York-Chicago . . . rain.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY
Chicago at New York.
St. Louis at Philadelphia.
Pittsburgh at Boston.
Cincinnati at Brooklyn.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS

	W.	L.	Pct.
Philadelphia	17	8	.680
Chicago	15	11	.577
Boston	13	11	.542
Pittsburgh	13	14	.481
Brooklyn	12	14	.462
Cincinnati	11	14	.440
St. Louis	12	17	.414
New York	10	14	.417

Philadelphia, May 17.—Home runs drove in all of the tallies which gave Philadelphia a 5 to 3 victory over St. Louis today. Cravath's home run sent in two runners besides himself, while Niehoff and Becker each made a circuit drive with no runners on the bases.

A home run by Dolan and three doubles and a single in the fourth and fifth innings produced St. Louis' tallies.

St. Louis . . . . .000 210 000—3 7 1
Philadelphia . . .004 010 00*—5 11 1

Perdue, Griner and Snyder; Mayer and Killifer.

THEATRICAL

Adapted from Franz Molner's play, produced by Thomas Ince and acted in the principal parts by Bessie Barriscale, Arthur Maude and Edward Connelly, "The Devil" showing today at the Victoria passes from the stage to the screen without loss of vitality.

These five reels released as a Mutual master-picture are unconventional and uncompromising in giving the Devil his due. Mr. Connelly, as the 20th century spirit of evil, is a suave gentleman whose hair is curled back from his forehead to suggest the mythical horns. Appearing and disappearing as he sees fit, scattering seeds of discontent, he soon adds two souls to the unhappy population of his unhappy kingdom. This smooth and immaculately-dressed stranger who mysteriously appears to the artist is no less the Devil when hoofed and horned and crimson-winged he leers at you out of the flames in the last tremendous scene. Imagine if you can cliffs and canons, hundreds of feet in depth ,literally ablaze with leaping fires of brimstone and saltpeter. Without a question of a doubt this Mutual master-picture production of the Devil is stronger, more beautiful and more compelling than either version of the acted play which held two continents in its grip at the same time.

Big Feature at Bijou.

Another mammoth bill is on at the home of "The Incomparable Movies" today, headed by that great two-reel United dramatic feature that has been so widely commented on by the critics who viewed it before it was released. It has been pronounced one of the very greatest releases by the United yet, and every critic unanimously agreed to this when it was first shown to them for their decision. It is "The Rain of Death," and features in the leading roles Marion Swayne and Joseph Levering, two of United's biggest stars. The theme and treatment is entirely out of the ordinary, and it is a photo-play that you will enjoy every minute it is on the screen, and wish there was more.

Then there's a sweet single reel drama, "Tiny Hands," a Powers production featuring Sidney Ayres and Doris Pawn in the leading roles.

"Her Friend the Milkman" one of the biggest Nestor screams of the week, features popular Victoria Forde and Eddie Lyons, with Lee Moran and Stella Adams filling in, and is termed "a game of wits," with a laugh in every scene.

Then there is another big comedy, "The Auatomatic House," a United product featuring Marion Swayne, showing this talented star's versatility in playing strong drama and light comedy in the same day's bill.

The Bijou presents next Thursday, under its personal guarantee as one of the biggest features of the year, Cleo Madison, Joe King and Murdock MacQuarrie in "The Faith of Her Fathers," a three-reel production that is simply better than anything you've ever seen.

The Grand.

Have you noticed that every day is a laugh day at the Grand? Every day a good comedy and three and four days of each week a Keystone comedy. Today the Keystone "Love in Armor," is an exceptionally good farce comedy with Max Davidson in the lead. What happens when Baron Von Hausenfefer, after gaining entree to the home of the young woman of his choice, is caught stealing her diamond necklace and is set upon by the girl's real sweetheart, who is hiding in a suit of armor, is well worth seeing and will give you a good laugh. "The Return of Richard Neal" with Francis X. Bushman in the leading role is the latest of the prize mystery plays produced in conjunction with the Ladies' World. The drama is full of thrilling and dramatic incidents and there is a deep psychological study of the human mind underlying the plot. Neal (Bushman), the scientist, is called to take a strange case in which a girl is under the control of the hypnotist and commits thefts while in the mesmeric sleep. Neal follows the girl to her home where the two minds—that of the hypnotist and the scientist—clash. The will of the scientist being the stronger breaks the influence of the hypnotist over her. This is in three reels and is a masterpiece.

"The Truth of Fiction" from the American studio is a two-reel feature of real merit with a little Western color and presented by a strong cast of performers including Winnifred Greenwood, William Bertram, Anna Kromann, and John Morrison.

EUGENIC MARRIAGES

Will insure to this country a healthier and more intelligent family of the future" and many a woman, obviously unfit for marriage, has had her health restored by the timely use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, the most successful remedy for female ills the world has ever known. Enormous quantities of roots and herbs are used annually in making this good old-fashioned remedy and no woman who suffers from female ills should lose hope until she has tried it.

Office of the Custodian, U. S. Custom House, Wilmington, N. C., May 17, 1915.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 10 A. M., June 7, 1915, and then opened, for clearing the site of the above-named building, in accordance with the specification, copies of which may be had at this office.

WALKER TAYLOR,
tu,th,sa-3t Custodian.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE.—

Eastern District of North Carolina.

By virtue of an Order of Sale issued out of the United States District Court for the Eastern District of North Carolina, on the 13th day of May, 1915, notice is hereby given that I will sell by public auction, for cash, on Wednesday, the 26th day of May, 1915, at 12 o'clock M., at Front street entrance of the Post Office, the gasoline Tugboat W. T. Riggin, her engines, boilers, machinery, boats, tackle, apparel, appurtenances, and furniture, as she now lies, on West side of Cape Fear River, below Market street.

W. T. DORTCH,
United States Marshal.

By J. N. Fennell, D. M.
my16-4t

SCARCITY OF ARTIFICIAL DYESTUFFS GROWING DAILY

Textile Manufacturers and Others Feeling the Pinch.

Washington, May 17.—American textile manufacturers as well as makers of papers, ink, varnish, pigments and leather articles, are feeling the scarcity of artificial dyestuffs more acutely each day, according to Commercial Agent Thomas H. Norton, in a special report to Secretary Redfield, issued today.

The stobk of dyes of German origin in the United States, Mr. Norton says, probably will disappear before the end of July. Two cargoes for which Great Britain granted free passage permits are being held up for export permission from the German government. These cargoes would be a sufficient supply for two or three months. The American government is exerting every possible effort to reach an understanding with the belligerent nations for the exportation of more dyes from Germany.

In the meantime domestic dye manufacturers are trying to increase their output.

COURT WEDDING TAKES PLACE IN TOKIO.

Marriage of Royalty Attended by Japanese Nobility.

Tokio, May 17.—A brilliant court wedding took place here today when Princess Yasunomiya, daughter of the emperor, was married to Prince Fumihiko Higashi-Kuni, aide-de-camp to the second army division.

This was the first great event since the close of the mourning period for the late Empress Haruko. It was notable also as inaugurating a season of court and national gayety which will find its climax in the great accession ceremonies at Kyoto in November.

Chicago, May 17.—Resolutions urging the Federal Reserve Board to reconsider its rule and permit national banks to co-operate in groups to establish branch banking houses in foreign countries were adopted today by the Illinois Manufacturers' Association. The present rule is an advantage to Eastern banks, it was asserted, as individual banks are permitted to have foreign branches.

Tuesday Dollar Day Sale at Polvogt's.—Advertisement.

MINOR LEAGUES

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.
At St. Paul 0; Columbus 1 (called end fifth, rain.)
At Milwaukee 7; Louisville 3.
At Minneapolis 1; Cleveland 11 (8 in.)
At Kansas City 1; Indianapolis 0.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.
At Toronto 8; Richmond 11; (10 in.)
At Buffalo 2; Providence 1.
At Rochester 3; Jersey City 2.
At Montreal-Newark, rain.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE
At Atlanta 10, Little Rock 1.
At New Orleans 3, Memphis 2.
At Mobile 5, Chattanooga 4.
At Birmingham 1, Nashville 6.

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUE
At Augusta 7, Columbus 5.
At Savannah 9, Albany 0.
At Charleston 3, Jacksonville 1.
At Columbia 1, Macon 4.

VIRGINIA LEAGUE
At Portsmouth 6, Norfolk 1.
At Petersburg 6, Newport News 1.
At Rocky Mount 8, Suffolk 0.

CAROLINA LEAGUE.
At Charlotte 3; Winston-Salem 4; (11 innings.)
At Durham, 3; Greensboro, 4.
At Raleigh, 7; Asheville, 0.

Tuesday Dollar Day Sale at Polvogt's.—Advertisement.

THE GRAND
TODAY
Francis X. Bushman
In a Wonderful Three-Reel Feature.
"The Return of Richard Neal"
From the Prize Mystery story Published in THE LADIES' WORLD.
A Keystone Comedy
"LOVE IN ARMOR"
with Max Davidson.
A Two-Reel American
"The Truth of Fiction"
Featuring Winnifred Greenwood.
Every Day a Comedy
THE GRAND
Well Ventilated, Well Lighted and CLEAN

"The Rain of Death"
Startlingly Thrilling Two-Reel United Drama with Marion Swayne and Jos. Levering.
"Tiny Hands"
Doris Pawn and Sidney Ayres, in a Beautiful Dramatic Story.
'Her Friend the Milkman'
Rousing Nestor Scream, with Vicky Forde and Eddie Lyons.
"The Automatic House"
United Scream, Featuring Marion Swayne.
BIJOU
THURSDAY: "The Faith of Her Fathers," Three Reels, with Cleo Madison, Joe King and Murdock MacQuarrie.

FLOUR SPECIAL
500 Barrels, all sizes, three grades Plain Flours.
Two Grades Self-Rising Flour.
GUARANTEED TO BE GOOD AS THE BEST.
Prices Low as the Mills Price.
Love & Woody
Wholesale Grocers

OLUS IS COAT-CUT
¶ Opens all the way down the leg.
¶ Coat-cut means easy to put on and take off.
¶ OLUS is the simplest union suit—but one thickness of material anywhere.
¶ You wear a coat-cut shirt. Try the OLUS coat-cut union suit.
¶ OLUS coat-cut is patented. If it isn't coat-cut, it isn't OLUS, but a substitute.
$1, $1.50, $2, $2.50, $3
OLUS ONE-PIECE PAJAMA for lounging and comfortable sleep. No strings to tighten or come loose. $1.50 and up. For Men and Women
For Men and Women
M. ROSENMANN & SON
Wholesale Distributors.

Eddie Collins
Drinks
Coca-Cola
—considers it the premier, all-'round wholesome thirst-quencher for athletes. This comes well from one of whom Comiskey said, after paying $50,000 for him—"I secured him for the White Sox fans because I believe he will prove that he is the greatest exponent of quick thinking and the brainiest player in the game."
Demand the genuine and avoid disappointment
THE COCA-COLA CO.
ATLANTA, GA.

:: BUILDERS' SUPPLIES ::
Large Stock—Prompt Service
W. B. THORPE & CO.
'Phone 789

MUTUAL MASTER PICTURES
The Devil
is here. Not the head-keeper of Hades, of course, but a wonderful Mutual Masterpicture reproduction of Franz Molnar's play.
Come and see how "The Devil" mixes things for three women and a man. It's a powerful play, wonderfully acted and superbly staged, costing thousands of dollars to produce.
You'll enjoy the five reels of interesting situations from start to finish.
The last scene is like a page from Dante's Inferno, as hand in hand two staring, disheveled beings, the Artist and Isabella, stumble through the fiery caverns and over writhing bodies.
THE VICTORIA
TODAY ONLY
'Phone 327 for Schedule of Performances.

FISK TIRES
WITH FISK SERVICE
The Tire Buy of the Season
At Fisk prices owners of any car can equip with Fisk Tires and reduce tire up-keep to a lower figure than ever before. Fisk quality means Liberal Mileage and absolute dependability under all conditions of road and weather.
In addition, you have the benefits of Fisk Service, which assures you the personal interest and individual attention of a thousand Fisk trained employees in Fisk Branches and Depots, and the cooperation of Fisk Dealers all over the United States.
Compare These Casing Prices

Sizes	3 x 30	3½ x 30	4 x 33	4 x 34	4½ x 36	5 x 37
Plain Tread	9.00	11.60	19.05	19.40	27.35	32.30
Non-Skid	9.45	12.20	20.00	20.35	28.70	33.90

Fisk Tires For Sale in Wilmington By
W. D. McMILLAN
T. D. PINER
AT LOW PRICES

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC., Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to subscribers outside the county at $6 per year, $3 for six months; $1.50 for three months; or served by carrier in the city and suburbs at 60c. per month, or, when paid in advance, $7.00 per year, $3.50 for six months, $1.75 for three months.

THE SUNDAY STAR by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate and like matter will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 61. Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal money orders for the paper should be made payable and all communications should be addressed to

THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

TUESDAY, MAY 18, 1915.

Georgia has an idea that Dixie is one of that State's nick-names.

Some people take all the vacations and leave none for most of the folks.

When a man wants to be let alone there are others who don't propose to gratify his wishes.

Probably the American note will be more readily discounted in Berlin than in London or Paris.

The Panama-Pacific Exposition is having a hard time to get into the outer rim of the limelight.

None of the nations seem to be willing to wait till the war is over and then challenge Germany for a duel.

It is said that Roosevelt and Barnes will fight to a finish. Most everybody hopes neither will survive the finish.

One reason why the mistress of all the seas is not giving satisfaction is that she also is mistress of all the seizures.

We saw the "clean-up" army in a certain city. It loked as if some other army ought to clean up that "clean-up" army.

A man is going the rounds in Chicago using the hammer on people. In most towns a number of men simply hammer on their town.

It makes our neutrality sick to be disturbed by belligerent ships which keep us from making all sorts of money out of neutrality.

Sing not 'Home, Sweet Home' when you'd rather hang out down-town than to go home at a regular hour when the day's duty has been done.

Remarks the Columbia State: "War, it appears, is necessary." Men supposed to be statesmen make it necessary.

If we will calmy think it over, we will wonder why be considered ourselves safe on any belligerent ship which had to pass into any of the war zones.

It is very, very naughty of Phil Armstrong, of the Jacksonville Times-Union, to observe at this season that "the seaside is no place to air the family skeleton."

The wife of a composer is suing him for divorce and gives as one of her reasons that he is a "love pirate." Most everybody seems to be regarded as a pirate at this time.

A Tokio dispatch says Japan is rejoicing over peace with China. Probably the Japs are rejoicing over a prospective piece of China, something about the size of every piece of the China set.

Now and then a war correspondent claims that he made observations on the firing line while firing was going on, but inasmuch as the censors let it come along with a batch of other lies, newspaper readers only read the yarns for what they are worth.

A Wilmington man says he has no invisible government at home. He says the head of his home government is a perfect dream and all he has to do is to obey the rules and be loyal to the government in view of the fact that this is the strawberry shortcacke season.

Roosevelt thinks it is up to him to speak for America, but Taft looks upon Teddy as entirely out of order. Therefore, Taft has recognized Wilson as this country's only spokesman at this time. Taft has a good eye and he knows when to wink it.

Teddy's egotism leads him to believe the people ought to want him for president as many times as he wants to be president. However, there are some men who take their egotism more sedately and seriously. They would not be surprised to be wanted for president at any time and would accept a nomination even if their wives had to write their speech of acceptance.

KILL MY CAT, I'LL KILL YOUR DOG

In a purely academic way it can be illustrated that war is just as much a matter of revenge on the part of nations as is the killing of one's dog because he killed your cat. The better excuse lies with the dog killers, for war is monstrous in comparison, of course.

In some quarters ridicule is being heaped upon President Wilson for making the observation in his recent Philadelphia speech that there is such a thing as being too proud to fight. The President is safe on that proposition. He did not go into explanation at the time, but he can do so and make good at it, too.

However, we find some alleged peace advocates declaring that there are times when war is justifiable—for instance, in defense of the national honor. Since war is inhuman, we have to inquire whether war is justifiable for any reason. However, we may as well leave out the question of national honor, for war is a matter of aggression, defense, or revenge.

War can best be justified when defense is the plea, but the general idea involved in "national honor" embraces revenge as the motive. We invaded Mexico in April, 1914, and blockaded and captured the port of Vera Cruz, because it was pleaded that the national honor warranted it. It didn't. We did it because Huerta refused to salute the flag and we were taking revenge on him for treating our demand with contempt. If war is slaughter and therefore a crime, how could perpetrating a crime satisfy national honor? Refusal to salute the flag was not such a horrible outrage as to warrant us in going to killing Mexicans by the hundreds to wipe out a stain that was not a crime against us.

A nation ought to be too proud to go to war for revenge. When one nation commits a crime against another and war is declared, the purpose is to take revenge on the offending nation. It is returning outrage and crime for outrage and crime, and certainly President Wilson can easily prove that a nation ought to be too proud to make revenge its excuse to go to war and slaughter thousands in revenge for the killing of a few,

Of course, it is human nature to want to kill a dog because your cat has been killed, and it is human nature for one nation to want to kill the people of another whose people have killed its people. President Wilson has sprung a new moral idea on nations, and it is such a lofty sentiment that we are not surprised to see it belittled by men whose standard of morals embraces the rule of revenge—an eye for an eye; a tooth for a tooth; a life for a life; a crime for a crime.

We are afraid President Wilson is in the minority about the possibility of a nation's being too proud to fight, but no doubt he meant that ought to be the case. Certainly a nation ought to be too proud to want to shoot up another in revenge, or as a matter of resentment in which there isn't any honor—especially in sacrificing human lives to the pride that insists on a salute to the flag.

We once knew a man who became so refined that he got down on fighting. "The bloody thing," he said, "is vulgar, don't you know? Why, it is indecent and absolutely ridiculous." He was about right, but yet we fight. Who returns good for evil? Who turns the other cheek?

THE LEGISLATIVE LIBRARY

Of special value to all the lawyers, justices of the peace, court officials and others is Bulletin No. 2 of the legislative reference department of the North Carolina Historical Commission, created and provided for by the last Legislature. This bulletin is a pamphlet containing in concise and convenient form all "Amendments to Revisal of 1905 Passed by the General Assembly of 1915," by W. S. Wilson, legislative reference librarian. Some idea of its value is indicated by the fact that there are no fewer than 85 of these amendments.

These amendments are printed on only one side of the sheet, so that they may be cut apart and pasted in the Revisal of 1905, or the entire pamphlet may be inserted in the back of the volume, so that any person who has a copy of the Revisal may have the new amendments thereto right at hand for ready reference. In issuing this bulletin, Mr. Wilson promises that at an early date another bulletin will be issued containing the Revisal amendments enacted at all the various sessions of the Legislature since 1905. This, too, will doubtless prove of immense convenience and value to those who need and desire to keep posted on the revised statutes and the numerous amendments thereto.

It is promised that other bulletins will be issued from time to time containing matter of general public interest and information. The next number will be "The Legislative Reference Library; Its Creation and Scope of Service." All these publications are calculated to prove of practical value to the public.

However, the primary purpose in the creation of this new department of the Historical Commission was, as its name indicates, that the members of the Legislature should have ready access to all facts and figures and information bearing upon the various subjects of legislation. No man who has served as a member of the General Assembly or has had occasion for intimate observation of the workings of the legislative body, can fail to appreciate the great value that a Legislative Reference Library in the hands of a capable, versatile and well informed man, will prove to be to the members of the Legislature.

Mr. W. S. Wilson's selection as the librarian was a happy one. He had spent something like a dozen years in the office of the Secretary of State, which has charge of all acts of all sessions of the Legislature, to classify, transcribe, and prepare them for the printers, as well as to supervise the printing. Moreover, he is thoroughly well informed as to the workings of all the legislative machinery, and all the needs of the various parts of the machinery. He knows exactly what is needed to oil the wheels so that the machine may operate with a minimum of friction and delay. In brief, he knows exactly what information the members of the Legislature are apt to need, as to present laws, Supreme Court decisions, the history of various laws that have been enacted in other states but not in this, statistics concerning all the State's institutions, all her industrial, agricultural, commercial and other enterprises and so on ad infinitum. No honest and patriotic legislator cares to act on any measure of importance without first informing himself upon all phases and effects of the measure proposed.

In the Legislative Reference Library is to be compiled and classified and put in shape for quick and ready reference all information that a member of the Legislature needs to guide him in his work, thus eliminating the necessity for expensive delays in committee work and other phases of legislation. If the Legislative Reference Library accomplishes the purpose contemplated, it will add greatly to the efficiency of future legislatures and effect a saving of thousands of dollars in eliminating lost motion and lost time. And with Mr. Wilson in charge it should accomplish all that has been expected of it and more.

EXPORT AND IMPORT POSSIBILITIES.

The local story in The Star yesterday concerning a commercial opportunity for Wilmington in the exportation of timber and woods of various kinds reverses the order in which the matter should have been brought up. In other words, Mr. L. F. Forester, of Asheville, secretary of the Western North Carolina Lumber & Timber Association, calls the attention of the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce to the possibilities of securing for Wilmington the timber export business of Western North Carolina in the future. The reverse of this should have been information from Wilmington to the Western Carolina timber exporters that they can export timber via the port of Wilmington.

The Star on numerous occasions has called attention to this matter of exporting timber, and it will seem rather odd when we state that one of our articles on the subject was inspired by the fact that a Berlin piano factory for several years has concentrated timber in Wilmington and shipped it by rail to Norfolk for export. Up to the war, the Berlin piano manufacturers kept a buyer in Wilmington, and we once asked him why he did not export direct from this port.

He said that was a matter for exporters of timber, and not for the importers who charter their own ships and have to send them on call to a port where a whole timber cargo could be concentrated from the most convenient regions of supply. His house exported from Norfolk because it got suitable rates for timber into that port. Of course, if he could have concentrated a whole cargo of timber at Wilmington, he would have sent his chartered vessel here.

Wilmington ought to be able to put Mr. Forester wise about how to get ships for the export of Western Carolina timber products. In ordinary commercial times it is not the difficulty of getting ships, but simply one of getting cargoes. It is the simple matter of concentrating a cargo at Wilmington and then chartering a ship to come here after it. Ships are not expected to be calling in search of cargoes of that description. The main difficulty in Wilmington is that she has so few exporters, and once more The Star calls attention to the fact that what Wilmington needs is an export and import association.

Wilmington has plenty of export and import opportunities, if there were only the middlemen to act as distributors between buyers and sellers at home and abroad. We never will know what Wilmington's commercial possibilities are till we make a systematic study of them and have the initiative to make good use of the port.

Exporters at Wilmington can get business for Wilmington. Importers at Wilmington can get import business for Wilmington.

IS OUR COTTON BELOW STANDARD?

Mr. N. L. Willet, who writes a great deal on the subject of cotton, contributed one of his communications a few days ago to the Augusta Chronicle. Mr. Willet indicts the South Atlantic part of the Cotton Belt for falling behind in the quality of the staple it produces. Is that a fact, or is it just one of those broad statements that come to the surface now and then? Anyhow, The Chronicle publishes Mr. Willet's letter and says:

"Mr. Willet shows that the world's choicest cotton trade, and at a premium in price, is going to Texas and Oklahoma, and that we in the South Atlantic states are being left in the same category along with India and China—that of growing and selling inferior cotton. He points out that in Texas and Oklahoma they use types of cotton that produce longer and better lint, that they use better gins and gins that clean and grade it, and that the southwestern cotton buyers always pull and test for lint strength. In contrast, he points out our cotton types, our gins, and our system of buying. And out of it all comes the very plain reason as to why the world takes its best cotton trade to Texas and Oklahoma! To reinstate ourselves in this business and in the world's estimation, Mr. Willet says that we must grow other types of cotton, use other gins, and use a wholly different system when buying."

Some time ago we remember having read an article just to the reverse of what Mr. Willet says. The South Atlantic was given credit for producing the best staple, and, in fact, it was very largely producing a long staple which farmers were advised that the mills did not want. Many farmers abandoned the long staple variety and went back to the ordinary cotton of the olden days.

Good cotton depends largely upon seed selection and the climate has a great deal to do with whether the staple is standard or long. If Mr. Willet states the proposition correctly, the remedy should be applied at once. If he is mistaken, it would be well to correct any false impression that might be made about this important matter.

FOR BUSINESS METHODS IN PUBLIC AFFAIRS.

To the Editor of The Star:

It seems to me that the city government should be run like a well managed corporation or a good business man runs his business. The times have been hard and taxes high and burdensome. I never made enough to pay my usual family expenses, including my taxes, last year; neither on my individual nor my grocery business; so when I see the city paying many of their employes more than I think many of said employes could get from individual employers, it makes me feel like the taxpayer has not looked after the management of the city as much as he should. I think the list of wages paid should be published at least once every three months.

Perhaps we should not blame the men we elect to manage the city for their extravagance so much as we do ourselves for not looking after them.

It would be a good idea to have a voters' league like they did have—and, I think have now—in Chicago, which I understand has worked well and the government was more ably run after the voters' league came on the stage than before. What is everybody's business is nobody's business.

We should look closely after the men we elect to govern and see that they govern economically and well. Think it well to have candidates to publicly declare their ideas of government on the general features of city government, so we would know their ideas and what they expect to do before we vote for them.

We merchants have a rule never to pay for goods we buy until examining them. Would it not be well to examine or inspect our candidates well before we vote for them, and especially see if there are any strings tied to them in the way of their voting for certain men for office?

My taxes were harder to raise last year than they ever were and I want all of us to work together to see that we pay only what is necessary to run the government—both in city, county and State. I think now it is up to the county and State to publish a list showing how much they pay each person they employ, and it should be done once every three month.

Respectfully,

D. L. GORE.

Wilmington, N. C., May 17, 1915.

CURRENT COMMENT.

One man who had booked passage on the Lusitania for her last trip but cancelled it has actually declared that he had no "premonition" that if he sailed on her he would get into trouble. He is a most remarkable man, for as everybody knows it is customary for folks to be saved from disasters by premonitions. It was a broken ankle that caused this man to postpone his trip to Europe. Folks who are warned occultly, spiritually or in some other mysterious way in advance of terrible happenings arrogate to themselves closer relations with the spirit world than the poor mortals have who get no warnings and go to a quick fate. Nobory ever boasts of missing a train or a boat unless the train runs off the track or the boat sinks.—Savannah News.

General Harrison returned to the bar and prospered. He was so independent there after his term in the White House that he once rebuked an attorney in opposition for referring to it in a case on trial. Cleveland found congenial work at Princeton after the "fitful fever" of politics was over. Mr. Roosevelt in private life is taking care of himself in strenuous style. He gets his own prices for the products of his pen, and keeps that reasonably busy. And surely Mr. Taft is asking no odds of anybody. He is hoeing his own row, not only profitably, but with ease and as if he liked the employment. Of all our public men, Mr. Taft is absolutely the best loser on a large scale to date. He has never complained once about the country's verdict of 1912. He accepted it promptly in the best of spirit, and has not changed his humor. He discusseses it without levity or solemnity, and with evidence that he has examined it from all sides. He is welcome everywhere and in all companies. As a law teacher he is performing a great service to the entire country. For in his classes wherever he lectures are promising young men soon to take their place as molders and leaders of opinion, and he is helping to mould them.—Chester (Pa.) Republican.

We suppose it is in order to issue a warning to the ribald unregenerates of Tarheelia that we have a sizable pone as the Busher would dub it, in our system. Say what they like about us, we always honk-honk before loosing a metrical torpedo.—Columbia State.

In the last few years two of the most noted American families have each lost a prominent member in a great disaster at sea. John Jacob Astor went down with the Titanic and Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt lost his life on the Lusitania. Great wealth doesn't avail to save its possessor's life at such times as the cold, dark morning when the Titanic sank or the bright afternoon when the Lusitania was torpedoed. Neither Mr. Astor nor Mr. Vanderbilt could buy space in a lifeboat then, and it is not of record that either of them tried to do so. Survivors of the Titanic said that the former died bravely and there has come no word to show that Mr. Vanderbilt also was not brave to the last moment. Such disasters are great levelers. They tend to decrease popular respect for mere wealth and show that the real qualities that men respect have nothing to do with such external things as money and houses and lands. It was Astor's bravery and not his money that won respect. The Titanic's musicians who played courageously until the water filled their instruments received more tributes than the rich men who died with them.—Savannah News.

HOT WEATHER DRINK
Horsford's Acid Phosphate
A teaspoonful added to a glass of cold tea or water, with sugar, is delightfully refreshing.

"Complete Ruin was Staring me in the Face"

How many men face ruin through alcohol! The craving for drink brings sorrow to countless households, breaks up innumerable homes, throws into despair thousands of women—wives and mothers—often with children growing up to face the world as "inebriates' children."

But all this can be averted—as it has been averted in thousands of cases in the past—through the Keeley Treatment as given at Greensboro, N. C. For 25 years "the Keeley Cure," to quote the late Rev. Dr. T. De Witt Talmage, "has saved where nothing else under heaven would."

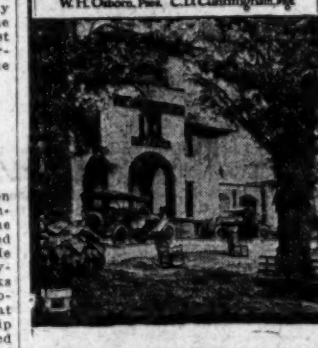
Such a case, for instance, was that of James M. Pittard, of Cedar Grove, N. C., who writes:

"For 20 years I was a slave to strong drink, and complete ruin was staring me in the face when I started the treatment. Since that time I have not tasted strong drink nor had any desire to do so, and having gone eleven years without it, I have no fear whatever for the future."

It is more than a mere treatment that accomplishes this success—it is a treatment plus the sympathetic influence of men who understand, and the result is the transformation of drink-erased, discouraged mortals into clean-living, clear-thinking men with fresh ideals and ambitions. Aiding in this work is the Southern hospitality, the delightful surroundings, the home cooking, the spirit of rest and comfort that exists at the Institute in Greensboro.

Are you—or have you some one you hold dear who is—in need of our help? Write us frankly and in confidence—let us advise you.

The Keeley Institute
Greensboro, North Carolina.
W. H. Osborn, Pres. C. D. Cunningham, Mgr.



Wanted

Boy, 15 or 16 years old, with experience behind Soda Fountain; must have A-1 references.

For Rent

3rd floor Bunting Building; also several nice, cool offices.

J. HICKS BUNTING

DRUG COMPANY

The "Quality" Drug Store,
FRONT AND GRACE STREETS.

THE EFFECT
of the finest lenses is often ruined by ill-fitting frames, and mountings. Our success is due to our ability to fit and fit perfectly any shape nose with the famous
SHUR-ON EYEGLASSES

EYES EXAMINED FREE.

Dr. Vineberg
Masonic Temple.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Smithville Township, Brunswick county, Road Commissioners will receive sealed bids for construction of about 16 miles Sand Clay road, until noon, May 24th, 1915.

Road Commissioners will meet May 17th, to go over road with any contractors who may be interested in bidding on this work.

Plans, profiles and specifications may be secured from Road Commissioners at Southport, N. C., or W. H. Banck, Engineer, Wilmington, N. C. The Road Commissioners reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

C. LENNON, Chairman.

my13-1w

GEO. O. GAYLORD'S
Big Department Store
MID-SUMMER SALE

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY, MAY 20th AND 21st, WE WILL HAVE OUR MID-SEASON OPENING. EVERYBODY INVITED.

We propose to show to the ladies of Wilmington the biggest assortment of Millinery ever shown in this city, and the best; prices now about half.

We have made big improvements in the store in the last few weeks. The different departments have all been liberally replenished. This Big Store is overflowing with good bargains and a liberal welcome and kind treatment to all. It is the same old store as of old, with new experience added.

THE DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT has a complete and almost a new stock of Silks and Spring and Summer Dress Goods.

A splendid line of new Poplins, 25c, 50c and 75c a yard. Jap Silks, Chinese Silks and other styles of Wash Silks, from 35c. to 85c. a yard. Striped Voiles, a yard wide, worth 35c. a yard, for 20c.; 36-inch double fold Crepes, worth 25c a yard for 12½c. Lots of new things in this department on sale at Special Prices.

THE MILLINERY DEPARTMENT is loaded full of new goods. The assortment is wonderful and the hats beautiful. The price is just about half what it was two months ago. The styles are Mid-Season styles, any colors you want. We trim them free of charge, if you buy them from us and sell you velvet ribbons, silk ribbons and flowers at the lowest price.

Save money and buy your Millinery from us. The stock is larger, our Milliners are of the best, and our assortment greater.

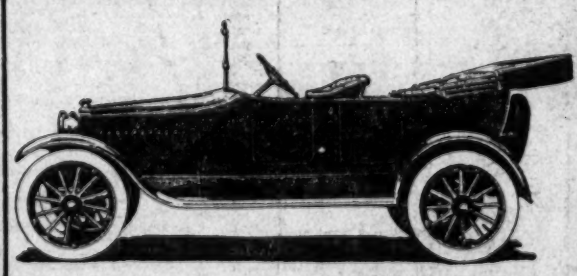
THE COAT SUIT DEPARTMENT are showing nice Silk Waists at 98c. Ladies' White Coats, formerly $7.98 now $5.00 each. The best assortment of Ladies Wash Dresses, $2.00 values, for $1.19. Misses White Suits, Ladies' Palm Beach Suits. A beautiful assortment of Ladies' Skirts. Misses' White Skirts. Ladies' and Misses' Parasols. These goods all just received.

MATTING SQUARES, 9x12, for $2.98. Good Matting at 22½c a yard. Sheets and Pillow Cases, 10c each, or $1.00 a dozen. Sheets, nicely made, 72x90 inches, 39c. each, or $4.50 per dozen.

REMEMBER THE OPENING DAYS, Thursday and Friday of this week, and lots of things to sell on those days. Special Prices.

GEO. O. GAYLORD'S Big Department Store
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SAXON SIX $785



You are invited to try it out.

Demonstration places you under no obligation.

Advise us what time will be convenient for you.

W. D. MacMillan, Jr.

Phone 345

The Season is Here For

LAWN MOWERS
SCREEN DOORS
WINDOW SCREENS
GALVANIZED AND BLACK SCREEN WIRE CLOTH
GARDEN HOSE
HOSE REELS
REFRIGERATORS

A FULL STOCK OF ABOVE

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.

DISTRICT AGENTS.

Purcell Building Wilmington, N. C.

ORDINANCE

...en Up at Conference Held Last Evening.

New Administration Endeavoring to Make the Ordinance More Effective and More Equitable, Meet Again Tonight.

The tax ordinance for the forthcoming fiscal year occupied the attention of City Council at a conference held in the Mayor's office last night, with Mayor Moore, all members of Council, the city attorney and city clerk and treasurer in attendance. Only the tax ordinance was considered last night, and it will require another conference this evening to whip the ordinance into shape.

While no definite action was taken, a number of changes in the tax ordinance were tentatively decided upon last evening, all of them being of a nature to facilitate the collection of license and privilege taxes, this being the end of the present Council is striving for.

Under former tax ordinances, many special taxes have been imposed that for one reason or another, have been impossible to collect. The new administration, it is stated, will endeavor to construct an ordinance that will make it possible to collect all such taxes, and practically all changes considered are aimed at making the ordinance more effective and more equitable.

The question of protecting home industries is also receiving the consideration of Council. One subject that came in for discussion last evening was with reference to the many local grocery stores that handle bread produced by bakeries in other cities and shipped here to compete with the product of the home bakeries. No action was taken on this problem last evening, however. A more effective tax on itinerant dealers was also discussed, but no action taken.

Council did not discuss the ad valorem tax rate last night. This, however, will in all probability remain at $2, it was stated. Councilman McCaig, in charge of the department of accounts and finances, who has given the matter considerable study, holds out little hope for a reduction in the tax rate, in view of the fact that the new administration starts out under the handicap of a deficit of practically $100,000. The Council, however, intends to hold the rate down to its present figure at least, and to materially lower the deficit on hand at the present time by practicing rigid economy in all departments during the next two years.

Budget and salary matters were not discussed at the meeting last evening, it was stated, but will probably be taken up at a later meeting this week.

The conference tonight will be for the purpose of continuing work on the tax ordinance.

REUNION OF STUDENTS.

Former Students of Cape Fear Academy to Meet at Y. M. C. A. Tonight.

Rev. Andrew J. Howell has issued a call for a meeting of all the former pupils of the Cape Fear Academy at the Y. M. C. A. tonight at 8 o'clock to arrange for a reunion to be held in the near future. Prof. Washington Catlett has been principal of the school for the last 40 years and many of the business and professional men of Wilmington received their preparatory education at this institution.

Following is a copy of the call for the meeting which has been issued by Rev. Andrew J. Howell:

"The Cape Fear Academy will begin its 43rd session next fall, which means that for more than 40 years Professor Catlett has been teaching the boys of Wilmington. This is a most remarkable record, and I feel quite sure that it cannot be duplicated in North Carolina. Certainly no teacher in the State has prepared more boys for college than has Professor Catlett, and there are many hundreds of boys in Wilmington and elsewhere that have received their training for life under his instruction. The thought of all this should bind us all together in a feeling of affection for the old school and its faithful and efficient head.

"It has been suggested that we meet together for a school reunion at some time in the near future, to recall old times and enjoy our old-time companionship, and also to do honor to our teacher. I, therefore, take the liberty of requesting that all who are interested in arranging such an occasion meet at the Y. M. C. A. Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock for that purpose.

"Let us take this matter in hand with an interest that will carry it along; and let students of all periods of the school's history feel that they will be welcomed to join in the occasion.

"Remember: Tuesday evening, 18th at Y. M. C. A. at 8 o'clock."

CONTRACT AWARDED FOR CEMETERY WATERWORKS

Mr. A. D. O'Brien to Install Complete System at Oakdale at Once.

The contract for the installation of a complete system of waterworks at Oakdale cemetery was awarded yesterday afternoon by the board of directors of the cemetery company to Mr. A. D. O'Brien, a well known contractor of this city. Work is to begin at once and is to be completed within 60 days. The system will be connected with the city water mains from which the supply will be obtained.

It was decided at a meeting of the stockholders early in the year to install the system and a committee was appointed to take the matter in charge. There will be hydrants placed at convenient intervals throughout the entire cemetery so that all the lots can be easily watered with the use of ordinary garden hose. This improvement will aid materially in keeping the grass and flowers that have been planted in the cemetery in a thriving condition. Heretofore it has been necessary in order to water the plants to carry the water from a well in the cemetery.

Collided With Mud Scow.

The Clyde Line steamer Navahoe, which arrived in this port yesterday and later cleared for Georgetown, collided with a mud scow on her way out of New York harbor and punched a big hole in her bow, four feet above the water line. Breasting the waves caused a considerable quantity of water to be thrown through the hole and when she came into port the vessel was listing badly. Some of the cargo was damaged.

Your dollar will do double duty at Polvogt's today. It's their Dollar Day Sale.—Advertisement.

...OURT CONVENED YESTERDAY

...t. Humphreys Against ...elity Trust and Development Company Was Begun.

A two-weeks' term of Superior Court for the trial of civil cases convened yesterday morning, with Judge George Rountree, of this city, presiding, and fair progress was made during the day. Most of yesterday's session was taken up with hearing the evidence in the case of C. R. Humphreys against the Fidelity Trust and Development Company, which will be resumed this morning.

Mr. Humphreys, a local civil engineer, is bringing the action against the Fidelity for the sum of $4,500, alleged to be due him for services performed by him for the defendant, under contract. There were at first two separate cases, but they were consolidated yesterday morning. It is alleged by the defense that the defendant broke the contract himself, and though urged to carry it out, declined to do so.

J. O. Carr, Esq., appears for the plaintiff and John D. Bellamy & Son and C. D. Weeks, Esq., represent the plaintiff. The evidence of both sides was heard yesterday and the arguments will begin when court reconvenes this morning.

Judgment was entered yesterday in the case of J. Spillman against the Ocean View Company.

The following cases were continued: H. R. Ruark against J. W. Harper; Coharie Lumber Company against W. C. Bushmann et al.; Wilmington Iron Works against the Coharie Lumber Company.

A case of considerable public interest, that of J. C. Holly against the Greensboro Life Insurance Company and others, is scheduled to be taken up next Monday. The plaintiff is suing for the sum of $2,500, the amount of insurance carried on the life of his ward, Edward Cromwell, who perished in Rock Springs Hotel fire here in the summer of 1910. Holly, it will be remembered, was charged with the death of the boy, but was acquitted.

Judge George Rountree, who is presiding, exchanged courts with Judge H. W. Whedbee in order to be at home for this term.

MRS. ELLEN BARRY DEAD.

Widow of Late Capt. John Barry Passed Away Yesterday.

Mrs. Ellen Barry, widow of the late Capt. John Barry, died yesterday morning at her home, No. 421 Campbell street. She had been seriously ill for only about a week, but death was expected on account of advanced age. Mrs. Barry was born in Middletown, county Cork, Ireland, in 1822, hence was 93 years of age. She came to America when a young girl, afterwards marrying Capt. John Barry, their married life existing for more than 65 years. Capt. Barry died about a year ago.

Mrs. Barry had been a devout Catholic during her long life, being a communicant of St. Thomas' church and St. Mary's Pro-Cathedral, Wilmington, for more than 50 years.

Immediate relatives are three daughters, Mrs. Margaret Sefton, Washington, D. C.; Mrs. Mary E. Kelley, this city; Mrs. W. J. Tracy, Rocky Mount, N. C.; and one son, Dr. Jno. P. Barry, Washington, D. C., all of whom were present at her death. She left many grandchildren and great-grandchildren. The funeral will be held Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock from St. Mary's Pro-Cathedral; requieum high mass; interment Oakdale cemetery. The pall-bearers will be the same as at the funeral of Capt. Barry.

NEW MEMBERS OF CHAMBER

Elected at Meeting of Executive Committe Yesterday Afternoon.

The United Cigar Stores Company and the Baltimore & Carolina Steamship Company were elected members of the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce at a meeting of the executive committee held yesterday afternoon in the quarters of the organization on the seventh floor of the Murchison building.

President L. E. Hall presided at the meeting and in atendance were Messrs. H. Lacy Hunt, J. L. Sprunt, J. Van B. Metts, C. Van Leuven and L. Stein.

The committee spent some time discussing the personnel of the various committees for the ensuing year, and a number of other matters were also considered.

A letter was received from Mr. W. A. Hunt, secretary of the North Carolina Bankers' Association, thanking the chamber for its kind action in extending to the members of the Association the privileges of the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce when the annual convention of the organization is held at Wrightsville Beach next month.

SERMON BY DR. WELLS.

Preached Baccalaureate Sermon at Peace Institute in Raleigh.

Rev. Dr. J. M. Wells, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, preached the baccalaureate sermon to the students of Peace Institute in Raleigh Sunday morning. He took for his text the words of Mary, mother of Jesus, "From henceforth all generations shall call me blessed." The sermon was a severe arraignment of the evils of gambling, drinking, luxury and immodesty. He urged that women turn away from the things that are wrecking the nation and appealed to them to exercise a high and lofty patriotism.

"Dr. Wells created a highly favorable impression by his pleasant yet direct address," says The News and Observer in an account of the sermon. "He is by no means a word waster, and the opinion of his hearers was that his effort yesterday ranks among the great sermons delivered in this city."

BEFORE THE RECORDER.

Two Negroes Sent to Roads for Three Months Each—Other Cases.

Frank Burnett, colored, was given three months on the county roads yesterday by Recorder Empie, on a charge of assault with a deadly weapon, and Alonzo Boston, another negro, was given a similar sentence on a charge of committing a nuisance. Alex. Olden, colored, was found not guilty of larceny and Haywood Pollock, also colored, charged with assault, was discharged. Moses Brockington, colored, was taxed with the costs for an assault on a female, and John Barnes, colored, was found not guilty of carrying concealed weapons.

Deed for Sewer System.

The formal transfer of the sewer system of the Greenfield Sewerage & Development Company to the City of Wilmington has been made, the deed having been placed on file for registration yesterday. The system serves the former suburb, Greenfield Terrace, and was purchased by the city, following the extension of the city limits, for the sum of $2,700. It will be connected with the city system.

BLIND TIGER CRUSADE TAKES ANOTHER TURN

Five White Women Arraigned for Selling Whiskey.

Imported Special Officer for Police Department Worked Up Cases—Part of General Campaign to "Clean Up" City.

The systematic crusade against "blind tigers" that has been in progress in Wilmington for the last several weeks under the direction of Chief of Police Williams took a new turn yesterday when five white women were arraigned before the Recorder on charges of violating the prohibition law. Three of them entered submissions and judgment was reserved until Friday, the women being recognized for their appearance. The cases against the other two were continued until Wednesday.

So far in the last several weeks there have been about 50 cases before the Recorder for violations of the prohibition law and practically all of these it seems have been worked up by a special officer or defective of the police department, who was brought to the city for the specific purpose of directing the crusade.

It was stated yesterday that while more arrests than usual have been made in the last few days as a result of the activity of this special officer that this was not due to an extra "spurt" by the police department but that it was felt it was impossible for the local officers because of their being widely known to work up certain cases and it was for this reason that a stranger was secured.

Chief of Police Williams said last night that it is his intention to enforce the prohibition law to the very later as far it is possible to do so at all times. In certain instances it seems that the impression has been that persons could dispose of "refreshments" because it was in their own home. It appears that it required some ingenuity on the part of the police department to know just how to go about working up cases against these persons.

The white women entering submissions before the Recorder yesterday were: Lottie Morgan, Ella Smith, Ted McDonald, while the cases against Ethel Coley and Mary Jones were continued until Wednesday. Annie Bigelow, another white woman, was charged with vagrancy and will be tried tomorrow.

May Clifford and Josie Malone, two other white women, were arrested by the police department yesterday afternoon and each gave bond in the sum of $100 for their appearance before the Recorder this morning.

Judgment was suspended upon payment of the costs in the case against Thomas McNeal, colored, charged with violating the prohibition law and judgment was held open in a case against George Mills, also colored, charged with a similar offense. A case against Purcell McLean, colored, on the same charge was continued for the defendant.

VETERANS TRUST WILSON

Reunion of Survivors of Third Infantry Association Held Yesterday.

Resolutions expressing confidence in the policy pursued by President Wilson in dealing with the situation growing out of the sinking of the Lusitania were adopted by the members of the old Third North Carolina Association at their annual reunion in celebration of the 50th anniversary which was held at Capt. W. H. Northrop's cottage on Wrightsville Beach yesterday. There was the largest attendance at the reunion of any that have been held in five or six years. It was a very pleasant occasion for the veterans and their sons and for several hours before partaking of a sumptuous oyster roast they discussed incidents of the late War Between the States in which this regiment took a prominent part.

Following the dinner the veterans held their annual business session at which the resolutions endorsing the President's course were adopted and officers for the ensuing year elected as follows:

President—Capt. W. H. Northrop.

Secretary and Treasurer—Mr. W. L. DeRosset.

A history of the association in which will be embodied a roster of its original and its present membership is being prepared and will be published at an early date.

FRIENDLY TO FRANK

Louis M. Ginsburg Finds Sentiment in Wilmington Favorable to Him.

Mr. Louis M. Ginsburg, of Atlanta, who is spending a few days in Wilmington, said last night that he had been greatly impressed with the many people in Wilmington who have expressed themselves as friendly to Leo Frank, the Atlanta Jew, who has been condemned to be hanged after every possible legal resource except executive clemency in his behalf has been exhausted.

Mr. Ginsburg is Southern correspondent for the Jewish Leader of New York and says that his paper gives account of three mass meetings which were held Sunday in Minneapolis, Minn., Indianapolis, Ind. and Detroit, Mich., that were attended by representative men of every walk of life, at which resolutions were adopted appealing to the Governor of Georgia to pardon the condemned man. Mr. Ginsburg also says that the editor of the Augusta Chronicle, formerly one of those who believed that Frank should be punished, has written the Governor urging to give the condemned man a new trial.

FORMER WILMINGTONIAN DEAD.

Mrs. Susan P. Howard, Who Died in Norfolk, Had Relatives Here.

Mrs. Susan Pendleton Howard, who died last Friday in Norfolk, Va., was before her marriage Miss Susan McIlhenny and a sister of the late Col. T. C. McIlhenny, of this city. She was an aunt of Mrs. Washington Catlett, Mrs. Susan Lockhart and Mr. T. C. McIlhenny, all of Wilmington. She had reached the ripe age of 84 years and was greatly beloved by all who knew her.

She was a native of Wilmington, but had lived in Norfolk for the last 48 years. Besides her two children, Miss Lila Howard and Mr. Paul R. Howard, of Norfolk, she is also survived by seven grandchildren.

Delayed by Freight Wreck.

Passenger train No. 65 from the North was delayed three hours last night on account of a freight wreck at Dudley and did not arrive in this city until 9 o'clock. No one was hurt in the wreck and no serious damage was done.

POSTAL BANKING BY MAIL

Important Extension in Postal Savings Bank Service is Announced by the Department.

Every person in the United States ten years old or over may open an account in a postal savings bank after July 1, according to an instructive leaflet on the Postal Savings System just issued by Postmaster General Burleson, copies of which have been received here by Postmaster H. McL. Green. This important extension of the service will be made possible by permitting persons living in communities so sparsely settled as not to justify the designation of their local postoffices as regular postal savings banks to open accounts by mail.

Governor Dockery, Third Assistant Postmaster General, who has direct supervision of postal savings, was so impressed by appeals from all over the country to open postal savings accounts by mail that he took up the task some weeks ago of working out a feasible and safe method of meeting a demand well illustrated in the following letter from a Saline county Missourian, who resides many miles from a postal savings bank:

"Having a few hundred dollars saved from fifty years of hard and assiduous labor and skimping economy on the part of my wife and myself, we concluded to deposit it in the Postal Savings Bank of ——. We wrote to the postmaster at that place and received reply to the effect that none but patrons of that office could deposit which is very disappointing news to us. Our little farm is not large enough to support us and land is so high that it is impossible for us to buy more with what little we have saved and we are so old that we can't labor much now and we would be so glad to lay by at least enough to put us away in decency."

Under the plan adopted by the Postmaster General for opening accounts by mail an intending depositor, residing where there is no regularly designated postal savings bank, will apply to his local postmaster who will see that necessary identification data is prepared and forwarded to a nearby postoffice authorized to accept deposits. The intending depositor will then be given permission to forward his first and subsequent deposits by money order or registered mail direct to the postmaster at the banking point for which receipts or certificates will be issued. He may withdraw all or any part of his postal savings by mail and on demand together with any interest that may be due him.

The new leaflet points out that any person ten years old or over may open an account in his or her own name; that an account may be opened by a married woman free from any control or interference by her husband; that postoffice officials are forbidden to disclose to any person, except the depositor, the amount of any deposits; that withdrawals may be made without previous notice; and that the government guarantees to repay all deposits on demand with accrued interest.

The leaflet will son be printed in 22 foreign languages for distribution through local post offices. The foreign-born citizen has taken very kindly to postal savings, and literature in his own language will be of great assistance to him. In a recent article, Postmaster General Burleson commented on the foreign-born depositor as follows:

"Upwards of 500,000 depositors now have accounts in the Postal Savings System and they represent every nationality on the earth. They also represent almost every known occupation —professional men, theatrical people, mechanics, laborers, fishermen pack peddlers, etc. But the majority are wage-earners, and of this class the foreign-born largely predominate. A census of depositors taken by the Postoffice Department shows that approximately 40 per cent. ($90,000) of the depositors are foreign-born citizens and they own more than 50 per cent. of the deposits—splendid evidence of the confidence of our newly acquired citizens in the ability and good faith of their adopted country to fulfill its obligations.

"There is another reason which led immigrants, unfamiliar with our language and business methods, to turn to the government to safeguard their humble savings and that reason is the disastrous experiences many of them have had by the failures of bogus "private banks" officered by swindlers of their own tongue who have preyed mercilessly upon their loneliness and credulity."

Postal savings receipts have broken all records the past year. During the eight months prior to April 1 there was a net gain in deposits of $19,000,000, as against a gain of $8,000,000 for the same months the year before. Thousands of new accounts have been opened and the millions made up largely of hidden savings have been turned back into the channels of trade just at a time when there was pressing demand for every dollar.

PRESENTS FOR SCHOOLS.

Graduating Classes This Year Will Follow Usual Custom.

In accordance with the custom prevailing for the past several years, the graduating classes at the local grammar schools and high school this year will present to their schools handsome art objects to form part of the art collections that are such an attractive feature of the Wilmington schools.

The Senior class of the High School will present to the school a very handsome, life-size bas relief, "A Call to Duty."

One division of the graduating class of the Union school will give to that school a plaque, "Morning," and the other division will present the school with a bas relief, "Orpheus, Eurydice and Hermes."

The two divisions of the graduating class at the Hemenway will present that school with two handsome statuettes, to be placed in the niches at the entrance. One will be "Hebe," the other "Diana."

OPEN STORE ON BEACH

Hall & Ross Will Maintain Branch on Island During Summer.

Hall & Ross, Inc., a leading local retail grocery concern, yesterday opened their branch store on Wrightsville Beach. The store is located on the northern extension of the beach, almost opposite the Oceanic Hotel, in a handsome new building especially erected for the purpose, and is convenient to all the cottagers on the island.

The firm announces that they will carry a complete line of groceries and tables delicacies at the branch store, and they promise the same efficient and courteous service as is the order at their uptown establishment.

The establishment of a completely stocked grocery store on the beach has been made necessary by the rapidly increasing summer population there each year.

ITCHING NEARLY DROVE A WHOLE FAMILY CRAZY

Kansas City, Mo., Oct. 24, 1914:—"My husband had a rash all over his body, and soon the WHOLE FAMILY was in the same condition. It looked scaly and raised up on the arms and body in big bumps. This trouble burned and itched so that it would nearly drive one crazy. It was always worse at night, so we could not sleep. We all had this trouble for about two or three years, and during that time tried many remedies and prescriptions with no results. We tried Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap and it RELIEVED AT ONCE, and before the third jar of ointment had been used, we were all completely cured. It has been four months since we were cured, and there are no traces of the trouble."—(Signed) Mrs. S. A. Clarkson, 1520 Lawn Ave.

Every druggist sells Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap, and physicians have prescribed them for 20 years in the treatment of skin troubles.

Clears Skin—Stops All Blood Troubles

Goes Right Down to Where the Germs Start From.

The action of S. S. S., the famous blood purifier, is notable in the skin. It is but natural that blood impurities should seek an outlet. Water, gas, oil and nearly all the active products of nature seek the surface. It seems to be a cosmic law. Even our thoughts will undertake to find expression. And so whatever we take into our system will eventually come out changed in form, converted often into some other substance, but constituting always either waste or that which has served its useful purpose and must be eliminated. And the skin is the principal avenue for escape of certain acids or poisons. If the skin and blood be healthy, these wastes pass off as vapor or perspiration. But impure blood loads the skin with eczema, pimples, acne, rheumatism, rash, fever blisters, blood risings and other eruptions. And S. S. S. has been found the very best, safest and most effective remedy to purify the blood and thus restore the skin to clear and attractive health. Get a bottle today of any druggist, but be emphatic. Do not allow anyone to hand you a substitute. Wrapped around the bottle is an interesting circular that tells you how to obtain skillful advice free on any subject concerning the blood.

S. S. S. is prepared only by The Swift Specific Co., 113 Swift Bldg., Atlanta, Ga. Look for this name on the package.

J. B. McCABE
Certified Public Accountant
Room 815 Murch. Nat. Bank Bldg.
Phone 898 WILMINGTON, N. C.

Get A Dime Bank

From the "Peoples" and start the habit of saving your Dimes. The Banks are Free, the only requirement being that you deposit with us One Dime for which we put a Dime Check in the Little Bank and give you credit for the Dime Check when the Bank is returned for deposit.

We want everybody to have one. Call by the "Peoples" today and let us give YOU one.

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

CORNER FRONT AND PRINCESS STS.

The Gospel of Saving

THRIFT is so essential to happiness that failure to practice it is incomprehensible. It is such an easy, simple thing, and it means so much. It is the foundation of success in business, of contentment in the home, of standing in society. It stimulates industry. You never hear of a thrifty man who is lazy. It begets independence and self-confidence, and, finally, it makes a MAN of the individual who practices it.

We invite you to make use of the services of our bank to practice thrift.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company

110 Princess Street

WE HANDLE

GASOLINE. KEROSENE. GREASES. OIL SOAP. LUBRICATING OILS FOR ALL MACHINERY.

OUR CARBONLESS AUTOIL

FOR AUTOMOBILES CANNOT BE EXCELLED. PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRY.

CAPE FEAR OIL CO.

WILMINGTON, N. C. 'PHONE 873.

Quickest, Cheapest, Best

Deliveries. Prices. Workmanship.

Stacks, Tanks, Iron, Steel.

Iron, Brass and Aluminum Castings.

CAPE FEAR MACHINE WORKS

Church and Surry Streets. Phone 213.

THE IRON MEN

—STOCK—

BOILER PLATE AND STEEL.
BAR AND ROUND IRON.
CAST IRON, ALL KINDS.
STEAM AND GAS ENGINES.
PUMPS AND TANKS.
SAW MILLS AND PULLEYS.
SHAFTING AND HANGERS.

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Star Hams	17½c	Catawba Butter	35c
D. H. Tomatoes, 3 for	25c	Irish Potatoes	25c
Compound Lard	10c	Pure Lard	14c
Ivory Soap	4c	Octagon Soap	4c
Prunes	10c	Prunes	14c
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School Days Memories

An arrangement of Beautiful Designs Lithographed in Many Beautiful Colors, with Dainty Pages in Monotint alternating.

The selections are Most Appropriate to Record the Events Connected with School Life, from the Entrance into School to Graduation.

Northam's Book and Stationery Store

'PHONE 651 — WILMINGTON, N. C. — 101 PRINCESS ST.

Star Business Locals Get Results.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Miss Gladys Council, of Lake Waccamaw, spent the week-end in the city with friends.

* * *

Mrs. H. B. Sedberry has returned from a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Ruark, of Shallotte.

* * *

Mr. J. Bailey Robeson and son, Palmer, returned to Sanford yesterday after visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. Davis Robbins, Jr.

* * *

The regular meeting of the Housewives' League will be held this afternoon at 4 o'clock in the Merchants' Exhibit room.

* * *

Mr. T. K. Wells, of Pender county, is visiting his daughter, Mrs. M. V. Lanier, No. 611 Grace street. He will be in the city about two weeks.

* * *

Mrs. J. P. Crelley and two children left Saturday to visit Mr. Crelly's home, Philadelphia. They will also visit other Northern cities before returning home.

* * *

Mr. James A. Drew, of Southport, spent Sunday in the city with his daughter, Mrs. J. Davis Robbins, Jr., and left yesterday for Sanford to spend several days.

* * *

Miss Hazel Ormsby, of Lakeland, Fla., who is visiting her friend, Miss Ruby Duncan, No. 510 Ann street, will leave today for Washington, D. C., where she will spend a week.

* * *

Miss Elsie Riddick has returned to Raleigh after spending the week-end with her cousin, Miss Bessie Bene Hayes, and her friends, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Westbrook, of Bradley's Creek.

* * *

—Amos White, colored, was arrested yesterday by Special Officer H. Mack Godwin on a charge of abandonment and non-support and went to jail in default of bond to await a hearing before Justice Harriss today.

* * *

The "White" team of the Epworth League of Fifth Street Methodist church will entertain the "Gold" team this evening at 8 o'clock. There will be an interesting musical programme rendered.

* * *

Mrs. Boyden Randolph Sparkes and little daughter, Bessie Ledford, of Chicago, are visiting Mrs. Sparkes' mother, Mrs. Cuthbert Martin. Mrs. Sparkes before her marriage was Miss Bessie Gore and her many friends will be glad to learn that she is to spend the summer in Wilmington.

* * *

The Ladies' Foreign Missionary Society of the First Presbyterian church will hold its regular monthly meeting this afternoon at 4 o'clock inthe church parlors. All the ladies of the congregation are invited to attend. All members are urged to be present as business of importance is to be transacted. The meeting to he held this afternoon was postponed from last Tuesday on account of inclement weather.

* * *

Sunday's Savannah Morning News: "Mr. Benjamin E. Adams, of Wilmington, N. C., will return to his home today after a visit of a few days in the city with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Adams. Mrs. Adams and Benjamin, Jr., will remain for a longer visit.——Mrs. Farley R. Wells entertained very delightfully Thursday afternoon for her little niece, Miss Adrienne Hanby, of Wilmington, N. C. Rook and other games were played, the prize being drawn by Miss Hanby. Refreshments were served and each guest was given a tiny basket filled with candy."

CASE GIVEN TO THE JURY

Trial of Five Hamlet Men, Charged With Stealing Interstate Freight, Completed in Federal Court.

Shortly after 6 o'clock yesterday the case in which five white men, former employes on the Seaboard Air Line yards at Hamlet, are charged with larceny of interstate freight was given to the jury by Judge H. G. Connor in Federal Court. The jury reported at 9 o'clock that they had been unable to agree on a verdict and Judge Connor instructed Marshal W. G. Dortch to keep them together during the night.

The entire day was devoted to the hearing of evidence and the argument of counsel. The defense completed its examination of witnesses and the government offered evidence in rebuttal. Every inch of ground was bitterly contested and the case on account of the prominence of the defendants at Hamlet has attracted considerable attention. All of the five defendants are out on bond.

Following the argument of counsel both for the government and the defendants Judge Connor in an able charge to the jury pointed out the various features of the evidence that should be taken into consideration and the law bearing on the subject. Court then took a recess until 8:30 last night. After waiting for nearly an hour the jury was still unable to agree on a verdict and a recess was then taken until this morning.

It is probable that the criminal docket will be disposed of today. One of the cases to be tried today is that in which several Columbus citizens are charged with violating a government statute by sending alleged worthless checks to a mail order house for merchandise said to have been ordered by them. There are several other cases of minor importance.

As soon as the criminal docket is completed the trial of civil, equity and admiralty cases will be taken up. It is likely that court will continue for the entire term of two weeks.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. C. M. Butler is spending a few days in Chicago on business.

—Mr. E. C. Powell, of Cairo, Ga., has returned home after spending several days in the city.

—State Senator D. F. Giles, of Marion, N. C., spent yesterday in the city on a business trip.

—W. P. Mangum Turner, Esq., has returned from a business trip to Raleigh, Greensboro and other places in the central part of the State.

—Postmaster H. McL. Green and Joseph W. Little, Esq., are among those who will go to Red Springs this morning to attend the annual meeting of the Scottish Society of America which will be held there today. Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure, who is chaplain of the society, will also attend the meeting today.

LOCAL DOTS.

—By deed filed for record yesterday Solomon Sternberger and wife transfer to David P. Canady and wife, for $100 and other considerations, inside lot near southwest corner of Fifteenth and Castle streets, 41 1-2x110 feet in size.

"NOTICE TO MARINERS."

New Channel Range Front Supplemental Light to be Established.

The following from the latest issue of the government's "Notice to Mariners" will prove of local interest:

"North Carolina—Cape Fear river—New Channel Range Front Supplemental Light, to be established, about June 1, 1915; to be installed in the rear of present lantern, to be flashing white every three seconds, flash 0.3 second duration, of 17 candlepower, about 16 feet above water, visible around the horizon except on New Channel Range line.

"C. & G. S. Charts 424, 150, 1001, 1110.

"Light List, Atlantic Coast, 1915, p. 220, No. 1270.

"Buoy List, 6th District, 1914, p. 11.

"Coast Pilot, Section D, 1913, p. 63."

Kinston, N. C., May 17.—Superior court, which was convened for a short term here today by Judge R. B. Peebles, was confronted with a docket of more than 250 cases, including a capital case in which a negro is charged with murder.

TO CLEAR GOVERNMENT SITE

Col. Walker Taylor Instructed to Receive Bids for Removing Structures on Water Street.

Col. Walker Taylor, collector of customs for the port of Wilmington, has been given instructions by the Treasury Department at Washington to advertise for bids for removing all of the buildings on the present site on Water street between Princess and Market and he will receive proposals from contractors to do this work until June 7. The work is to be completed by September 1 and by that time it is expected that everything will be in readiness for beginning work on the new government building.

The government site extends a distance of 113 feet from Water street on Princess and 118 feet on Market. All of the buildings on this site are to be removed during the summer and will mean considerable work for carpenters and other contractors. Complete specifications can be obtained from Col. Walker Taylor at the Customs House building.

Arrangements have already been made for removing the office of the collector of customs to the Murchison National Bank building while the buildings on the government site are being removed and during the construction of the new building.

NIGHT FIRING AT FORT

Practice With Big Guns at Caswell for Next Ten Days.

Col. C. A. Bennett, commanding at Fort Caswell, has announced that beginning yesterday and continuing through May 27 there will be night firing at the fort, and the shipping and fishing interests are asked to keep this in mind.

All vessels within eight miles of the Fort during the period of night firing are requested to display all lights possible, in order that they may be seen from the fort, and not endangered. The big searchlight at the fort will be in use every night on which the gun practice is going on, and vessels may know from this that the guns will be in use.

Kiel May Come to Wilmington.

That the German steamer Kiel, which has been at Southport since the beginning of the European war, may come to Wilmington, is indicated by the fact that negotiations are in progress for securing a mooring place at a wharf on Eagle's Island. The question of her removal from Southport has been under consideration for some time.

HEAVY SHIPMENTS OF GOLD FROM PARIS TO LONDON.

To Defray Expense of War Supplies Purchased Abroad.

New York, May 17.—Local bankers today confirmed the report that the Bank of France has transferred a large amount of gold to London, pursuant to the agreement entered into some months ago between Treasury officials of the two countries. Accounts vary as to the sums already shipped across the channel, but it is believed the entire amount to be sent to London from Paris will approximate $100,000,000.

This money will be used to defray purchases already made in England and this country for the French government, chiefly of war supplies, although it is said that foodstuffs also enter into the account.

Shipments of the gold, according to reports received here, were made from Paris to Bordeaux, where British warships took on the precious metal.

New York, May 17.—Dr. Lucius P. Brown, state food and drug commissioner for Tennessee, was appointed director of the bureau of food inspection today in the New York department of health. It was said he would resign his post in the South and take up his new duties immediately.

Go to Polvogt Company's Dollar Day Sale today.—Advertisement.

DIED.

BARRY—At her home in this city, No. 421 Campbell street, MRS. ELLEN BARRY, widow of the late Capt. John Barry.

Funeral from St. Mary's church, 10 A. M., Wednesday. Interment in Oakdale cemetery. Friends and acquaintances respectfully invited to attend. (Advertisement.)

LOOKS GOOD

OF COURSE HER GLASSES WERE FITTED BY THE

WILMINGTON OPTICAL COMPANY

"EVERYTHING OPTICAL"

FRONT AND PRINCESS STS.

WILMINGTON, N.C.

EXAMINATION FOR NURSES

North Carolina State Board to Meet in Wilmington Today—Many Applicants for Licenses.

The Board of Examiners of the North Carolina Trained Nurses' Association will meet in this city this morning for the purpose of giving examinations to over 100 applicants for diplomas entitling them to a State license and the title of registered nurse. The examinations will continue through Thursday and will be given on the third floor of the Home Savings Bank building.

The first session will begin this morning at 9:30 o'clock. The Orton hotel will be headquarters for the nurses.

The annual meeting of the State Association of nurses will be held in this city next week.

The president of the board of examiners is Miss Ella McNichols, of Charlotte, and Miss Lois A. Toomer, of this city, is secretary and treasurer. The other members of the board are: Miss Eugenia Henderson, of Winston-Salem; Dr. A. B. Croom, of Maxton, and Dr. J. W. Neal, of Monroe.

Among those arriving last night at the Orton to attend the meeting were: Miss M. Silver, Waynesville; Misses Nora Satterwhite, Wilma Estridge, Maude Sloan, Bessie Swearingen, Estelle McGhee and Rose A. Muldowny, Charlotte; Miss Johnnie L. Fisher, Gastonia; Miss Minne S. Burte, Sanford; Misses Mary D. Conoley, and Linnie Walters, Lumberton; Miss Clebon Odum, Clio, S. C.; Miss Dora Johnson, St. Pauls; Misses Sarah Block, Lela Smith, Lumberton; Miss Catherine P. Manning, Charlotte.

Aged Woman Died Sunday.

Friends of Messrs. Graham and Leon Butler, of Seagate, and Mrs. Catherine Spooner, of this city, will sympathize with them in the death of their mother, which occurred at the home of Mr. Graham Butler Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. She was 76 years old and death was caused by paralysis. The remains accompanied by relatives and friends were taken to Chadbourn yesterday on the early morning train for interment.

NO DIFFERENCE

The Proof is Here the Same as Everywhere.

For those who seek relief from kidney backache, weak kidneys, bladder ills, Doan's Kidney Pills offer hope of relief and the proof is here in Wilmington, the same as everywhere. Wilmington people have used Doan's and Wilmington people recommend Doan's, the kidney remedy used in America for fifty years. Why suffer? Why run the risk of dangerous kidney ills—fatal Bright's disease. Here's Wilmington proof. Investigate it.

W. L. Bissinger, salesman, 101 N. Sixth St., Wilmington, says: "I have found Doan's Kidney Pills all that is claimed of them. I take a box occasionally, when I notice my kidneys are a little off, and they always give splendid satisfaction. Doan's Kidney Pills can't be beat, and I don't hesitate in saying so to anyone who wants to know of a good, reliable kidney medicine."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy — get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Bissinger had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

STOMACH OUT OF FIX?

If you suffer with dyspepsia or indigestion, telephone your grocer or druggist to send you one dozen pints SHIVAR GINGER Ale. Drink one pint with each meal, and if not relieved your dealer is authorized to charge it to the Manufacturer.

Shivar Ginger Ale

Tonic — Digestive — Delicious

Is prepared with the celebrated Shivar Mineral Water. Sold under a positive guarantee to relieve any case of dyspepsia or indigestion or your money refunded

Bottled by

SHIVAR SPRING, Shelton, S. C.

If Your Dealer Cannot Supply You, Tell Him to Telephone His Jobber.

Masonic Temple, May 18th, 1915.
WILMINGTON LODGE, NO. 319, A. F. & A. M.
Regular monthly communication this (Tuesday) evening, at 8 o'clock.
You are requested to attend.
Visiting brethren cordially invited.
J. M. TAYLOR, Secretary.

JAMES FAIRCLOTH IS DEAD; OTHERS MAY DIE

Sampson Youth Shot From Ambush Succumbs.

Jackson and Green, Wounded in a Duel, Are in Desperate Condition—Attorney General Bickett Speaks in Fayetteville.

Fayetteville, N. C., May 17.—Duncan Jackson and Tim Green, the young white men who engaged in a pistol duel in the heart of the city Saturday afternoon, are both in a desperate condition in the Highsmith Hospital. Jackson had his intestines pierced in 16 places and an X-ray examination showed that in Green's case the bullet fractured two spinal vertebrae and entered the right lung.

Young James Faircloth, who was shot from ambush, at Salemburg, Sampson county, Saturday night, as previously told in this correspondence, died in the hospital here at 12:30 today. His body was taken to Salemburg on the afternoon Wilmington train today.

Hon. T. W. Bickett delivered the address at the closing exercises of the city high schools this evening in the auditorium of the central building. He arrived at 4:35 this afternoon and was given an enthusiastic welcome here.

NO WARSHIP SIGHTED

Though Unverified Rumor Says Karlsruhe is Coming.

Norfolk, Va., May 17.—Unverified reports, which could not be traced to any responsible source, were current again today that the German cruiser Karlsruhe was coming up the lane used by the German raiders Kronprinz Wilhelm and Prinz Eitel Friedrich to a haven of safety at Hampton Roads. No warship, was sighted today from the observatory at Cape Henry.

Tokio, May 17.—A wireless dispatch received early today says the fire on the steamer Chiyo Maru which broke out Sunday afternoon has been extinguished. It was confined to a small section of the cotton cargo. The first news of the fire was received from the Pacific Mail steamer Mongolia which has received a wireless call for help from the Chiyo Maru.

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Quick deliveries from our coolers to your dealer's. This is your assurance of fresh goods at all times

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Their superior quality is the result of careful selection plus the famous Armour cure.

For success and economy in cooking, always use

"Simon Pure" Leaf Lard

Made only from finest leaf fat. Sold only in pails.

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WILMINGTON, N. C.
R. F. CAMPBELL, Manager, Phone 85.

$25.00

Making that weekly? You will probably make more, if you live and retain your health. But, after all, what will it be worth to you unless you keep a part of it in a Savings Account? If you live, the time will come when you can make nothing—your working day will be over. Are you providing for that time now? In your old age, will you live on your income or your friends?

"A wilful penuriousness is better than a wasteful extravagance. Simonides, being reproached with parsimony, said he would rather enrich his enemies after his death than borrow of his friends in his lifetime."

$1.00 STARTS AN ACCOUNT. WHY NOT TODAY?

HOME SAVINGS BANK

Cor. Front and Chestnut Sts. Home Bank Building.

What wheat?

There is only one wheat good enough for Valier's Dainty Flour—the *best*.

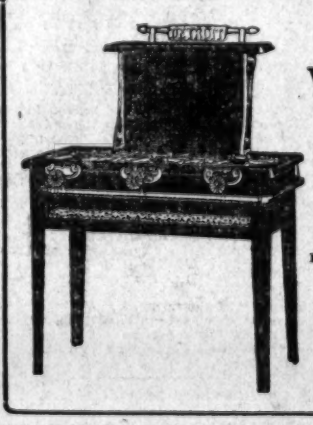
And to make sure of the best we send our buyers right out to the wheat fields to personally pick the choicest wheat raised.

Valier's Dainty Flour

sometimes costs a trifle more by the sack, but being so fine, it makes more in baking. And then it makes a whiter, lighter, more delicious biscuit—and cake and pastry too. Get a sack of this superfine flour today.

Valier's Romance Self-Rising Flour is Valier's Dainty flour with self-rising ingredients, mixed in accurate proportions. Requires no salt or baking powder. Try it, too.

The Corbett Co., Wholesale Distributors, Wilmington



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Burns Oil, Alcohol or Gasoline.

Hardware, Tools, Fishing Tackle, Tents, Canoes, Crockery.

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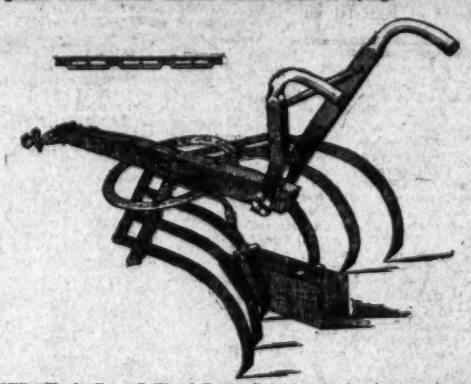
SAVE YOUR CROP!

USE DIVERSE CULTIVATORS

They Retain a Loose Soil Mulch Around the Growing Crop. Read this Testimonial: "We have just experienced a six weeks drought here, and my crop is perfectly green while others around me are dead or dying."



"DIVERSE" "Circle Brace" Wood Beam Cultivators . . . . . Price $4.50
"DIVERSE" "Circle Brace" Wood Beam Cultivators, with Detachable Teeth or Shovels . . . . . Price $5.00
"DIVERSE" Steel Beam "Ratchet" Cultivators . . . . . Price $6.00
"DIVERSE" "Lever Adjustment" Cultivators . . . . . Price $6.00
50c. Extra, if wanted with Fenders. 75c. Extra, if wanted with Gauge Wheels
Extra Parts Carried in Stock.

OVER ONE MILLION NOW IN USE.
SPECIAL PRICES TO MERCHANTS IN QUANTITY LOTS.

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SOLE AGENTS.

J.W. MURCHISON & COMPANY

WHOLESALE HARDWARE

From Tennis Court to Ball Room

You who worship the Sun, who lose outdoor exercise, have felt more than once the disadvantage of a tanned or freckled skin, at night, when going to a party or theatre. Know that Vogue Liquid Complexion Powder makes the Arms, Face and Neck "Opera White" in a flash.

Two Kinds—Flesh Colored, and White—in 25c. bottles.

1880 Hardin's Pharmacy 1915

126 SOUTH FRONT STREET

—'PHONE 55.—

Everybody Reads the Star Business Locals

ANTE-BELLUM BUILDERS OF NORTH CAROLINA

BY J. G. De ROULHAC HAMILTON, Alumni Professor of History, University of North Carolina.

The histoy department of the North Carolina State Normal and Industrial College has recenaly inaugurated a series of historical publications which, judged by the standard set by the one now considered, should render a valuable service to the people of the State. In appearance and mechanical execution, the publication is attractive and the college is to be congratulated upon an auspicious beginning.

Mr. Robert D. W. Conner, secretary of the North Carolina Historical Commission, is lecturer in North Carolina history to the college, and the present volume consists of his lectures delivered there in the spring of 1914. Mr. Connor's name on a title page has come to mean something very definite in North Carolina; it always promises contents worth while, scholarly, accurate, interesting and genuinely interpretive. This volume admirably fulfils every such promise.

As ante-bellum builders who were typical, and yet more than typical, Mr. Connor has selected the four great leaders who were chiefly responsible for the transformation of North Carolina from the unprogressive, if indeed not retrograding, State of 1840 which lagged at the bottom in almost every list of the States, save in that of natural resources and opportunity, to the highly prosperous, genuinely progressive commonwealth of 1860. These four are Archibald D. Murphey, leader of the first great agitation for internal improvements and for public schools; David L. Swain, to whose tact and wisdom the West owed its victory in 1835, which made the execution of Murphey's plans a possibility; Calvin H. Wiley, whose skill as an organizer and enthusiasm for the cause of education made the public school law of 1839 effective; and John M. Morehead, the architect and builder of the great transportation systems of the State. As Mr. Conner says: "This is a group of constructive statesmen whose statesmanship is an instructive subject for study, whose achievements lie at the foundations of our social and economic life of today, and whose characters are an honor to our commonwealth."

The sketches of these men are not biographical in the usual sense of the word. In a better sense they are distinctly so. The author takes the larger significance of each life in relation to its time and describes, discusses and emphasizes that, but gives only a mere outline of the other events which entered into the career of his subject.

We thus have here four interpretations, each definitely related to the others, the whole making what is in effect a connected study of one of the most constructive periods in the history of North Carolina.

Archibald D. Murphey, greatest of the four in intellect, in vision, and in what we call natural ability, was born too soon to be a builder in the narrower meaning of the term. Few, however, would deny to him a place, and an important one, among the chief of the architects of material and intellectual North Carolina. Denied the opportunity for much practical work in construction, he was in vision the first and greatest of the prophets, whose voice cried in the wilderness of his native state, foretelling a new era and a new dispensation. "His was the task of enlightening his people as to their wonderful opportunities, of arousing them from the legarthy of their indifference and self-depreciation, of inspiring them with confidence in themselves and in their country, of awakening their pride and kindling the fires of their ambition. To the accomplishment of this task, it is no exaggeration to say that he brought a more thorough comprehension of the natural resources of the State, a clearer insight into her possibilities for development, a better understanding of her conditions and needs, a bolder and more philosophic grasp of th policies necessary for her relief, a more abiding confidence in the greatness of her destiny, than any other man of his generation."

Murphey has the distinction of standing as a creator in the first rank both in respect to education and internal improvements. His was no one-sided, biased view. He did not believe that a people could become great from mere wealth without intellectual development; nor did he believe that wealth and material progress could come without education. "The true foundations of national prosperity and national glory must be laid in a liberal system of industrial improvements and of public education, in a system which shall give encouragement to the cultivation of the soil; which shall give force to the faculties of the mind, and establish over the heart the empire of a sound morality." His work for the State in respect to these two things came during his service as a member of the State Senate from 1812 to 1818.

In relation to internal improvements, Murphey's three objects were: To stop the flow of population away from North Carolina; to increase the wealth of the State; and to free her from her economic dependence on Virginia and South Carolina. The leading features of his programme were: First, the improvement of means of transportation in the State; second, the building up of markets within North Carolina by developing commercial centres at advantageous points; and third, the drainage of the swamps of the East and the reclamation of their lands for agricultural purposes.

In education Murphey's programme appeared in two reports to the General Assembly, one in 1816 and the other in 1817, and in a bill introduced in the Senate in 1817. These formed the model for the public school system later established.

David Lowry Swain's name is inseparably connected with the great struggle for constitutional reform. A Western man, he had, nevertheless, the confidence and esteem of the East, and was thus enabled to play a leading part in securing the needed revision of the constitution. He was interested in education and in internal improvements; but, an eminently practical man, he realized that neither were possible while the outworn constitution remained a barrier to State unity, State consciousness, and State progress. His chief work of the period was in promoting the cause and, as a member of the convention, when finally secured, serving as the leader of the Western forces in that body.

In 1835 his political career ended and he entered upon a third of a century's service as president of the university. His election was not a popular one, for he seemed to the public unfitted for his task. His education was not of the sort that usually qualifies a man for the presidency of an institution of higher learning; but Swain was no usual man. His success was remarkable and, as Mr. Connor says, "Amply indicates the judgment of those who placed him at its head. He gathered around him the ablest faculty in any institution of the slave-holding states, he extended and enriched the courses of study, he increased the number of students from about 90 to upwards of 400, and he placed the university first among the collegiate institutions of the South. But his greatest service was his personal influence on the young men with whom he came in contact. As great as had been his own personal share in shaping the history of the State, it was as nothing in comparison with what he did through his influence in moulding the characters and shaping the careers of her future leaders."

With Calvin H. Wiley we come to one of the practical builders who erected the edifice which Murphey had planned. A lawyer and an editor, he was in addition a close student of the social characteristics, tendencies and conditions of the community. Disheartened and disgusted with many of the things which he found existent, he came to the conclusion that public education was the remedy for them and the only one. A study of the workings of the school law convinced him of the necessity for the creation of the office of State superintendent, and he thereupon devoted all his energies to securing the reform. Elected to the legislature, he failed the first time to secure the passage of his bill; but in 1852 he was successful and, although a Whig, he was at once, by a Democratic legislature, elected to the position and on January 1, 1853, at the age of thirty-four, he entered upon his great task. The limits of this paper forbid any discussion of his work here, but no one is better qualified than Mr. Connor to discuss Wiley, and his sketch included a vivid picture of Wiley's work and accomplishment.

In John Motley Morehead is found the man who holds the same position with respect to internal improvements that Wiley holds to public education. A practical man of affairs as well as a successful lawyer, Morehead was more. He had lighted the torch with Murphey's fire and in a later and more fortunate time, it fell to his lot not only to plan, but to build. As governor he proclaime dhis gospel to the State, but it was not as governor that he built, but as a private citizen. His messages educated, but Morehead had retired when they bore their fruit. He was in a real sense the father of the North Carolina railroad, for he was largely instrumental in securing the charter and the necessary subscription of stock, and was its first president, serving from 1850 to 1855. Under him the road was built and put into operation. It was also under his supervision that the work of both the Atlantic and North Carolina and the Western North Carolina railroads was begun, which was soon carried to a triumphant conclusion.

Thoughtful North Carolinians will do well to read these sketches. They are highly instructive and, for that, none the less interesting.

BRUNSWICK NEWS BUDGET.

Southport's Water and Sewerage System Making Progress—Memorial

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Southport, N. C., May 17.—The work on the water and sewerage system makes good progress. The crowds watching the hundreds of shovelfuls of dirt being cast out of the long stretches of excavations, and the sewer pipe going in, make a moving picture of intense interest. There appears no scarcity of labor.

Memorial Day will be observed here, Saturday the 29th, when there will be the customary annual reunion of Confederate Veterans of Brunswick county. Hon. J. O. Carr, of Wilmington, will be the speaker of the day, and this address of Mr. Carr's, together with the social features of the occasion, promise to make this year's observance of unusual interest.

At Fort Caswell drill work and maneuvers by the companies is giving the men plenty to do. Full target practice day and night, the targets being towed at sea at varying range distances by the Gen. Geddy, is another feature of practice.

The German steamship Kiel leaves the anchorage here, where the steamship has been for months, to take a tie-up at Wilmington, the change to be made this week, according to the plans made by those in authority. The Kiel, as well as Capt. Lemke and crew, who have made many friends at Southport, will be greatly missed.

The Southport Fish Scrap & Oil Company's plant is in operation, the boats of this plant bringing in the first of the season's pogies, though not in any quantity, but with signs of continual increases in the catches.

The local baseball team has had a few games with the Fort Caswell team, all the games being closely contested as to scores and fairly played, though not up to the form displayed last year, or what these teams are capable of doing. As yet the interest is indifferent, but it will increase as the games become better advertised, for so far no notice in advance has been given of any game to attract a crowd. All are free to the public.

OFFICER STRUCK WITH BOTTLE.

Maxton Chief of Police Receives Blow While Hunting Criminals.

Maxton, N. C., May 17.—Saturday night at 11 o'clock quite a good bit of excitement was stirred up by the rapid firing of a pistol in one of the back lots. Investigation showed that the officers were on the trail of some criminals and in searching around Chief of Police S. H. Dunlap passed too near the hiding place of one or more of them and he was knocked in the back of the head with a bottle which, breaking, cut a gash about two inches long. The miscreant immediately ran and the officer opened fire but failed to stop his man. Fortunately Mr. Dunlap was stooping and the blow was a glancing one or it would have had more serious consequences than it did. The wounded officer was considerably dazed for half an hour after the blow. Dr. Kirkpatrick dressed the wound and he returned to his post of duty.

No trace has been found of the man who struck the officer, but it is very probable that he will be caught.

ENDORSES WILSON'S POLICY.

Louisiana State Senate Takes Action. Legislature Convenes.

Baton Rouge, La., May 17.—A resolution endorsing the policy of President Wilson as outlined in his note to Germany and pledging the support of Louisiana in any action he may take further in the negotiations was adopted here today by the state senate.

The legislature convened today for a 30-day special session. Governor's call embraced 33 subjects for consideration and in his message delivered today he laid stress on what he termed the need for certain anti-trust legislation and a constitutional convention to be held this year.

When buying toilet powders why not buy one that gives entire satisfaction. AMMEN'S PRICKLY HEAT & BABY POWDER, the antiseptic toilet powder, is always dependable, and has won many users at home and abroad. Get a box at your druggists, for 25 cents.

CHANGES AT RALEIGH.

Several New Faces to Be Seen in Official Circles After First of June.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, May 16.—On June 1 Mr. Eugene Gray, Jr., of Winston-Salem, is to be added to the staff of Commissioner of Insurance James R. Young, to give his special attention to the divisions of fire protection, fire losses and rates as effected by these. Mr. Gray has had special training in the general insurance agency of his father, Mr. Eugene E. Gray, Winston-Salem. The addition of Mr. Gray to the department staff is one of a number of additions that will be necessary to carry out the provisions of the new insurance laws and amendments put through the recent session of the Legislature following the report of the legislative commission that investigated the status of the fire insurance business in this state.

Mr. R. D. W. Connor, secretary of the State Historical Commission, announces the acquisition of another most valuable collection of personal letters and other papers to the archives of the commission. This time it is the letters of Willie P. Mangum, who was one of the roganizers of the Whig party, and for many years one of its national leaders. They include letters from numbers of the Governors of the State bearing on State and National matters and letters from numerous other prominent citizens and leaders of the public thought of the day. The collection is to be edited by Dr. Stephen B. Weeks and published by the commission. Willie P. Mangum served both in the Senate and Lower House of Congress, was at one time president of the Senate. On the succession of Vice President Tyler to the Presidency when President Harrison died.

WIFELY WAIL FROM THE FARMS.

Rural Matrons Disposed to Complain of Lonesome Life.

(Philadelphia Bulletin.)

The simple life of the truly rural who rise at dawn and go to bed with the chickens is not what it's cracked up to be by nerve specialists who prescribe it as an antidote for the jaded nerves of city fashionables, if we are to believe the pathetic wail collated by the Department of Agriculture in response to letters asking the wives of 55,000 crop correspondents throughout the country what they have to say about their domestic status.

Loneliness, isolation and lack of social and educational opportunities form the burden of most of the replies, but that is not all. It appears that some sensitive souls are harrowed by the tendency of newspapers and periodicals to picture the honest tiller of the soil as a crude and ridiculous figure. Jay jokes hurt. Then, too, the absence of laundries, bakeries, dressmaking and millinery establishments to relieve the farm frau of the dredgeries of the wash tub and the dough pan and the ignominy of home-made bonnets and gowns, is reported to be decidedly wearing on rustic feminine temperaments.

This is news, indeed, that the department has discovered. What about the compensatory laws of living close to nature in its bucolic state, of doing chores two-thirds of the 24 hours to the accompaniment of the lowing kine and warbling feathered songsters, of observing the seasons first hand as they wax and wane and of keeping intimate communion with the sermonizing brooks and stones, about all of which the poets gloriously sing? Are the bauble attractions of the mothers' clubs, the matinee or the tango tea to be set against these? Evidently there is something wrong with the traditions which taught us that the farmer's wife was a sturdy, independent, self-sufficient, satisfied and happy creature. Can it be that the disquieting feminist movement—whatever it is—has spread its insidious iconoclasm in the train of the R. F. D.?

MAJOR ENGLISH DEAD

Well Known Citizen Succumbs to Paralysis at Home Near Willard.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Wallace, N. C., May 16.—About three years ago Major English, who lived near Willard, in Pender county, suffered a slight stroke of paralysis from which he partially recovered, and six weeks ago he suffered a second stroke from the effects of which he died yesterday, in the 55th year of his age. He is survived by a faithful and devoted wife and four children, all of whom were living with him at the time of his death, together with a large circle of relatives and friends to mourn the separation. Mr. English was honest in his business transactions with his fellowman. Until his health failed he was a hard-working man, being a skilled blacksmith by trade. He will be missed i nthe community where he lived. His body was laid to rest in the family graveyard near his home.

Don't Invite Serious Sickness

"A stitch in time saves nine," is an old and trite saying, but it is nevertheless true. Common colds and a constipated condition are the foundation of much serious illness and dread disease that could be avoided if prompt attention were given to the first so-called slight ailment.

Every family can provide prompt treatment for these first attacks of ill health—and every family should be prepared for an emergency by having on hand that standard old family cough syrup, Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, for the relief of coughs, croup, whooping cough, irritated and inflamed throat, tight and sore chest, grippe and bronchial coughs.

Foley Cathartic Tablets are just the thing for constipation and sluggish bowel movement —a wholesome laxative and cleansing cathartic. They do not gripe or cause nausea or inconvenience and are particularly welcome to stout people.

By R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist.

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Three kinds—Black, White and Tan

Easiest to use—Best for all Shoes

At all dealers at the one price 10¢

The F. F. DALLEY CO., Ltd, Buffalo, N. Y.—Hamilton, Can.

SOMETHING NEW

PLAY OXFORDS

Ideal Shoes for Children

Light, Roomy. Comfortable Send the Children Down

Peterson & Rulfs

Wilmington Shoe Co.

·LA·FRANCE·SHOP·

Partly War but Mostly Style has brought about the decided swing toward novelty in shoes for women.

LA FRANCE, as usual, offers you the best of the new, combined with the best of the not-too-old.

M 371 is the new high cut, cloth top, button boot, in both Sterling Patent Kid and Gun Metal.

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Essentially American

No other nation enjoys such progressive business facilities as Western Union Day and Night Letters. Conducting correspondence by telegraph has jumped American business methods into world leadership.

THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH CO.

Star Business Locals Get Results

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THE saving of time and aggravation is one of the things we do for our customers.

What's the use of spending hours when we can do things for you in minutes.

You use the

Telegraph
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to save time. Might as well use modern methods in buying ready clothes.

Try our service.

The A. David Co.

The home of Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes, Manhattan Shirts and Blum & Koch Straw Hats.

VISIT THE ISLE OF PALMS AT

J. M. SOLKY & CO.

No. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET

And Let Us Show You Through the Line of Genuine PALM BEACH SUITS

in all colors, consisting of Plains, Grays, Blues and Stripes from $7.50 a suit and upwards.

We have just received a shipment of a hundred dozen of Gentlemen's Fine Imported Linen Handkerchiefs, worth 25c and 35c a piece. We will sell at three for 50c. Great values.

J. M. SOLKY & CO.

'PHONE 617.

$5.50 to RICHMOND, VA. June 1-2-3 1915 CONFEDERATE VETERANS REUNION

Tickets on Sale May 29th to June 2nd, inc., limited to June 10th. Extension and stop-over privileges. For rates, schedules, reservations, etc., call on T. C. White, Gen. Pass. Agt., Wilmington, N. C. 'PHONE 160.

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Our friends from the neighboring towns can now get a room without meals at THE ORTON for $1.00 per day

This Hotel is a convenient stopping place for shoppers, while in the city.

C. E. HOOPER, Manager.

FLOUNCES AND FLOWERS DECORATE MIDSUMMER DANCING GOWNS

White Taffeta, Flowered in Pompadour Coloring, Cream Lace Coatee.

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Exclusive Copyright, 1914, New York Herald Company

No. 1.—White Satin Gown Bordered with Shaded Pink Roses. Pale Blue Sash.

Photo Copyright, 1914, by Reutlinger
Exclusive Copyright, 1914, New York Herald Company

No. 2.—Back View of No. 1.

Photo Copyright, 1914, by Reutlinger
Exclusive Copyright, 1914, New York Herald Company

White Chiffon Frock Adorned with Chiffon Puffs and Pleats.

Photo Copyright, 1914, by Reutlinger
Exclusive Copyright, 1914, New York Herald Company

White Tulle Dress Over White Satin. Old Blue Sash.

Photo Copyright, 1914, by Reutlinger
Exclusive Copyright, 1914, New York Herald Company

White Silk Voile Combined with Filet Lace, Embroideries of White and Colored Beads.

Malou Zimmermann.

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White Taffeta, Adorned with Pink Roses.

Photo Copyright, 1914, by Reutlinger
Exclusive Copyright, 1914, New York Herald Company

SUMMER dancing frocks escape the reproach of style repetition, an encouraging thing in a season of fashionable sameness. In street costumes the modish tailored suit with a long tunic skirt and short loose coat made a sudden and unexpected appearance late this spring. It completely extinguished the amusing penwiper short tunic suits that were fashionable the first of the season, to the distress of those women who had hoped to get through spring with one tailored costume.

We have had better luck with the dancing frocks. Even in the latest costumes to come over from Paris there is much to choose from; all are different in design, and many of them are so picturesque that they seem especially appropriate for the harmonious steps and swaying grace of the hesitation waltz, maxixe or tango.

There is a delightful simplicity of style in such frocks. Demure little flounces give them a frilliness that fails to seem old fashioned because they are so well adapted to modern gown lines. Besides flounces, artificial flowers are used decoratively. They are posed with a sure hand, not in profusion or haphazard, but with a pretty coquetry and with an individuality that is very charming.

Such is the girlish dancing frock pictured here in two views. Pink, blue and white is the coloring, and there is no combination in the world that is daintier and more becoming to blonde beauty. In this particular model the gown is of white satin, the sash old blue and the artificial flower shade from a creamy yellowish pink to a deep rose.

The tunic shows a very clever bit of dressmaking — part of the back skirt pinafore bib and puffed hip drapery approaching delightfully near to a fancy dress costume. This model is of white satin, with decoration of pink roses. Here fewer roses are used, and they are rather more bud like than the open full blown kind used on the other gown. The roses are deftly placed as a corsage bouquet and to weight the points of the hip drapery at the sides.

The construction of these hip draperies is most simple. A straight breadth of the material is gathered into the waist band leaving a long ungathered edge at each side that falls jabot like. The skirt hem is afterward trimmed off evenly when the top is hung and finished.

Many dancing gowns still show drapery, as in the gown of white tulle posed over white satin. This, too, has the puffed hip drapery of the gown just described, but, being of tulle instead of satin, it falls into festoon folds. At the skirt edge the tulle is shaped to curve up into a little point in front; the whole edge is then finished with a double-headed ruffle, whose upper edge is shorter than the lower. Pink, blue and white, the same artistic combination used for the first dancing frock, is the color scheme of this dress. The blue satin girdle is gathered through the front and dotted with a tiny row of buttons; a cluster of pink roses is thrust into the belt.

Gathered over a sleeveless white satin foundation, the tulle corsage ends in little floppy ruffles about the neck. The short sleeves, plain and prettily transparent over the arms, have a simple bracelet band of the material. This fold is seen on all the new dresses, in long sleeved models as well, and tightens the sleeve so that it falls in a scant ruffle below.

Flounces, very noticeable on many of the latest imported models, modernize the white chiffon dress shown here. Though we may sigh at the work these furbelows entail, they certainly do give a delightfully feminine and frilly touch to dresses. In this model they are made of the chiffon finely pleated and headed with a puffing. They encircle the skirt hem in two rows, attaching to the white crêpe satin skirt foundation. The overdress of the chiffon is loosely pleated into the waist line and then caught up into a careless puff at knee depth. You can hardly say that drapery is the latest fashion yet because it is so artistically done and because of the modernizing flounces such a dress has a something that the latest thing does not always have—the elusive charm of individuality.

Lilies of the valley give the floral touch to this dress. Threadlike sprays outline the neck and sleeve ruffles, and a large, loose bunch is thrust into a girdle made of the gown material.

Bead embroideries, still in style, are often used in unexpected fashion. The white silk voile gown pictured here is remarkably distinctive because of a wide bordering band made of bead embroideries in blended colorings outlining the diagonal tunic edge. Fine filet lace is used on the waist and makes a longer tunic skirt that is fringed with beads.

Some of the new taffeta dress models have real sylvan charm and seem to call for settings of wonderful gardens or parks. Such a gown, shown here on the seated figure, has a quaint originality that suggests the possible styles of to-morrow. The white taffeta gown is strewn with pink, blue and green flowers. The skirt is flounced in overbound scallops, wide and deep, that bear no resemblance to the traditional shallow kind. The taffeta corsage is a mere skeleton, low necked and sleeveless, for the cream lace coatee is designed to wear over it. A narrow girdle, wound under and over the lace jacket at the waist line, and the wreath of flowers that replaces the large single rose so generally used, is an idea that can be transferred to any transparent dress. A deep fall of lace lengthens the very short sleeves.

POPULAR DRESS FABRICS

DRESSES for the country should possess two qualities at the same time, usefulness and smartness. The most appropriate materials for this kind of toilette are plain or embroidered crêpon, batiste printed with either a flowered or striped design, and foulard. The dress must be simply made, but it must possess an original, novel and piquante note, so that it may be "chic" and becoming without being in any way pretentious.

The skirts will be straight, without any tunic. Sometimes they will be finished off with a flounce, especially if the dress is for a "jeune fille," and they will have sufficient width to allow and to give the wished-for ease in walking.

The simple corsage will be made attractive by a lingerie collar, or a novel ceinture, sometimes made of an Oriental braid and sometimes of stamped leather in two shades. The country dress, moreover, should be easily washed, as one of its greatest attractions is its freshness. Silk should not be used either as a foundation or as a trimming.

The costume should be completed by a wide hat either of Leghorn straw or of "crêpe Anglais" trimmed with flowers. Quite often this style of hat will have a long black velvet string, which will be wound around the bare neck.

Another harmonious detail will be the rustic parasol of cretonne or painted linen, with the leather handle in the "bâton Normand" style, and the yellow or white leather shoes, which will form the finishing touch of this country toilette.

In this connection also may be found useful the serge or light cloth cape, which will be very convenient when the day closes as a covering after some excursion or for the carriage. For country wear they are preferably made in some light cloth, and they may be trimmed with a wide cretonne collar of vivid tones. An old fashioned clasp in silver or steel is used to fasten these garments.

Braided tulle makes exquisite lingerie frocks of great distinction. A plain loose garment of tulle finished by a wide band of soutache, sleeves and a corsage elaborately braided, worn over a white taffetas with white or green ceinture, makes a simple yet striking costume.

Miranda Discourses Entertainingly on Music and on Composers

"DO stop that banging and play something decent!" said Miranda.

"Play something decent or play something decently?" I teased.

"Both," said Miranda. "This room has been an abattoir for music the whole afternoon."

"You play," I coaxed.

Under Miranda's touch the piano trilled like a bird. I watched her as she sat outlined against the light like a beautiful picture.

At length she paused and I said, "Your piano is well placed, Miranda."

"Yes," she agreed, "the majority of people let their pianos disconnect the artistic arrangement of their whole room. So many times pianos look like the gift of a passing cyclone, especially uprights. Few seem to know that these correctly must always be placed at right angles to a room. Did you ever notice that the tops of pianos seem a place for everything or anything that has no other place?"

I confessed to having seen that kind. Then I noticed that Miranda's instrument, happily a grand, had a well disposed lamp of quaint design placed on a soft tinted brocade, and the only other ornament was a flat, rock crystal dish, filled with water lilies.

"Come," said Miranda. "Play this for me while I sing it."

Obediently I rose and took the proffered music from her hand. It was a new sheet, and therefore, I realized, had just been published. "Rabindranath Tagore," I read. "Why," I questioned, "I thought he was the winner of the Nobel prize for a wonderful poem?"

"So he is," replied Miranda, "but that doesn't mean that he is never to write any more. These are prose poems by him arranged as songs. There are five or six of them in that collection." She turned the pages while I read:—"When I Bring You Colored Toys," "The Sleep That Flits on Baby's Eyes," "I Am Like a Remnant of a Cloud of Autumn," "On the Seashore of Endless Worlds," "Light My Light"—not one was a love song. That these should become popular struck me strangely. However, I played as Miranda sang, and then I noticed that the composer of the music was John Alden Carpenter. I spoke of this to Miranda.

"He is perhaps the greatest of American talent now before the public," she said. "He writes only the higher forms of composition, and as he is comparatively a young man, much may be expected of him."

"Let's sing a coon song," I suggested irrelevantly.

Miranda looked a little shocked. "There are no more such things," she returned. Then, looking through her music, she produced some of the songs of Will Marion Cook, who, she explained, was a negro and a composer. The words of the songs had in some instances been written by others, but the whole resulted in genuine darky ballads, full of captivating natural touches of life and character belonging to the real type of Southern negro. We played the two newest—plantation songs both—and then "Exhortation," a negro sermon, sung at the recent Lambs' gambol, and ended with a negro love song, "Wid de Moon, Moon, Moon."

"I'd like to hear men sing that in chorus," I remarked.

"It has been arranged for such singing," said Miranda. "In fact, several of them have."

"Miranda," I said abruptly, "are Americans really musical?"

"That means," said she, "are we, as a race, really capable of enjoying and appreciating music and of cultivating it? Yes, for one need not consider the girl who takes lessons because 'Father keeps a clothing store.' There is an expansion of musical culture in America. But there is that generally. On the whole, among present day composers there is a higher, better class of music than twenty years ago—a more natural development of music. But, also, there is music for every one, and every taste is catered to. What we will accomplish as a nation in music is still a question."

"Have you followed the development of songs to be sung to children?" I asked. "I mean music where the subjects have been drawn from child life?"

"Yes," said Miranda; "you mean the work of R. Huntington Woodman, Mrs. Mary Turner Salter, Fred Norton and others. That is a splendid phase of music. But nothing will ever displace the lullaby; that has its own peculiar charm. Sit up!" said Miranda suddenly. "You are slopping all over the piano. Why is it that the average woman takes no thought whatever of the positions she assumes at a musical instrument when playing? Whether it is the piano or the violin, she expresses the same nonchalance, and often, if you watch her, she makes faces while she plays. It turns art to burlesque and a woman loses the charm of her personality for the moment. Moreover, the important point is that life is made up of moments and often one produces a lasting picture of awkwardness on some one's thought."

I felt it was time to change the subject. "Why didn't you go to Mrs. Flint's musicale?" I queried.

"You mean the one she gave for her daughter's musical début?" Miranda, asked.

"Yes," I said.

"I avoid such affairs," said Miranda; it's far too difficult afterward trying to find things that are pleasant to say to one's hostess and to what Jack calls 'the squawker-in-chief' of the occasion."

"I went," I said. "Miss Thorpe sang as well as Miss Flint. She made a great impression on a young man of many millions who was present. He actually wept over one of her songs. But, unfortunately, she saw the effect and spoiled it all during her encore, for he had moved his seat without her having noticed it, and when she reached the impressive, sentimental point in her song and turned soulful eyes in his direction he had disappeared. She, however, kept on looking for him. It was all so horribly obvious that even the young man almost laughed."

"Why will people never learn when singing not to sing to any one in particular! It's so ill bred," said Miranda. "Just think," she continued, "of the awful break Jack made one night while singing that old sailor ballad. Exactly at the point when he arrived at the last words he looked full at Mr. Dick, newly married for the third time, and sang joyfully:—'If you can't be true to one or two, you are better off with three!'"

Miranda fairly blushed at the memory. I laughed.

"Miss Flint's older sister is learning the flute," I resumed.

"There are a few women that have taken up the flute," said Miranda. "Personally, I feel that the piano is a woman's opportunity."

Miranda began to play some new dance music from one of the coming musical comedies, "After the Girl," by Paul Rubens.

"There's another Paul Rubens musical comedy with good dance music also, to be produced in the autumn," I said.

Miranda nodded. "I know," she answered. "'The Girl from Utah,' you mean. That is collaborated with Sidney Jones," and she played through "Phyllis," an excellent tango. Then her fingers wandered over the keys and struck a few familiar notes.

In the hall we heard Jack's step. He caught the notes of music and took them up with his full, rich voice:—

"If you can't be true
To one or two,
You are better off with three."

NEGLIGEES AFFORD CHANCE FOR DARING COLOR SCHEMES

THE well dressed woman always pays particular attention to her elaborate déshabilles, morning house dresses, &c., and aims at producing the effect of a work of art among the other works of art in the intimate surroundings of her home. Her aim is quite easy to achieve, even if only a simple note is struck, but as a matter of fact these garments afford an excellent chance of indulging in all the audacious color schemes and original shapes that good taste would forbid outside the house.

A charming little indoor dress, for example, is created of mandarin crêpe de Chine. The skirt is sunpleated, and there is a little paletot with a rather long opening over a pleated mousseline chemisette with a wide collar.

Another toilette of this kind is of pink ninon voile, over which is worn a sleeveless paletot in citron yellow mousseline braided with silvery beads.

These coats, moreover, are extremely popular, and they certainly give a note of distinction to the most simple indoor dress. The essential thing is to choose them of the right color, something rather striking and yet harmonizing well with the whole costume. As for their creation, it is of the most elementary simplicity. This may be made either of voile with a big design of printed or painted flowers, or else of some Persian design, but always in bright, gay colors.

One of the most beautiful Parisian actresses lately made a sensation by appearing on the stage in a déshabille of white tulle and Malines covered with a mantle of flowered velvet which was the essence of soft yet sumptuous elegance.

Face mantles are also extremely attractive, and even for the bright summer mornings in the garden little mantles of mousseline with gathered ruches such as were popular in the Second Empire days are worn.

Beautiful women of the classic type will do well to adopt for home wear the simple robe of Indin muslin immortalized by Mme. Récamier, and with which scarves and the little mantles described above are very charming.

Sandals are the very thing for wear with this style of costume. Delightful ones are made of white or fawn colored doeskin adorned with cabochons of colored stones or fastened at the ankle with a cameo.

FASHION NOTES

Lace hats are very popular at the moment and form a pretty frame for the face. They are trimmed with paradise plumes or aigrettes, since flowers are a little heavy in contrast to the lightness of the lace.

The smartest handkerchiefs are very small and of fine batiste or linen, and edged with a tiny tulle frill. Sometimes the initials are embroidered on the tulle and sometimes on the batiste.

LINGERIE DRESSES

THE time is at hand when serges and dark-toned taffetas will have to give way to the summery white costumes. Already the quickening of the hot August days is making itself felt and is shown in the ateliers of the big couturiers in light and exquisite creations.

Lingerie dresses will be worn more than ever, as much in the very simple variety as in those for dress occasions. The latter will be made of fine handkerchief linen, with woven embroidery mixed with lace. Filet will be very popular, also a certain Cluny that comes in high-relief patterns.

Noted among the beautiful novelties is a dress of Indian muslin, the tunic embroidered in wreaths and medallions woven in old style on a sort of sheath, which ends in a band of filet. This is again seen on the sides and on the right of the indefinite little bolero which is worn over the corsage.

Another very filmy little frock is made of frills of muslin "à la première communion," finished in little scallops, worn over a skirt that is embroidered with rose linen flowers that are set in. The waist is likewise embroidered. The sash is a scarf of soft rose taffetas, worn loosely around the waist and tied very low behind.

There is also being used a new lace of a large hexagonal mesh with irregular designs, which is very chic in effect.

For the more simple robes, white cotton crêpe will still be worn. These are often embroidered in flowers or fruits, done in colored wash silks. The little green apples and the many colored sweet peas are charming. A bunch of radishes in a bright rosy tint is not to be despised either, giving with the green of the leafage a gay and original note.

The embroidery is generally placed at the foot of the double skirt or of the tunic at irregular intervals, and is seen again on the collar. The flaps of the big pockets, at the wrists and sometimes the whole waist, are embroidered.

For dresses of cotton voile a fringe of dead white pearls makes a sober and pretty trimming. It is put around the bottom of the tunic or the frills, and a cord of the same pearls is knotted like a cravat on the corsage to make the costume complete.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

COTTON MARKET VERY QUIET

Prices Work Higher on Scattered Covering, or a Little Trade Buying. Close Was Steady.

New York, May 17.—The cotton market was very quiet today, with prices working higher on scattered covering, or a little trade buying, and with the close steady at a net gain of from 6 to 13 points.

Cables were lower than due and the market here opened at a decline of 1 to 6 points. There were very few cables for sale, however, and prices soon turned steadier. A more optimistic view of the political outlook and the firmer opening of the stock market probably inspired some covering, and there was also a little buying from local spot houses. Liverpool sold some cotton on the rally, and favorable weather advices tended to restrict demand, but there were no indications of hedge selling and prices gradually worked up, with active months showing net gains of 11 to 17 points, at one time during the afternoon. Last prices were a shade off from the best, under realising.

Month:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
May	8:90	9:25	9:25	9:20
July	9:47	9:30	9:43	
Oct.	9:63	9:86	9:63	9:81
Dec.	9:92	10:05	9:91	10:03

Spot, quiet; middling uplands, 9.65; sales, 3,600 bales.

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

New Orleans — Middling, 9.00; receipts, 2,993; exports, 847; sales, 450; stock, 293,031.

Galveston—Middling, 9.20; receipts, 5,344; exports, 11,751; stock, 323,595.

Mobile—Middling, 8.75; receipts, 14; sales, 25; stock, 23,910.

Savannah—Middling, 9.25; receipts, 929; exports, 3,496; sales, 1,100; stock, 105,873.

Charleston—Receipts, 44; stock, 63,-961.

Wilmington—Receipts, 533; stock, 50,-623.

Norfolk—Middling, 9.00; receipts, 1,-371; sales, 118; stock, 66,108.

Baltimore—Middling, 9½; stock, 2,-538.

Boston—Middling, 9.30; receipts, 810; stock, 13,400.

Philadelphia — Middling, 9.90; stock, 5,111.

New York—Middling, 9.65; stock, 239,177.

Minor Ports—Exports ,8,249; stock, 28,874.

Total Today—Receipts, 12,029; exports, 24,343; stock, 1,216,251.

Total for week—Receipts, 23,364; exports, 42,366.

Total for season—Receipts, 10,227,959; exports, 7,543,967.

Interior Movement.

Houston—Middling, 9.05; receipts, 5,104; shipments, 5,154; sales, 2,978; stock, 98,403.

Memphis—Middling, 9.13; receipts, 1,223; shipments, 1,209; sales, 650; stock, 125,036.

Augusta — Middling, 9.13; receipts, 171; shipments, 54; sales, 175; stock, 108,989.

St. Louis—Middling, 9¼; receipts, 467; shipments, 903; stock, 29,399.

Cincinnati — Receipts, 1,189; shipments, 978; stock, 21,299.

Little Rock—Middling, 9.00; shipments, 1; sales, 1; stock, 21,453.

Dallas—Middling, 8.56; sales, 65.

Total today—Receipts, 8,154; shipments, 8,329; stock, 404,579.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, May 17. — Cotton: Good middling, 5.59; middling, 5.23; low middling, 4.79; sales, 5,000; for speculation and export, 500. Receipts, 14,000.

Futures, quiet and steady. May-June, 5.13; June-July, 5.17½; July-August, 5.27; August-September, 5.35½; October-November, 5.49½; January-February, 5.63; March-April, 5.70½; May-June, 5.77½.

COTTON SEED OIL.

New York, May 17. — It was a very narrow market in cotton seed oil today, the only feature being a steady undertone, due to strength in lard and cotton. Final prices were 1 to 5 points net higher. Sales, 4,000 barrels. The market closed steady. Spot, 6.30@6.40; May, 6.29@6.34; June, 6.38@6.42; July, 6.49@6.51; August, 6.64@6.65; September, 6.74@6.76; October, 6.75@6.76; November, 6.60@6.75; December, 6.62@6.64.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Chicago, May 17. — Hogs — Lower; bulk, 7.70@7.80; light, 7.55@7.90; mixed, 7.50@7.85; heavy, 7.30@7.80; rough, 7.30@7.45; pigs, 5.75@7.35.

Cattle — Firm. Native beef steers, 6.90@9.25; cows and heifers, 3.25@8.75; calves, 6.50@9.00.

Sheep — Weak. Sheep, 7.75@8.55; lambs, 7.75@10.60.

NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

New York, May 17. — Mercantile paper, 3½@4 per cent. Sterling exchange, easy; sixty day bills, 4.7650; for cables, 4.7960; for demand, 4.7920. Bar silver, 50. Mexican dollars, 38 . Government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, strong. Time loans, firmer; sixty days, 3; ninety days, 3¼; six months, 3¼@3½.

Call money, steady; ruling rate, 2.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

Market Displays Quiet Strength—Close 10 to 11 Points Up.

New Orleans, May 17.—Quiet strength was displayed by cotton today. With no aggressiveness on the part of the bulls and on a very quiet tone, prices were put 12 to 16 points over Saturday's final figures. The close was 10 to 11 points up. The advance was gradual and suffered no real setbacks at any time.

The market opened at the advance in the face of good weather and poor cables. Not only were Liverpool reports against the market, but those from Manchester were not encouraging. According to private messages from the belt the crop was doing well under almost ideal weather conditions. No selling of consequence developed from the bearish news of the day and brokers found it difficult to meet the moderate demand that sprang up. A more cheerful feeling regarding the political situation prevailed.

Cotton futures closing: May 8.98; July 9.26; October 9.56; December 9.72; January 9.83.

Spot cotton quiet, unchanged; middling 900 sales on the spot 450 bales, to arrive none.

SWIFT ADVANCE IN WHEAT

Caused by Crop Damage That May Amount to 100,000,000 Bushels. Other Staples Gain.

Chicago, May 17. — Crop damage that may amount to 100,000,000 bushels caused a swift advance of the price of wheat today. Although somewhat unsettled at the close, the market finished 1¾ to 4½ above Saturday's final level. Other staples, too, showed gains. Corn, ⅝ to ½. Oats, ⅛@ to ¼, and provisions, 5 to 15 cents.

Reports of insect injury to growing wheat, especially in Missouri, were said to be the worst for many years.

Grain and provisions closing:

Wheat—May, 1.56; July, 1.29½.

Corn—May, 75⅝; July, 77¼.

Oats—May, 53; July, 51¼.

Pork—July, 18.02; September, 18.32.

Lard—July, 9.65; September, 9.90.

Ribs—July, 10.55; September, 10.80.

Cash grain:

Wheat—No. 2, red, 1.53½@1.55; No. 2, hard, 1.54½@1.56.

Corn—No. 2, yellow, 76½@77.

MARINE.

Arrived.

Str. Navahoe, Carey, New York, C. J. Becker, agent.

Cleared.

Str. Navahoe, Carey, Georgetown, C. J. Becker, agent.

Str. Henry Williams, Huggins, Georgetown, Baltimore-Carolina Steamship Co.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Chippewa, Maguire, C. J. Becker, agent.

Str. Hartington (Br.), 2,500 tons, Duff, Heide & Co.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.), 3,289 tons, Hollasch, Heide & Co.

Str. Kiel (Ger.), 2,872 tons, Linke, at Southport, Heide & Co.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

(Quoted Daily by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce.)

STAR OFFICE, May 17.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE — Steady, at 40 cents.

ROSIN—Quiet, $2.80@$2.70 per barrel.

TAR—Quiet, $1.70 per barrel; 8c. per gallon.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Steady, $2.75 per barrel for soft; $2.75 per barrel for virgin; $1.50 per barrel for hard.

Quotation same day last year—Spirits turpentine, steady, 43¾. Rosin, firm, $3.50. Tar, firm, $2.25-10c. Crude turpentine, firm, $3.75; $3.75; $2.75.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	13
Rosin	57
Tar	65
Crude Turpentine	10

Receipts — Same day last year: Spirits turpentine, 0 casks; rosin, 10 barrels; tar, 13 barrels; crude turpentine, 0 barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Nominal; quotations same day last year, nominal.

Receipts—532 bales; same day last year, 10 bales.

Total receipts since September 1st, to date, 267,764 bales.

Total receipts to same date last year, 375,100 bales.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at This Port Yesterday.

Wilmington, May 17.

Atlantic Coast Line—516 bales cotton; 32 barrels tar; 10 barrels crude turpentine.

Seaboard Air Line—15 bales cotton; 5 barrels tar.

Str. Lathrop—1 bale cotton; 13 casks spirits turpentine; 57 barrels rosin; 14 barrels tar.

Bessie May—14 barrels tar.

Total — 532 bales cotton; 13 casks spirits turpentine; 57 barrels rosin; 65 barrels tar; 10 barrels crude turpentine.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, May 14.—North Carolina Peanuts—Market, steady. Fancy hand-picked, 90c.; No. 1, machine picked, 85c. per bushel.

Virginia Peanuts — Steady. Jumbos, 77c.; fancy hand-picked, 66c.; No. 1, machine picked, 60c. per bushel.

Spanish Peanuts—Steady. No. 1, small, machine picked, 85c.; Jumbos, 75c per bushel.

All receipts, light.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, May 15.)

CORN—$2.10 per sack.

PEAS—Black eyed peas, $2.75 per bu.; cow peas, market not open.

POTATOES — Irish potatoes, 80@85c. per bu. Sweet potatoes, yams, $1.00 per bu. Good demand.

BEEF—Native dressed, 7@9c.; good sales.

PORK—Small, 10c. per lb.

SHEEP—Out of season.

WOOL—Burry, 14 to 15c.; black wool, 16 to 17c.; first-class white wool, 20c.; free, 20@21c. per lb.

HIDES—Green salt, 13c.; dry flints, 17c. per lb.; good demand.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON — Old hams, 18@19c.; sides and shoulders, 15c. lb. Good demand.

BEESWAX—Firm, 25c. per lb.; dull.

POULTRY — Chickens, grown, 40@45c. Spring, 20@30c. per head; good demand. Turkeys, out of season.

EGGS—15@17c. per doz.; very dull.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET

(Reported by Rogers, Plummer & Co. Inc.)

Petersburg, Va., April 26, 1915.

Spanish, farmers stock—Market weaker. Holders asking $1; cleaners bidding 90c.

Virginias, farmers stock—Market steady. Fancy jumbo 3 3-4c per pound; fancy handpicked, 3 1-2c per pound; extra prime, 3 1-2c per pound; shelling stock, 2 1-4 to 2 3-4c per pound

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, May 17. — Raw sugar, steady; molasses sugar, 4.13; refined, firm.

Butter—Firmer.

Cheese—Firm.

Coffee—Spot, quiet; Rio, No. 7, 7¾; Santos, No. 4, 9¾.

STOCK MARKET IS WAITING

For Germany's Reply to the American Note—Dull and Uninteresting Yesterday.

New York, May 17.—The undertone and general aspect of today's very dull and uninteresting stock market were accepted as an indication that no very definite movement is probable pending the receipt of Germany's reply to Washington's note. War stocks manifested more than their usual variable tendency, gaining 3 to 7 points in the first hour, but declining later on slight offerings. The closing was dull to the point of stagnation.

Aside from advices to the effect that the Lusitania disaster has temporarily checked new business in finished steel, general news was encouraging.

Last week's decision of the Interstate Commerce Commission ordering a severance of direct relations between the railroad and lake carriers provoked some adverse comment, but no doubt was felt that steamboat traffic between Buffalo and Chicago would continue.

Bonds strong but featureless. Total sales, par value, aggregated $1,630,000. United States bonds unchanged on call.

NEW YORK STOCK LIST.

Amalgamated Copper	66¾
American Agricultural	51
American Can	33½
American Car and Foundry	50¼
American Cities, pfd	49
American Cotton Oil	46¼
American Smelting	65¼
American Snuff	145
American Sugar	105⅜
American Tel and Tel	119
American Tobacco	222½
Atchison	99¾
Atlantic Coast Line	106
Baltimore and Ohio	72¼
Canadian Pacific	158⅞
Central Leather	35⅞
Chesapeake and Ohio	43⅝
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	90
Erie	25⅜
General Electric	151
Great Northern, pfd	117
Illinois Central	106½
Interborough-Met., pfd	70⅛
Kansas City Southern	26½
Lehigh Valley	140
Louisville and Nashville	115
Liggett and Myers	200
Lorillard Co	170
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	12½
Missouri Pacific	13½
Mexican Petroleum	69½
New York Central	84⅝
N. Y., N. H. and Hartford	62⅞
Norfolk and Western	101⅜
Northern Pacific	104½
Pennsylvania	107
Reading	143½
Rep. Iron and Steel	27
Rep. Iron and Steel, pfd	82½
Rock Island Co	½
Rock Island Co., pfd	⅝
St. L. and San Fran., 2nd pfd	5½
Seaboard Air Line	14
Seaboard Air Line, pfd	35
Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron	30
Southern Pacific	87¾
Southern Railway	16½
Southern Railway, pfd	52
Tennessee Copper	31½
Texas Co	122½
Texas and Pacific	15
Union Pacific	123⅜
United States Steel	53¼
United States Steel, pfd	106
Utah Copper	64¼
Virginia-Caro. Chem	29⅝
Western Union	65⅝
Bethlehem Steel	134
American Beet Sugar	43½

SAVANNAH NAVAL STORES.

Savannah, May 17. — Turpentine, firm, 40@40 ; sales, 919; receipts, 389; shipments, 6,78; stock, 22,367.

Rosin — Quiet. Sales, 5.75; receipts, 1,111; shipments, 2,958; stocks, 61,303. Quote: A, B, 2.90; C, D, E, 2.95; F, 3.10; G, H, 3.25; I, 3.30; K, 3.45; M, 4.00; N, 5.00; W G, 5.40; W W, 5.50.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, May 17. — Cotton goods and yarns were quiet and steady today. Raw silk, dull; dress goods, generally quiet, but there was a better demand for broadcloths and corded fabrics for Fall.

MUCH QUICKER MAIL SERVICE.

The Star Will Reach Kenansville by Noon by Rail.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Warsaw, N. C., May 17. — At an early date, the mails between Warsaw and Kenansville will be carried by the Atlantic & Carolina railroad, instead of by star route, as at present. Chief Clerk Carroll was here Saturday, and went over the road, making an inspection and securing other data, with a view to recommending to the Postoffice Department that this mail service be put on the train. This will not only be a saving of nearly half of the present cost of carrying the mails by the present star route, but will enable all mails leaving Wilmington on train 48 to be received in Kenansville by noon—six hours earlier than at present. There are two R. F. D. routes leading out from Kenansville. People living on these routes under the new schedule will be able to receive Wilmington morning papers on the days that they are published, whereas now it requires nearly two days.

TO USE BOYS' BIRD HOUSES.

Homes for Feathered Friends Supplied by 1,200 Young Architects.

(From St. Paul Pioneer Press.)

Twelve hundred birdhouses built by St. Paul schoolboys for the recent exhibit at the Commercial Club, will be placed in trees in all parts of the city by the boys who made them.

The boy whose bird house is first inhabited by a pair of birds will be awarded a prize—a book on bird lore, presented by J. S. Fugate, president of the St. Paul Humane Society. The award will be made after an investigation of the bird house by Donald V. Ferguson, of the Department of Education.

Kinston, N. C., May 17.—W. J. Griffin, 74, walked down Queen street here yesterday for the second time in more than 50 years. The last time he tramped through the street was in the early '60s, when he wore a uniform of gray. Comrade Griffin, who lives at Williamston, N. C., didn't recognize a thing nor a person he saw in Kinston. He was a color sergeant at the battle of Whitehall, in which he was wounded by a shell fragment.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

May 18, 1915.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M. yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 78 degrees; at 8 P. M., 77 degrees; maximum, 91 degrees; minimum, 71 degrees; mean, 81 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .60; rainfall for the month to date 2.04 inches.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M. yesterday, 6.5 feet.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina: Fair Tuesday, cooler in Central and East. Wednesday fair.

The Port Calendar, May 18, 1915.

Sun rises	5:03 A. M.
Sun sets	7:08 P. M.
Day's length	14 hrs.

THE TIDES.

	High water. A.M.	P.M.	Low water. A.M.	P.M.
Wilmington	12:31	12:49	8:18	8:01
Southport	10:29	10:52	4:55	4:48
Masonboro Inl	10:18	10:41	4:48	4:41

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

May 17, 1915.

STATIONS:	Temperature: Weather at 8 P. M.	Highest today.	Lowest Last night.	Precipitation at 8 P. M.
Abilene	—	56		.0
Asheville	clear	72	58	.06
Atlanta	clear	82	68	.0
Augusta	clear	92	72	.0
Birmingh	clear	80	66	.0
Boston	rain	48	46	.24
Charleston pt	cldy	94	74	.0
Charlotte	pt cldy	84	68	.0
Chicago	clear	48	40	.02
Galveston	clear	78	72	.0
Jacksonv.	cldy	92	24	.0
Memphis	clear	68	56	.06
Mobile	clear	90	72	.0
Montgom'y	rain	88	70	.0
New Orl.	clear	88	68	.0
New York	cldy	54	46	.10
Palestine	clear	84	66	.0
Pittsburg.	cldy	52	50	.24
Raleigh	pt cldy	86	66	.0
Savannah	pt cldy	94	74	.0
Shreveport	clear	82	70	.0
St. Louis	cldy	64	36	.0
Washing'n	clear	68	52	.0

NEW ENTERPRISES IN THE SOUTHERN STATES

Among the many Southern industrial and other developmental enterprises reported in the current issue of the Manufacturers' Record are the following:

E. R. Darlington Lumber & Coal Co., St. Louis, Mo., was incorporated with capital stock of $153,3000 to manufacture lumber, etc.

Holly-Elk Coal Co., Grafton, W. Va., was incorporated with capital stock of $100,000 to develop coal mines, etc.

Triple State Concrete Tie & Manufacturing Co., St. Albans, W. Va., was incorporated with capital stock of $100,000 to manufacture concrete ties, etc.

E. J. Robinson Adjustable Bed & Sanitary Couch Manufacturing Co., St. Joseph, Md., was incorporated with capital stock of $100,000 to manufacture beds and couches.

New Orleans Railway, Light & Power Co., New Orleans, La., is reported to enlarge power plant on river front at Market street, expending $25,000 for additional building and $100,000 for machinery.

Johnson City Lumber & Manufacturing Co., Johnson City, Tenn., will erect three buildings to contain 30,000 square feet floor space, boiler house and office building, largest structure to be 400 feet long; will install band saw mill, planing mill, wood working plant, including bending plant, and 200 horse power steam plant, to manufacture lumber dimension stock, flitches, bent rims for vehicles and round tables, wooden parts for looms for textile mills, etc.

Blue Grass Coal Corporation, Hazard, Ky., was incorporated with $100,-000 capital stock; acquired property of Hazard-Dean Coal Co., and will improve or enlarge, develop 1,000 acres, daily capacity 300 to 500 tons.

Heneger-Dooley Shoe Co., Knoxville, Tenn., was incorporated with $100,000 capital stock to manufacture shoes.

Capital City Water Co., Little Rock, Ark., was incorporated with $100,000 capital stock; is auxiliary of Arkansas Water Co. and will supply water to Little Rock and Pulaski Heights.

Hugo Ice & Light Co., Hugo, Okla., will expend $30,000 for addition to plant; will install 500 K. W. mixed-pressure turbo-generator with condenser and cooling spray pond and 400 H. P. boiler; develop 750 H. P.

Indio Coal Co., Birmingham, Ala., was incorporated with capital stock of $50,000.

Henryetta Ice & Cold Storage Co., Henryetta, Okla., was incorporated with capital stock of $80,000 to establish ice and cold storage plant, etc.

Boone Fork Lumber Co., Asheville, N. C., was incorporated with capital stock of $50,000 to manufacture lumber.

Jordan Manufacturing Co., Lumberton, N. C., was incorporated with capital stock of $50,000 to manufacture thermometers, etc.

National Casket Co., Asheville, N. C., let contract to build addition to plant, 160 feet long; monolithic concrete; cement floors and roof; fireproof; cost $25,000 to $30,000.

Charles H. Hall, Newbern, N. C., will build saw and planing mill of 20,000 to 25,000 feet daily capacity.

J. W. McWilliams Lumber Co., Mobile, Ala., was incorporated with capital stock of $75,000 to manufacture lumber.

Standard Brake Shoe & Foundry Co., Pine Bluff, Ark., acquired Dilley Foundry Co., and will build $40,000 plant, including open-hearth steel foundry.

Crystal Coal Co., Knoxville, Tenn., was incorporated with capital stock of $50,000 to develop coal mines, etc.

Maloney & Carter Co., Charleston, S. C., will erect building, 200 by 100 feet, 2 stories, and equipped with $10,000 worth of machinery for the manufacture of feed and meal; total cost $38,-000.

Inter-County Telephone Co., Southern Pines, N. C., was incorporated with capital stock of $50,000 to establish telephone system.

Goose Creek Lime Works, Middleburg, Va., incorporated with capital stock of $25,000 to manufacture lime.

Zebulon Hosiery Mills, Zebulon, N. C., will erect addition to dry-room and install bleaching plant.

FIELD PEAS

WE HAVE 500 BUSHELS FOR SALE.

SAMPLES and QUOTATIONS on APPLICATION.

SAMUEL BEAR, SR., & SONS

Wholesale Grocers

WILMINGTON, N. C.

BURETT H. STEPHENS

ARCHITECT

38-39 GARRELL BUILDING.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE.

By virtue of the power vested in me under a judgment rendered at the April term, 1915, of the Superior Court of New Hanover County, in an action entitled "Geo. A. Grimsley, Trustee, vs. R. A. Wright, et als.," I will offer for sale to the highest bidder, for cash, at the Court House door, in Wilmington, N. C., on Wednesday, May 19th, at 12 o'clock M., the following lots of land, located in the City of Wilmington, to wit:

First Lot—Beginning in the western line of Nutt street at a point 119.7 feet Northwardly from the northern line of Grace street and running thence Northwardly along the Western line of Nutt street 55.75 feet; thence Westwardly and parallel with Grace street 122 feet; thence Southwardly and parallel with Nutt street 55.75 feet; thence Eastwardly and parallel with Grace street 122 feet to the Western line of Nutt street, the point of beginning, same being parts of lots two and three in block 202, according to the official plan of the City of Wilmington, subject, however, to a lease from Worth & Worth, a copartnership, and former owners of said lot, to the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company, said lease expiring in the year 1934, and being for an easement or siding at the rear of said lot."

Second Lot—Beginning in the Western line of Nutt street, one hundred and ninety-eight feet northwardly from the northern line of Grace street, and running thence Southwardly along the Western line of Nutt street 22.5b feet to the line of another lot owned by R. A. Wright; thence westwardly and parallel with Grace street one hundred and twenty-two feet; thence Northwardly and parallel with Nutt street, 22.55 feet; thence Eastwardly and parallel with Grace street one hundred and twenty-two (122) feet to the Western line of Nutt street, the beginning point, the same being part of lot No. 3, in block No. 202, according to the official plan of the said City of Wilmington, subject, however, to a lease from Worth & Worth, a copartnership and former owners of said lot to the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company, said lease expiring in the year 1934, and being for an easement or siding on the rear end of the said lot.

The two lots will be offered separately and then jointly, and the terms of sale are cash, subject to the approval of the Court.

This 19th day of April, A. D. 1915.

J. O. CARR, Commissioner.

ap20-30t

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, COUNTY of New Hanover.

By virtue and in pursuance of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage made by T. H. McGee, and Mary C. McGee, his wife, to the City and Suburban Building Association, said mortgage deed bearing date of 15th day of November, 1913, and duly recorded in Book No. 74, at page No. 126, Register of Deeds Office of said New Hanover County. Default having been made in the payment of the obligation secured by said mortgage, the undersigned will expose for sale and sell, for cash, at Public Auction, to the highest bidder, at 12 o'clock, noon, the 9th day of June, 1915, the following described land, lying and being situate in the State and County aforesaid, Cape Fear Township:

All of lots or farms Number Thirteen (13), Fourteen (14) and Fifteen (15), according to map or survey made by J. A. Pickett for Matt. J. Heyer, which said map or survey is duly recorded in Book 69, at page 698, Public Records of New Hanover County, reference to which is hereby made for a more complete description. Also a strip of land thirty-five (35) feet wide, extending along the entire length of the Northern part of Lot or Farm No. 12, said strip being a part of Farm No. 12, lying South of Farm No. 13, reference being made to same map or survey, as above mentioned.

Dated and published this 8th day of May, 1915.

CITY AND SUBURBAN BUILDING ASSOCIATION, Mortgagee.

my9 to je9-1mo

NOTICE.

To the Fishermen and Others Interested in the Fishing Industry of North Carolina.

At a meeting of the Fisheries Commission Board, held in Washington, North Carolina, on April 29th and 30th, 1915, a full membership of the Board being present, the following orders were passed:

First.—It was ordered that until January 1st, 1916, for experimental purposes, Ocean pound nets be allowed to extend to 200 yards of the shore, said nets not to be placed within three (3) miles of either side of any inlet and within one (1) mile of either side of Cape Lookout Bight.

Second.—That the fishing of pound nets shall be prohibited in the waters of Albemarle Sound and its tributaries from June 1st until January 1st.

Third.—That no net smaller than 1¼ inch bar before taring shall be fished in the waters of North Carolina, provided that this shall not apply to nets fished exclusively for shrimps and menhaden.

Provided further that skim and cast nets only shall be used for the catching of shrimps in Pender, New Hanover and Brunswick counties.

The following itinerary has been arranged:

Tuesday, June 8th, 1915, Edenton, N. C., from 9 A. M. till 1 P. M., at the Court House.

Wednesday, June 9th, 1915, Manteo, N. C., from 10 A. M. till 1 P. M., and from 2:30 P. M. till 5 P. M., at the Court House.

Friday, June 11th, 1915, Morehead City, N. C., from 10 A. M. till 1 P. M., and from 2:30 P. M. till 5 P. M., at Red Men's Hall.

Saturday, June 12th, 1915, Wilmington, N. C., from 2 P. M. till 6 P. M., at the Court House.

Any persons desiring to be heard upon any of the above questions are requested to attend at some one of the above named places at times designated.

H. L. GIBBS, Fisheries Commissioner.

This May 6, 1915.

my16 to je 12

Read Star Business Locals.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

IN EFFECT MAY 1st, 1915.

Winter Park, Wrightsville, Wrightsville Beach and Intermediate Points.

EAST BOUND: Leave Front and Princess for Winter Park	Leave Front and Princess for Wrightsville	Leave Front and Princess for Beach	WEST BOUND: Leave Winter Park for Wilmington	Leave Wrightsville for Wilmington	Leave Beach for Wilmington
a 6.30 a.m.	a 6.30 p.m.	a 6.30 a.m.	a 6.26 a.m.	a 6.15 a.m.	.....
.....	.....	.....	a 7.31 "	a 7.20 "	.....
.....	.....	.....	b 7.56 "	b 7.45 "	b 7.35 a.m.
6.50 "	6.50 "	b 6.55 "	a 8.01 "	a 7.50 "	a 7.40 "
a 8.00 "	a 8.00 "	.....	a 8.41 "	a 8.30 "	.....
8.30 "	8.30 "	8.30 "	9.36 "	9.25 "	9.15 "
.....	.....	.....	b10.31 "	b10.20 "	.....
10.00 "	10.00 "	10.00 "	11.06 "	10.55 "	10.45 "
11.30 "	11.30 "	11.30 "	12.36 p.m.	12.25 p.m.	12.15 p.m.
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1.10 p.m.	1.10 p.m.	1.10 p.m.	2.01 "	1.50 "	e 1.45 "
2.00 "	2.00 "	2.00 "	3.06 "	2.55 "	2.45 "
2.30 "	2.30 "	2.30 "	3.36 "	3.25 "	3.15 "
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4.00 "	4.00 "	4.00 "	5.06 "	4.55 "	4.45 "
4.30 "	4.30 "	4.30 "	5.36 "	5.25 "	5.15 "
5.00 "	5.00 "	5.00 "	6.06 "	5.55 "	5.45 "
5.30 "	5.30 "	5.30 "	6.46 "	6.35 "	6.25 "
6.10 "	6.10 "	6.10 "	.....	.....	.....
6.40 "	6.40 "	.....	7.33 "	7.22 "	7.10 "
7.15 "	7.15 "	7.15 "	8.16 "	8.05 "	7.55 "
8.15 "	8.15 "	.....	8.56 "	8.45 "	.....
9.15 "	9.15 "	9.15 "	10.21 "	10.10 "	10.00 "
10.15 "	10.15 "	.....	10.56 "	10.46 "	.....
11.15 "	11.15 "	11.15 "	12.21 "	12.10 "	12.00 "

a—Daily, except Sunday.
b—Sundays only.
e—Leaves from Station 3.

FREIGHT SCHEDULE

(Daily, except Sundays.)

Leave 9th and Orange streets 9.30 A. M. and 3.30 P. M.
Freight Depot open from 8.30 to 9.30 A. M. and from 1.00 to 3.30 P. M.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington. Effective Feb. 18, 1915.

Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES:	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90. 3:40 A.M. Monday morning only.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad.	No. 91. 1:15 A.M. Sunday morning (Saturday night) only.
No. 51. * 5:20 A.M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman sleeping cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50. *12:45 A.M.
No. 64. 10:15 A.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and intermediate stations.	No. 65. † 6:15 P.M.
No. 48. 7:40 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains with Pullman service.	No. 49. * 6:05 P.M.
No. 53. * 5:45 A.M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford.	No. 52. * 5:00 P.M.
No. 62. * 3:20 P.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and intermediate stations.	No. 63. *12:50 P.M.
No. 58. * 5:30 P.M.	Chadbourn, Florence, Augusta, Atlanta and the West. Charleston, Savannah and all Florida Points. Columbia, Asheville and the West. All Steel Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington, Augusta and Atlanta, and between Florence and Columbia.	No. 54. *12:50 P.M.
No. 59. † 6:30 P.M.	Fayetteville and intermediate stations.	No. 60. †10:15 A.M.
No. 42. * 6:45 P.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars, between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains; also Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41. * 9:50 A.M.

* Daily. † Daily except Sunday. ‡ Tuesdays, Thursday and Saturdays.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 260.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent. WILMINGTON, N. C.

CLYDE LINE

TO NEW YORK AND GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington

S. S. Cherokee .....Friday, May 21st
S. S. Navahoe .....Friday, May 28th

Wilmington to Georgetown.

S. S. Navahoe.....Monday, May 17th
S. S. Cherokee .....Manday, May 24th

Wilmington to New York.

S. S. Navahoe .....Saturday, May 22nd
S. S. Cherokee ...Saturday, May 29th

Equipped With Wireless.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO.,
C. J. BECKER, Agent.
Wilmington, N. C.
H. G. SMALLBONES,
Commercial Agent,
Wilmington, N. C.
General Offices: Pier 36 N. R., New York

TO CHICAGO ON THE CAROLINA SPECIAL THROUGH SLEEPING CAR DAILY VIA SOUTHERN RAILWAY

Premier Carrier of the South

QUEEN AND CRESCENT ROUTE AND BIG FOUR ROUTE

Southern Railway is now operating through sleeping cars daily on the Carolina Special between Charleston, S. C., and Chicago, Ill., affording excellent connections from and for Eastern North Carolina Points, Goldsboro, Raleigh, Durham, Greensboro and intermediate points, through ASHEVILLE AND THE LAND OF THE SKY.

For Pullman sleeping car reservations, schedules and detailed information, ask any Southern Railway Agent, or write,

O. F. YORK,
Traveling Passenger Agent.
Raleigh, N. C.

J. F. LEITNER

ARCHITECT

27 2b, 29 Garrell Building.

HIGH & LENNON

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS

113 S. Second St., Wilmington, N. C.

COUNTRY PRODUCE

—A SPECIALTY—

Quick Sales and Prompt Returns

N&W Norfolk & Western Ry.

Quickest and Best Line West and Northwest.

Block System. Rock Ballast. 85-lb Rails.

Schedule in Effect Nov. 22, 1914.

Lv. Norfolk	.....	8:30a.m.	8:00p.m.
Lv. Petersburg	.....	11:00a.m.	10:40p.m.
Lv. Durham	.....	7:00a.m.	6:30p.m.
Lv. Lynchburg	.....	2:45p.m.	3:30a.m.
Ar. Cincinnati	.....	7:20a.m.	6:20a.m.
Ar. Columbus	.....	6:45a.m.	7:00p.m.
Ar. Chicago	.....	5:00p.m.	8:00a.m.
Ar. St. Louis	.....	6:32p.m.	8:30a.m.

Close connections made for

NOL PROS ENTERED IN WESTERN MINERS CASE

C. H. Moyer and 37 Other Officials of Federation.

Indicted on Charges of Conspiracy a Year Ago in Connection of Strike Violence—Prosecutor Gives Reasons for Action.

Calumet, Mich., May 17.—A nolle prosequi was entered today in the case against President C. H. Moyer and 37 other officials of the Western Federation of Miners, indicted on charges of conspiracy by the Houghton county grand jury a year ago as a result of alleged acts of violence said to have been committed at the direction of the defendants during the copper strike.

The order was made by Judge P. H. O'Brien in the Baraga county circuit court at L'Anse, on motion of Prosecutor W. J. Galbraith, of Houghton county.

Action Explained.

The prosecutor said:

"The strike has established in this community certain fundamental principles and its conduct, leadership and subsequent events have thoroughly discredited the imported mercenary agitators and the gospel of class hatred."

The indictment which was so worded as to charge a misdemeanor, was returned January 15, 1914, and contained three counts. The first and second counts alleged that President Moyer and 37 other officials and members of the union had conspired to prevent employes of mining companies affected by the strike from pursuing their lawful vocations.

The third count alleged that the conspiracy extended to an attempt to deprive the laborers generally of the property and rights.

Among the 38 men indicted were: C. E. Mahoney, vice president of the Western Federation of Miners and Guy Miller, J. C. Lowney, W. P. Davidson and Yanko Terzich, members of the executive council of the union.

DIOCESE OF NORTH CAROLINA IN SESSION AT GREENSBORO

Will Assemble This Morning, Bishop Cheshire Presiding.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Greensboro, May 17.—The ninety-ninth annual convention of the diocese of North Carolina will assemble in Holy Trinity Episcopal church here tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock, with the Right Rev. Joseph Blount Cheshire, bishop of the diocese, presiding. The session will continue through Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday. Indications are that it will be one of the most largely attending conventions ever held in the diocese.

The following ministers are expected: Bishop Cheshire, Revs. Theodore Andrews, Milton A. Barber, L. W. Blackwelder, Sidney S. Bost, Bertram E. Brown, Simeon J. H. Brown, J. Frederick Burg, T. A. Cheatham, Henry T. Cocks, C. T. Duncan, John B. Gibble, William J. Gordon, Edgar U. Gould, Samuel Hanff, William H. Hardin, J. S. Hartzell, F. H. T. Horsfield, Joseph H. Hudson, Isaac W. Hughes, M. Collins Hughes, A. B. Hunter, Julian E. Ingle, John L. Jackson, Alfred S. Lawrence, George W. Lay, William L. Loflin, James D. Miller, Albert New, F. A. Osborne, Francis M. Osborne, Robert H. Owens, I. McK. Pittenger, C. J. Prosperi, R. E. Roe, W. J. Smith, Homer W. Starr, Lewis W. Taylor, Thomas L. Thott, Robert A. Tuft, C. P. Willcox, Henry A. Willey. Several wives of the ministers and a large number of laymen from all sections of the State will be in attendance. Many ministers and delegates are already here.

GERMANY EXPECTED TO REPLY TO NOTE BEFORE WEEK ENDS

(Continued from Page One.)

unless it is proved to be of a contraband character with an ultimate enemy destination. Many non-contraband cargoes bound for neutrals are said to have been detained and the sending of an emphatic note to Great Britain on the subject in the near future would not be surprising, according to well informed opinion tonight.

As for questions raised in the American note which Germany is understood to be willing to arbitrate, officials here say the American government will not be satisfied with less than an acceptance of the principles of humanity and legality set forth in its note.

75,000 Letters In Behalf Of Frank

THREE THOUSAND RECEIVED BY GOVERNOR YESTERDAY ASKING FOR COMMUTATION OF SENTENCE.

Atlanta, Ga., May 17.—The hearing on Leo M. Frank's petition asking that the sentence of death pronounced on him for the murder of Mary Phagan be commuted to life imprisonment, was set today by the Georgia prison commission for Monday, May 31.

Three thousand letters, many of them signed by men of the highest prominence in various parts of the United States, asking that Frank's sentence be commuted were received today by Governor Slaton. The total number of letters of similar import received by the governor is estimated at 75,000.

Prominent men who have interceded for Frank by letter during the last few days are:

Myron T. Herrick, formerly governor of Ohio and until recently ambassador to France; Philander C. Knox, of Pennsylvania, former senator and later Secretary of State; Francis I. Walsh, chairman of the Federal Industrial Relations Commission; F. I. Delano, member of the Federal Reserve Board; Senators Borah, of Idaho; Thomas, of Colorado; Newlands, of Nevada; Reed, of Missouri, and Governors Brumbaugh, of Pennsylvania; Ferris, of Michigan; Hall, of Louisiana, and Mayor Rolph, of San Francisco.

Your dollar will do double duty at Polvogt's today. It's their Dollar Day Sale.—Advertisement.

AMERICANS IN YAQUI VALLEY ARE NOW SAFE

Have Concentrated at Point Where They Can Escape.

Arrangements Made for Settlers to Leave Valley in Safety—However, They Are Hoping to Be Able to Return.

San Diego, Cal., May 17.—The cruiser Colorado, which left here yesterday with two companies of marines, to aid, if necessary, American colonists who have been fighting Indians in the Yaqui Valley, Mexico, returned to San Diego tonight. Admiral Thomas B. Howard received word while off the coast of Lower California from Commander Thomas Magruder from the cruiser Raleigh at Guaymas that the Americans were in no danger and abandoned the trip.

Washington, May 17.—Immediate fears for the safety of 65 or more American settlers in the Yaqui valley, Mexico, where Yaqui Indians are on the warpath, were relieved today by advices to the State and Navy Departments. The Americans, the reports said, had concentrated at Yaqui Pueblo, on the railway within reach of the coast, but for the present they were waiting and hoping for restoration of order.

A message sent yesterday to General Sosa, Villa commander in the Yaquo region, to Governor Maytorena, of Sonora, and transmitted by the American consul at Nogalese, said the Yaquis who had attacked Pueblo, an old settlement where the American had concentrated, had withdrawn and now were menacing a small party of Mexican soldiers at Becum. Colonel Bacanegras, with 200 soldiers, was proceeding to Yaqui Pueblo to escort the Americans to Eundicion, or Tabari Bay, whee they could be picked up by cruisers of the Pacific fleet.

"It is said," a State Department summary stated, "that this arrangement was made in order to give the colonists an opportunity to leave the valley in comparative safety. It is reported that the losses suffered in the present raid are heavy and that until a garrison is established in the valley there will be danger of the destruction of American property.

"Consul Simpico states that from what he can learn the situation seems temporarily improved, although the Indians still control practically the whole region from Loncho to SanBlas in Sinaloa."

MANY REFORMS ARE URGED BY BAPTISTS

(Continued from Page One.)

tic discussion of the prohibition movement and to urging upon Southern Baptists further efforts to stamp out the liquor traffic. In conclusion, the report declared the "beverage liquor traffic is not the only evil and its abolition not the only needed reform." Urging other reforms, the reported stated:

"So long as there is social inequality, industrial injustice, or political crime, you and I have a message, and a mission."

Under the latter head were grouped children's work in factories, long hours in sweat shops, temptations to young girls, working for meagre salaries in department stores; crowded tenements, tenantry conditions on farms, and impure politics."

The report recounted the recent victories for statewide prohibition in several states, the fact that the bill introduced in the last session of Congress to submit a constitutional amendment for national prohibition received a majority, but not the necessary two-thirds vote in the lower house of Congress, and the prohibition steps taken by the great European nations since the beginning of the European war.

"The death knell of rum in America has been sounded," the report declared.

In the conclusion, the convention was asked to endorse "every movement looking to the abolition of the beverage liquor traffic," and to promise co-operation and support to the Anti-Saloon League of America," the Women's Christian Temperance Union, and the "Hobson resolution, or any other similar resolution which shall be agreed upon by the legislative committee of the Anti-Saloon League of America."

The convention adopted a resolution stating the need of an education board and authorizing the appointment of a committee to report on this matter at the next convention.

In resolutions thanking "all those who aided in making the convention a success," the convention stated, "we especially thank The Associated Press and the newspapers."

Fraternal delegates then were appointed to attend the Northern Baptist Convention in Los Angeles this week.

WOMAN DISGUISED AS COP.

Policemen Charged With Lending Uniform to Evade Quarantine.

(From Phila. North American.)

Because Mrs. Cramer, 33 North Farson street, it is alleged, put on a policeman's brass buttoned coat and helmet and left her house when she was quarantined, the owner of the uniform and two other policemen have been ordered before the Police Board for trial.

The accused are Policeman James Krepps and two sub-policemen, James T. Murphy and Earl Kister, all of the Sixty-First and Thompson streets station. There was an epidemic of scarlet fever in West Philadelphia, and Dr. A. A. Cairns, chief medical inspector, called on the police to help him maintain a strict quarantine.

The three policemen, much like "Seven Days," were stationed on guard in front of the Farson street house. On April 5, it is charged, they entered the quarantined house. Krepps took off his overcoat and helmet. Mrs. Cramer put them on and went out on the street. Chief Inspector Cairns then complained to Superintendent Robinson.

Athens, May 17.—Th condition of King Constantine of Greece has become more serious, says a Havas dispatch from Athens. Since noon today the fever of his majesty has become higher and it has been accompanied by restlessness.

New York, May 17.—The jury trial to test the sanity of Harry K. Thaw, set to begin today, was postponed until tomorrow. Deputy Attorney General Becker requested the delay.

Spend your dollars today at Polvogt's. It's Tuesday Dollar Day Sale.—Advertisement.

MASSACRE OF 6,000 ARMENIANS REPORTED

In Dispatch Received From Russian Consul at Urumiah

Slaughter at Van in Asiatic Turkey Reported to London, But Thus Far Not to the State Department at Washington.

London, May 17.—Six thousand Armenians have been massacred at Van, in Armenia, Asiatic Turkey, according to a dispatch received in official quarters today from the Russian consul at Urumiah, Persia. This message is dated May 15. It adds that the Armenians are defending themselves to the utmost against the Turks and Kurds arrayed against them, but that help is urgently needed.

Washington, May 17.—No confirmation had reached the State Department today of the reported massacre of 6,000 Armenian civilians at Van, Asiatic Turkey. Officials pointed out, however, that there is no American consul either at Van or Urumiah, Persia.

Armenian disorders were called to the attention of the State Department recently by the Russian ambassador. Ambassador Morgenthau was instructed to make representations and he reported last week that Turkey had given orders to protect American interests at Van and elsewhere.

For this reason it is thought probable no foreigners have been injured or molested.

BITTERNESS SHOWN IN RIGGS BANK CASE

(Continued From Page One)

eous calculation to stipulate that amount, which was due in interest to the bank, and notified the bank that it would be subject to a "further and continuing penalty."

"We thought he meant what he said," continued the attorney. "It now appears from Williams' affidavit that he merely was attempting to bully officials of the bank. He now says he had no intention of exacting further penalty and he makes no attempt to calculate the amount that had been incurred."

Touching upon the statement in Mr. McAdoo's affidavit, that the Secretary knew but two officers of the National City Bank, of New York, and that he had no dealings with that institution to arouse hostility, Mr. Hogan said the National City Bank was in no way connected with this case, and did not even own a dollar's worth of stock in the Riggs bank.

It was believed tonight that probably two more days would be occupied by arguments on legal phases of the proceedings. If the court should overrule the motions to dismiss, the defendant officials then would have to show cause why they should not be permanently enjoined from continuing alleged unlawful interference with the bank.

THE TRANSYLVANIA SAFE

Cunard Liner Arrives at Greenock, Scotland, O. K.

Liverpool, May 17.—The Cunard liner, Transylvania, arrived safely at Greenock, Scotland, at 3 o'clock this morning. When she sailed from New York Liverpool was supposed to be her destination. Her course was changed to minimize the danger of passing through the war zone.

New York, May 17.—Frank Madalena, of Steubenville, Ohio, was released on his own recognisance today after a jury before which he was tried on a charge of murder had disagreed. Accompanied by his wife and son he immediately started for his home town, where he abandoned a prosperous business last February to come here to face the murder charge.

Richmond, Va., March 17.—Louis A. McMahon, managing editor of the News Leader, and William B. Smith, city editor of the Times-Dispatch, who were arrested on May 6th on warrants charging them with criminal libel, sworn out by James Lefew, former member of a local military company, were today dismissed.

Berlin, May 18.—A wireless from Constantinople says the general staff in the Dardanelles reports that near Ariburnu on the 15th "three enemy battalions attacked our right wing seevral times. They were driven back into their main positions and lost some 1,500 men and much material. Three shots from our batteries hit British cruisers."

St. Paul, Minn., May 17.—Snow fell here tonight and at several Northern Minnesota points during the day. Freezing temperatures were reported from Duluth and other Northern cities tonight.

WEATHER ABNORMALLY COLD IN MOST OF COUNTRY

Washington, May 17.—Abnormally cold weather prevailed tonight throughout the entire country except i nthe South Atlantic and Gulf states. Reports to the Weather Bureau told of two disturbances, one in the Northwest, the other in the East, both moving eastward.

Frost warnings were issued tonight for many of the Northern and Central states.

AGED TAX COLLECTOR

Restored To Health By Vinol

Corinth, Miss.—"I am a city tax collector and seventy-four years of age. I was in a weak, run-down condition. My druggist told me about Vinol. I tried it and in a week noticed considerable improvement; I continued its use and now I have gained twenty pounds in weight, and feel much stronger. I consider Vinol a fine tonic to create strength for old people."—J. A. PRICE.

We guarantee Vinol, our delicious cod liver and iron tonic, for all run-down, weak and debilitated conditions.

Robert R. Bellamy, druggist, Wilmington, N. C., and at leading drug stores everywhere.

Today Dollar Day Sale at Polvogt's.—Advertisement.

WAR CLAIM OF JOHN H. THEIS ESTATE IS PAID

Probably First to be Paid Under Omnibus Claims Bill.

George H. Bellamy Gets the Cash from Federal Treasury—N. C. Claims Included Through Senator Overman's Efforts.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Washington, D. C., May 17.—Probably the first Federal money for war claims under the provisions of the Omnibus Claims bill, which Senator Overman had passed by the last Congress, was paid over today to George H. Bellamy, of Wilmington, administrator of the estate of John H. Theis.

Through the efforts of Hubert Martin, secretary to the junior North Carolina senator, a Treasury warrant was issued today in favor of Mr. Bellamy amounting to approximately $2,500.

There are claims for North Carolinians amounting to nearly $150,000 carried in the Omnibus bill. But for the efforts of Mr. Overman these claims would not have been included in the bill this year, and probably never would have been paid.

Senator Overman was notified today that the Postoffice Department had decided not to change the rural route from Hamptonville, Yadkin county, to Stoneville, Iredell county. A few politicians, mostly of the machine type, had petitioned the department to change the route to Iredell county. An investigation developed the fact that there was no good cause to be served by changing the route except to satisfy a few politicial bosses. P. R. A.

HAMLET-CHARLESTON DOUBLE DAILY PASSENGER SERVICE

C. A. & W. Railroad Opened to Passenger Traffic Yesterday.

Charleston, S. C., May 17.—The Carolina, Atlantic & Western railway was opened to passenger traffic today, a double daily service between Charleston and Hamlet, N. C., and a daily service between this city and Georgetown being inaugurated. Connections will be made at Hamlet with trains of the Seaboard Air Line for points east and west. A part of this road recently has been constructed and will serve much territory not heretofore touched by any railroad.

New York, May 17.—Mrs. Ida Sniffen Walters, who killed her two young children by giving them poison and unsuccessfully tried to poison herself, will not be tried for the murder of the children until next fall. Justice Weeks so decided when she was arraigned today in Supreme court. Justice Weeks read affidavits from physicians saying Mrs. Walters could not stand the strain of an immediate trial.

There is a Huyler confection to suit every taste—1600 varieties!

Huyler's FRESH EVERY HOUR

Our Sales Agents in Wilmington are Mathews Jno. W. Plummer, Jr.

Huyler's Cocoa, like Huyler's Candy, is Supreme

Business Locals

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amount being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge a Western Union Messenger to any address in the city, for advertisements in this department, upon request by 'phone to No. 51. Messengers will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, or advertisements for the Star, but a small charge for Strictly Messenger Service. Telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams and bills will be rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call "Western Union," but for advertisements always call the Star office, No. 51. Advertisements cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them. Contract advertising inserted "till forbid" will be discontinued only on written notice from the advertiser.

NEW IRISH POTATOES, NEW IRISH potatoes, nice fresh snap beans, new Irish potatoes, squash, cucumbers, tomatoes, extra choice beef, lamb, and pork. Raw and Boiled Ham and sliced bacon. See our market. We have full supply of good things to eat at all times. Palace Market, 108 South Front St.; 'Phone No. 72. my18-1t

NEW YORK DRESSMAKER — DRESSes, skirts and waists made to order. Work executed on short notice. 607 North Fourth street. my18-1t*

WANTED—COMBINATION COOK AND housekeeper for family of four. References exchanged. Either white or colored. Good position for right party. Apply to J. W. Blake, Burgaw, N. C. my18-1t*

BUTTER MILK — THE PASTEURIZED kind, with the cream it it. As smooth as velvet, at Fountains and Restaurants. Sold in bottles only. Made at Warren's Creamery. my18-1t*

JR. O. U. A. M. EXCURSION, TO CAROLlina Beach Thursday, May 20th. Biggest and best of the season. Music and dancing. Athletic contests, bathing, fishing, etc. "You Know Us." Come and have a good time. Tickets, 25c. Boat leaves 9:30 A. M., 2:45 and 7:30 P. M. my18-tu,th-2t

FOR SALE — DESIRABLE LOT, 66 BY 225 feet at Winter Park; high and dry, facing shell road. To quick purchaser, $350.00. 'Phone 1748-W. my18-2t

IT IS A PLEASURE TO TRAVEL WITH one of the famous G. & S. Trunks or Solid Leather Suit Cases. Call at Uncle Charles' Pawn Shop, or 'phone 642. my18-tf

WANTED — 5,000 PANAMA STRAW and felt hats to be cleaned like new. The only Practical Hatter in the city. American Practical Hatter, 128 Market street; 'Phone 418-W. my18-1t*

GASOLINE ENGINES FOR SALE cheap. Good condition. One six-horse Stover; one five-horse Regal marine. One two-horse Little Baker stationary. Address Box 428, City. my18-1t*

PALM BEACH SUITS SCOURED AND pressed like new, 50c. The man who makes new clothes out of old. American Practical Hatter, 128 Market St. 'Phone 418-W. my18-1t*

50c. A PALM BEACH SUIT — EXPLAIN yourself, please! Why, he cleans and presses them for fifty cents. Who? Coster, the Cleanser; 122 Market st. 'Phone 148. my7-f,su,tu-10t

A MULTIGRAPH LETTER OR POSTAL looks just like typewriting; cheaper than printing; finest advertising medium procurable. Harriss Typewriting and Adv. Co. mh4,tu,th sa-tf

FOR SALE—ONE GLEN COVE NO. 52½ planer and matcher for working stock up to six inches thick and 10 inches wide. One 7½ H. P. Westinghouse electric motor, 125 volt, D. C. One Curtis & Co., saw mill carriage, Giant D.; One 37½ H. P. gasoline locomotive, 36-inch gauge. One 25 H. P. gasoline tug boat. All of the above in good working order. Has been replaced by larger equipment. East River Lumber Co., Burgaw, N. C. ma 8-su-tu-th-su-4t

ATTENTION DAIRYMEN AND LIVerymen — For sale at Wrightsboro, about five acres of oats. Purchaser to cut and harvest same. Best offer takes the crop. Apply John P. Quelch, Postoffice Box 76, City. my12,tu,su-2t

CHANCE — DO YOU WANT TO BUILD up a good grocery business, by carrying such stock as neighbors require; if so, rent store and dwelling 720 Dock street. Store and eight-room dwelling, $30.00 per month. Apply John R. Hanby, 405 Dock street; 'Phone 976. my16-su,t,f-3t

FOR RENT—8-ROOM COTTAGE, NEWly papered. Electric lights and porcelain bath and lavatory; 19 South Eighth street. Apply John R. Hanby, 406 Dock street; 'Phone 976-J. my16,su,tu,f-3t

$100.00 BUYS $185.00 NEW FOUR-piece ivory enamel bed room suit; solid mahogany chair and rocker, $15.00. Registered French Bull Dog, $20.00. No. 60 Carolina Apartment. my17-3t

WANTED—MEN OUT OF WORK OR without a trade to learn barbering and be independent. Light, clean inside work that pays well. Can learn in a few weeks. Write for catalogue. Moler Barber College, Atlanta, Ga. ma 15-6t*

TYPEWRITERS, RENT, SALE, EXchange. Remington made machines. Remington, Smith Premier, Monarch, Visible, $3.00 per month. Three months, $7.50. Factory rebuilt machines $22.50 to $65, guaranteed. Remington Junior, new, $50. Remington Typewriter Company, 17 Princess street, Wilmington, N. C. my5-82t

NOTICE—IF YOU NEED A REFRIGErator, porch swing or office desk, save the dealer's profit and buy from the manufacturers. The Southern Desk Company, Hickory, N. C., Box 836. ma 9-30t*

FOR RENT — TWO CONNECTING rooms, light, airy and cool, one large, suitable for bedroom, the other suitable for library and sitting room, with front porch. Connected with bath. Convenient and close to business center. All at practically price of bedroom alone. Address "Rare," care Star. my11-tf

WANTED—TO MAKE YOUR RUBBER stamps and do your job printing. Stamps made and delivered same day order is received. Phone 220. Legwin Printing Co. Ap. 27 1-m

IF YOU WANT BLOCK WOOD AT 50C one load, or $1.00 three loads, send your cart to Angola Lumber Co.'s Mill. J. N. Bryant. ap 18-tf

BY ORDER OF THE PUBLISHERS — Beginning with issue dated March 7th, the price of the Hearst's Sunday American will be 5 cents per copy. Gordon Brothers; 'Phone 745. mh4-tf

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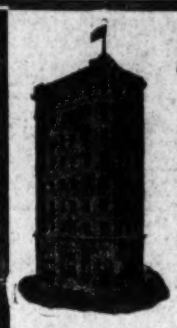

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